

Di	Rainfall zone						
Disease	8-12"	12-18"	8" >18"	Irrig			
Stripe rust							
Eyespot							
Cephalosporium stripe							
Rhizoctonia root rot							
Fusarium crown rot							
Pythium root rot							
Snow molds							
Barley yellow dwarf							
Soilborne wheat mosaic							

Disease	Cultural practices	Variety selection	Chemical control
Stripe rust	+	+	+
Eyespot	+	+	+
Ceph. stripe	+	+	-
Rhizoctonia root rot	+	-	-
Fusarium crown rot	+	-	-
Pythium root rot	+	-	+
Snow molds	+	+	-
Barley yellow dwarf	+	-	+
Soilborne wheat mosaic	-	+	-
Wheat streak mosaic	+	-	-

Disease	Seeding date	Residue mgt	Green bridge	Fertility	Crop rotation	Soi pH
Stripe rust	+	-	+	+	-	-
Eyespot	+	+/-	-	-	-	-
Ceph. stripe	+	+/-	-	-	+	+
Rhizoctonia	+/-	+	+	-	-	-
Fusarium	+	-	-	+	-	-
Pythium	+	+	+	-	-	-
Snow molds	+	-	-	-	-	-
BYD	+	-	+	+	-	-
SBWM	+	-	-	-	-	-
WSMV	+	-	+	-	-	-





# **Factors Affecting Stripe Rust**

#### Favorable temps/moisture for infection

- temps of 50-64°F w/6 hrs of dew
- cool temps best for disease development, but less important than infection

#### Fall infection

- susceptible plants in fall

#### Winter survival

- temperatures during Dec-Feb

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# Stripe Rust Outlook – December 2022

# What we know now:

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- Rust developed later in the season during 2022 = due to very little disease in 2021
- Relatively dry fall normal to late planting/ emergence + Fall weather = below average risk for rust establishment: Still very early
- November & December temperatures will determine rust survival going into 2023
- → Expect Dr. Chen's 1st forecast in January

# **Stripe Rust Control Options**

#### Cultural

Green bridge management Avoid early planting

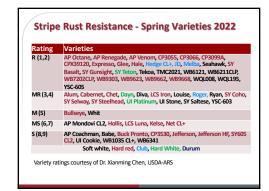
Avoid excessive irrigation (furrow better than sprinkler)

#### Plant disease resistant varieties

- → preferably those with HTAP resistance (1-4)
- Monitor rust forecast, scout fields, spray fungicides when necessary
- → Scout fields for rust, spray susceptible varieties (5-9) or when 1-5% of plants have active rust

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# **Fungicides**

Monitor forecasts and development of rust Spray when necessary:

