

Construction Cost: Demo Cost:

Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Anticipated Start/ End Date:

Phase 1: Phase 2: Phase 3: Phase 4: Phase 5:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 178,543,795 \$ 1,805,205 \$ 49,493,803 \$ 72,454,756

\$ 302,297,559

5

2022/ 2022(South Campus Demo) 2022/ 2024(New Courthouse) 2023/ 2024(North Campus Demo) 2024/ 2025(Site Development) 2025/ 2027(New Administration)

2022/ 2027 (5 Years)

335,000 SF

967 Stalls 233 Stalls 1,200 Stalls Budget Driven

\$ 133,458,500 \$ 1,399,000 \$ 29,714,850 \$ 53,576,650

\$ 218,149,000

5

2021/2021 (South Campus Demo) 2021/2023 (New Courthouse) 2021/2021 (North Campus Demo) 2021/2023 (Site Development) 2023/2025 (New Administration)

2021/2025 (4 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

667 Stalls 233 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Familiarity of existing site
- Small site acquisitions costs
- Good early phase construction of courtrooms (clears out Bldg. 2 & 3)
- Beautiful views from building for public and staff

Actions to ensure results:

• All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- One parcel of land needs to be acquired
- Long phasing duration means high costs in escalation
- Courthouse would be somewhat disconnected from Administration Building
- Transit Score (40) & Walk Score (21)
- Limited off-site economic impact

- Early agreement for property acquisition (Western Bldg. Materials)
- Fewer phases
- Start construction sooner
- Improve pedestrian circulation between buildings
- Transit & Walk Scores could improve, but only marginally









Construction Cost: Demo Cost:

Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Anticipated Start/ End Date:

Phase 1: Phase 2: Phase 3: Phase 4:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 168,308,750 \$ 1,500,000 \$ 39,620,550 \$ 66,715,961

\$ 276,145,261

4

2022/ 2022(Building 3 Demo) 2022/ 2024(New Courthouse)

2024/ 2026(Building 2 Demo, New Admin) 2026/ 2027(Building 1 Demo, New Site)

2022/ 2027 (5 Years)

335,000 SF

981 Stalls 219 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 132,146,000

\$ 1,500,000

\$ 26,704,530 \$ 53,795,975

\$ 214,146,505

1

2021 / 2021 (Building 3 Demo) 2021 / 2023 (New Courthouse)

2023/ 2025(Building 2 Demo, New Admin) 2025/ 2026(Building 1 Demo, New Site)

2021/2025 (5 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

681 Stalls 219 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Familiarity of existing site
- No site acquisition required
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Beautiful views from building for public and staff
- Proximity of structured parking adjacent to Courthouse
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Long phasing duration means high costs in escalation
- Building 3 occupants would be required to find temporary location during 2-year courthouse construction period
- The entire site would be a construction zone for 2-5 years
- Construction staging area will be difficult on such a tight site which will increase construction costs
- Larger buildings adjacent to steep slopes may require slope stabilization
- Future expansion would be limited due to proximity to edge of slope on three sides
- Transit Score (40) & Walk Score (21)
- Limited off-site economic impact

- Shorten schedule to fewer phases
- Start Construction Sooner
- Transit & Walk Scores could improve, but only marginally
- If short term (2 year) accommodations could be found for both Building 2 and 3 occupants, entire scheme could be one phase









Construction Cost:
Demo Cost:
Total Phasing Cost:

Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Anticipated Start/ End Date:

Phase 1: Phase 2: Phase 3:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 183,411,875 \$ 1,487,500 \$ 35,334,363 \$ 68,760,230

\$ 288,993,968

3

2022/ 2022(Building 3 Demo) 2022/ 2024(New Construction: All) 2024/ 2026(Building1,2 Demo, New Site)

2022/ 2026 (4 Years)

335,000 SF

1,092 Stalls 108 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 147,119,000 \$ 1,487,500

\$ 29,397,420

\$ 56,166,452

\$ 234,170,372

3

2021/2021 (Building 3 Demo) 2021/2023 (New Construction: All) 2023/2025 (Building 1,2 Demo, New Site)

2021/2025 (4 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

792 Stalls 108 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Familiarity of existing site
- No site acquisition required
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Beautiful views from building for public and staff
- Proximity of structured parking adjacent to Courthouse
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)
- Construction of courthouse and administration buildings occur in one early phase

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Long phasing duration means high costs in escalation
- Building 3 occupants would be required to find temporary location to allow for first phase of structured parking construction
- The entire site would be a construction zone for 2-4 years
- Access to Buildings 1 & 2 will be difficult during the 2-4 year construction period
- Construction staging area will be difficult on such a tight site which will increase construction costs
- Larger buildings adjacent to steep slopes may require slope stabilization
- Future expansion would be limited due to proximity to edge of slope on three sides
- Transit Score (40) & Walk Score (21)
- Limited off-site economic impact

- Shorten schedule to fewer phases
- Start Construction Sooner
- Transit & Walk Scores could improve, but only marginally
- If short term (2 year) accommodations could be found for both Building 2 and 3 occupants, entire scheme could be one phase









Construction Cost: Demo Cost:

Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Anticipated Start/ End Date:

Phase 1: Phase 2: Phase 3: Phase 4:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls:

Program Driven

\$ 183,920,000 1,761,250

45,034,875 72,884,658

\$ 303,600,783

4

2022/ 2022(Building 3 Demo) 2022/ 2024(New Courthouse)

2024/2026(Replace Building 1, 2, New Site)

2022/ 2027 (5 Years)

335,000 SF

729 Stalls 471 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 131,497,500

1,487,500

\$ 29,377,800 \$ 52,206,034

\$ 214,568,834

2021 / 2021 (Building 3 Demo) 2021/2023 (New Courthouse)

2023/2025(Replace Building 1,2, New Site) 2025/2027 (South Campus Demo, Site Dev) 2024/2025 (South Campus Demo, Site Dev)

2021/2025 (4 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

429 Stalls 471 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Familiarity of existing site
- No site acquisition required
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Beautiful views from building for public and staff
- Proximity of structured parking adjacent to Courthouse
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)
- Construction of courthouse and administration buildings occur in one early phase

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Long phasing duration means high costs in escalation
- Building 1 occupants would be required to find temporary location to allow for first phase of New Administration Building
- The entire site would be a construction zone for 4-5 years
- Access to Buildings 1 & 2 will be difficult during the 2-4 year construction period
- Construction staging area will be difficult on such a tight site which will increase construction costs
- Construction so close to on-going court operations could prove to be problematic
- Larger buildings adjacent to steep slopes may require slope stabilization
- Future expansion would be limited due to proximity to edge of slope on three sides
- Transit Score (40) & Walk Score (21)
- Limited off-site economic impact

- Shorten schedule to fewer phases
- Start Construction Sooner
- Transit & Walk Scores could improve, but only marginally









Construction Cost: Demo Cost:

Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Anticipated Start/ End Date:

Phase 1:

Phase 2:

Phase 3:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 185,635,625

\$ 1,537,500

\$ 48,268,756

\$ 72,128,714

\$ 307,570,595

3

2022/ 2023 (Building 3 Demo, Site, New Parking Structure)

2023/ 2025 (Building 1 Demo, New Construction)

2025/ 2027 (Building 2 Demo, Site, New Parking Structure)

2022/ 2028 (5 Years)

335,000 SF

888 Stalls 312 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 143,558,500

\$ 1,537,500

\$ 31,557,780

\$ 55,096,680

\$ 231,750,460

3

2021/2022(Building 3 Demo, Site, New Parking Structure)

2022/ 2024(Building 1 Demo, New Construction)

2024/2025(Building 2 Demo, Site, New Parking Structure)

2021/2025 (4 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

588 Stalls 312 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Familiarity of existing site
- No site acquisition required
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Beautiful views from building for public and staff
- Proximity of structured parking adjacent to Courthouse and Administration Building
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)
- Construction of courthouse and administration buildings occur in one early phase