Spray when susceptible varieties (5-9) have 1 to 5% rust



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			Rate/A				Harvest
Class	Active ingredient	Product	(fl. oz)	Strine rust	Leaf rust	Stem rust	Restriction
Strobilurin	Picoxystrobin 22.5%	Aproach SC	6.0 - 12.0	E	VG	VG	Feekes 10.5
	Pyraclostrobin 23.6%	Headline SC	6.0 - 9.0	E	E	G	Feekes 10.5
	Azaxystrobin 22.9%	Quadris 2.08 SC	4.0 - 12.0	E	E	VG	Feekes 10.5.
Triazole	Metconazole 8.6%	Caramba 0.75 SL	10.0 - 17.0	E	E	E	30 days
	Tebuconazole 38.7%	Folicur 3.6 F	4.0	E	E	E	30 days
	Prothioconazole 41%	Proline 480 SC	5.0 - 5.7	VG	VG	VG	30 days
	Prothioconazole 19% Tebuconazole 19%	Prosaro 421 SC	6.5 - 8.2	E	E	E	30 days
	Propiconazole 41.8%	Tilt 3.6 EC	4.0	VG	VG	VG	Feekes 10.5.
	Metconazole 10.91% Prothioconazole 18.19%	Sphaerex	4.0 - 7.3	E	E	E	30 days
	Tebuconazole 22.6% Trifloxystrobin 22.6%	Absolute Maxx SC	5.0	VG	E	VG	35 days
	Cyproconazole 7.17% Picoxystrobin 17.94%	Aproach Prima SC	3.4 - 6.8	E	VG	-	45 days
	Prothioconazole 16.0% Trifloxystrobin 13.7%	Delaro 325 SC	8.0	VG	VG	VG	Feekes 10.5 35 days
	Pydiflumetofen 13.7% Propiconazole 11.4%	Miravis Ace SE	13.7	VG	VG	VG	Feekes 10.5.
Mixed modes of action Psycadostrobin 18 Psycadostrobin 18 Psucapyroxad 14. Psycadostrobin 28 Psycadostrobin 25 Psychoconazole 1. Trifloxystrobin 32 Benzovinfilipyr Psychoconazole 1. Azosystrobin 10.5 Flutrisfol 18.63%	Fluxapyroxad 2.8% Pyraclostrobin 18.7% Propiconazole 11.7%	Nexicor EC	7.0 - 13.0	E	E	VG	Feekes 10.5
	Fluxapyroxad 14.3% Pyraclostrobin 28.6%	Priaxor	4.0 - 8.0	VG	VG	G	Feekes 10.5
	Propiconazole 11.7% Azoxystrobin 13.5%	Quilt Xcel 2.2 SE	10.5 - 14.0	E	E	VG	Feekes 10.5.
	Prothioconazole 10.8% Trifloxystrobin 32.3%	Stratego YLD	4.0	VG	VG	VG	Feekes 10.5 35 days
	Benzovindflupyr 2.9% Propiconazole 11.9% Azoxystrobin 10.5%	Trivapro SE	9.4 - 13.7	E	E	VG	Feekes 10.5.
	Flutriafol 18.63% Azoxystrobin 25.30%	Topguard EQ	4.0-7.0	E	E	VG	Feekes 10.5. 30 days

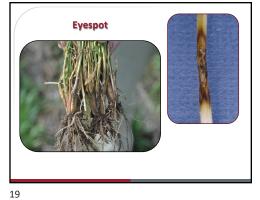
# **Summary: Management Considerations**

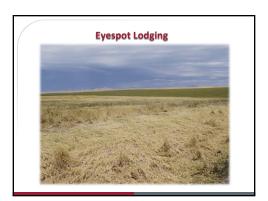
- Plant only varieties with effective resistance, preferably HTAP (ratings 1-4); avoid very susceptible varieties
- Avoid very early planting of winter wheat
   Reduce volunteer wheat and other grasses

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- Avoid excessive irrigation; furrow better than sprinkler
- Monitor forecasts, rust development and reaction type of known varieties
- Spray when necessary; earlier is usually better than

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# **Factors Affecting Eyespot**

Autumn temperatures Rainfall

Snow cover

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#### → December 2022 outlook:

- Similar to stripe rust: normal to late planting/emergence + relatively dry fall conditions + mild winter temperatures = below average risk for susceptible varieties
- Scout fields of susceptible varieties prior to jointing to determine severity

**Control of Eyespot** 

**Cultural practices** 

→ seeding date
Resistant varieties

Foliar fungicides

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# **Eyespot Resistant Winter Varieties**

- • Cara
   • M-press
   • Rosalyn

   • Dyna-Gro Impact
   • Nixon
   • SY Raptor

   • Jasper
   • Norwest Tandem
   • SY Touchstone

   • LCS Blackjack
   • OR2X2
   • VI Bulldog

   • LCS-Drive
   • Otto
   • VI Frost
- LCS-Jet
  Pritchett
  WB 1529
  Madsen
  Resilience CL+
  WB 1604

Soft white, Hard red, Club

When to Spray?