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Long phasing duration means high costs in escalation
- Building 1 and 3 occupants would be required to find temporary location to allow for first phase of New Courthouse Building and Structured Parking
- The entire site would be a construction zone for 4-5 years
- Access to Buildings 2 will be difficult during the 2-3 year construction period
- Construction staging area will be difficult on such a tight site which will increase construction costs
- Larger buildings adjacent to steep slopes may require slope stabilization
- Future expansion would be limited due to proximity to edge of slope on three sides
- Transit Score (40) & Walk Score (21)
- Limited off-site economic impact

- Shorten schedule to fewer phases
- Start Construction Sooner
- Transit & Walk Scores could improve, but only marginally
- Move buildings back as much as possible from edge of slopes.









Construction Cost: Demo Cost: Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Overall Project Time Line:

County Courts Square Footage: Municipal Court Square Footage: Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 203,239,375 \$ 375,000 \$ 37,526,944 \$ 74,568,336

\$ 315,709,655

2022/ 2024 (2 Years)

335,000 SF 46,000 SF 381,100 SF

1,086 Stalls 114 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 157,901,875 \$ 375,500

\$ 21,905,725 \$ 56,934,603

\$ 237,117,203

1

2021/2023 (2 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF (-10%) 41,400 SF (-10%) 342,990 SF

786 Stalls 114 Stalls 900 Stalls







- Single Phase of Construction
- Transit Score (56) & Walk Score (85) are the best of all three site options
- Off-site economic impact may be modest to high
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration Buildings
- Proximity of structured parking to Courthouse and Administration Buildings
- Single Point of security for entire complex (Shared Lobby)
- When considering Growth Management and Sustainable Urban Design principles, this is the most desirable site
- Nearly all intersections around this site are already signalized
- Proximity to State and City Government facilities
- Opportunity for strong civic presence is the greatest at this site (Historical Tie)

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Creighton Justice Center will have to be relocated for 2 years
- Limited site size will require the Courthouse building Height (116') be above the current allowable height for DB zone (75')
- Limited Site Size will require that structured parking be utilized for most of the parking
- There are small wetlands on this site that would require off-site mitigation in order to maximize building site area
- Site would need to be purchased from the City of Olympia (\$4.2m)
- City of Olympia would need to pay for the cost of their new municipal spaces (\$22-\$32m)
- Poor Soils (for foundation bearing) would require pilings below all buildings
- Close coordination with East Side Neighborhood Association would be needed
- Construction over Yashiro Gardens would likely be viewed as a negative
- To aid in future expansion, an extra courthouse floor is being constructed and will be used as office space unitle
 needed for courts in the future

Actions to overcome issues:

- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: property purchase & cost of new municipal space
- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: height of building
- There are already tall buildings (50'-70') in the neighborhood
- Early agreement for the off-site mitigation of small wetland on site
- Early environmental and soil investigation ensures full scope is understood
- Consider an alternative design that does not displace Yashiro Gardens
- Coordinate early and often with East Side Neighborhood Association and limit site access/ egress to the East



Plum St. Option 1
Thurston County Courthouse + Civic Center





Construction Cost: Demo Cost: Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Overall Project Time Line:

County Courts Square Footage: Municipal Courts Square Footage: Total Square Footage:

Structure Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls: Program Driven

\$ 201,714,375 \$ 375,000 \$ 37,267,694 \$ 74,098,632

\$ 313,455,701

2022/ 2024 (2 Years)

335,000 SF 46,000 SF 381,100 SF

1,082 Stalls 118 Stalls 1,200 Stalls **Budget Driven**

\$ 157,671,875 \$ 375,000

\$ 21,878,125

\$ 56,868,078 \$ 236,793,078

1

2021/2023 (2 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF (-10%) 41,400 SF (-10%) 342,990 SF