"the 10% rule"

Collect enough plants at spray time to give 50 stems
Wash and separate into healthy and diseased
Consider spraying when 5/50 are diseased

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# **Fungicides Registered for Eyespot**

Tilt + Topsin-M (4 oz + 10 oz) (propiconazole + thiophanate-methyl)

Alto + Topsin-M (3.0-5.5 oz + 10 oz)

(cyproconazole + thiophanate-methyl)

Nexicor (9-13 oz)

(fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin + propiconazole)

Priaxor (3-4 oz)

(fluxapyroxad + pyraclostrobin)

Quilt + Topsin-M (14 oz + 10 oz)

(propiconazole + azoxystrobin + thiophanate-methyl)

Trivapro (13.7 oz)

(propiconazole + azoxystrobin + benzovindiflupyr)



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# **Cephalosporium Stripe**



# **Factors Affecting Cephalosporium Stripe**

**Autumn temperatures** 

Rainfall

Soil freezing

Soil pH

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# **Controlling Cephalosporium Stripe**

#### **Cultural Practices**

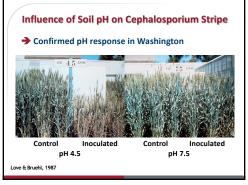
· Seeding date

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- · Crop Rotation
- · Soil pH modification

Resistant/tolerant varieties



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# **Tolerance to Cephalosporium**

- BobtailBruehl
- · LCS Jet

• SY

CL+

Touchstone

• UI Magic CL+

UI Palouse

- Bruehl · Masami · Coda · Mela CL+ · Curiosity CL+ · Norwest I
- Curiosity CL+
   Eltan
   Farnum
   Norwest Duet
   Norwest
   Tandem
- • Farnum
   Tandem
   • WB 528

   Jasper
   • ORCF 103
   • WB 1529

   • Keldin
   • Pritchett
   • WB 1532

   LCS-Artdeco
   • Skiles
   • Whetstone
- · LCS Drive · SY Dayton · Xerpha

Soft white, Hard red, Club





# **WSMV** Yellow, stunted plants in fields Mild green- to yellow-colored mosaic - streaks of different colored tissue running in the same direction as leaf veins Rolling and trapping of leaves Transmitted by the Wheat curl mite



# **SBWM**

Yellow patches in fields

Mild green- to yellow-colored mosaic

- streaks of different colored tissue running in the same direction as leaf veins

Stunted plants

Rosetting

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- stunted with short tillers

Affected plants tend to occur in areas where water runs

Transmitted by soilborne fungus-like organism

→ acts like other soilborne diseases in terms of distribution within fields and spread

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Disease of fall-sown wheat

Transmitted by soilborne fungus-like organism

→ acts like other soilborne diseases in terms of distribution within fields and spread

Infection occurs in the fall and symptoms appear in early spring

- symptoms fade and plants appear to recover as temperature increases in spring

Damage remains and yield is reduced

SBWM – Management

Disease resistance – only practical option

WB1066CL
0 Rating
146 bu/ac

Coda
9 Rating
50 bu/ac

37

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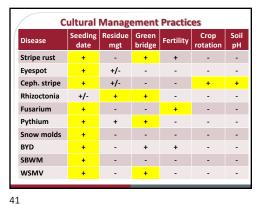
#### **SBWMV Resistant Varieties**

- ARS Pritchett
- Puma
- GenesisLadd
- SY Dayton
   SY Ovation
- LCS Shark
- WB4303
- ORCF-103 ORCF-101
- WB Junction

• Whetstone

Soft white, Hard red, Club

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**Disease Information Resources** Wheat and Small Grains website http://smallgrains.wsu.edu/ Twitter @WSUWheatDoc Stripe rust alerts: updates by Dr. Chen begin in January • http://striperustalert.wsu.edu/ Variety Ratings: Stripe rust, eyespot, Cephalosporium stripe WSCIA seed guides Variety Selection Tool

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**Diagnosis of Problems** Department of Plant Pathology **Plant Pest Diagnostic Clinic** 

Questions?