782 Stalls 118 Stalls 900 Stalls







- Single Phase of Construction
- Transit Score (56) & Walk Score (85) are the best of all three site options
- Off-site economic impact may be modest to high
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration Buildings
- Proximity of structured parking to Courthouse and Administration Buildings
- Single Point of security for entire complex (Shared Lobby)
- When considering Growth Management and Sustainable Urban Design principles, this is the most desirable site
- Nearly all intersections around this site are already signalized
- Proximity to State and City Government facilities
- Opportunity for strong civic presence is the greatest at this site (historical tie)
- Yashiro Gardens is preserved and potentially expanded
- Large landscape buffers are utilized for screening parking structure from the East

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Creighton Justice Center will have to be relocated for 2 years
- Limited site size will require the Courthouse building Height (116') be above the current allowable height for DB zone (75')
- Limited Site Size will require that structured parking be utilized for most of the parking
- There are small wetlands on this site that would require off-site mitigation in order to maximize building site area
- Site would need to be purchased from the City of Olympia (\$4.2m)
- City of Olympia would need to pay for the cost of their new municipal spaces (\$22-\$32m)
- Poor Soils (for foundation bearing) would require pilings below all buildings
- Close coordination with East Side Neighborhood Association would be needed
- To aid in future expansion, an extra courthouse floor is being constructed and will be used as office space until
 needed for courts in the future

Actions to overcome issues:

- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: property purchase & cost of new municipal space
- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: height of building
- There are already tall buildings (50'-70') in the neighborhood
- Early agreement for the off-site mitigation of small wetlands on site
- Early environmental and soil investigation ensures full scope is understood
- Coordinate early and often with East Side Neighborhood Association and limit site access/ egress to the East
- Explore design further to reduce height of courthouse



Plum St. Option 2
Thurston County Courthouse + Civic Center





Construction Cost: Demo Cost: Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost:

Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structured Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls:

Program Driven

\$ 168,275,000

\$ 28,606,750

63,404,621

\$ 260,286,371

2022/ 2024 (2 Years)

335,000 SF

0 Stalls 1,200 Stalls

1,200 Stalls

Budget Driven

\$ 133,280,625

\$ 15,993,675

\$ 49,525,588

\$ 198,799,888

1

2021/2023 (2 Years)

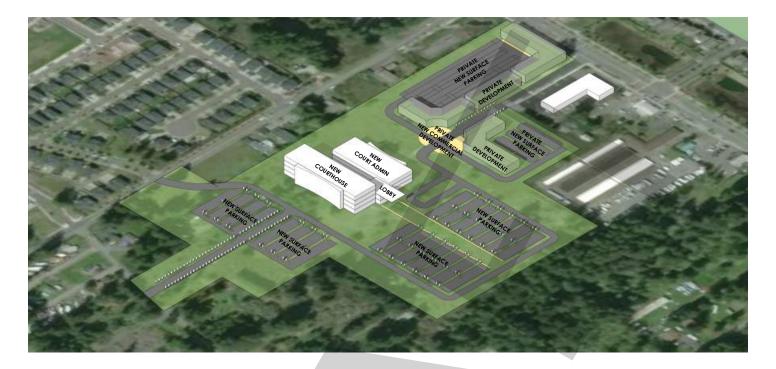
(-10%) 301,500 SF

0 Stalls 900 Stalls 900 Stalls









- Single Phase of Construction
- Enough site area to allow for surface parking if budget demands
- Enough site area to allow for larger building footprints and lower building heights
- Off site economic impact could be good (parcels directly adjacent)
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)
- Likely good soils for foundation bearing
- Enough site area to allow for future expansion beyond the 30-year design window
- No need to purchase entire 27 acres; leave some for commercial development
- Site lis already zoned HDC-4 for higher density development such as this

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Transit Score (34) & Walk Score (50) are low
- With a surface parking solution, the distance from parking space to building could be significant (600'+) (2 1/2 city blocks)
- On site storm water retention (using ponds and/or below grade vaults) would be required
- Site would need to be purchased from current owner (\$5m)
- Height of building (64'-70') will slightly exceed the allowable building height in the HDC-4 zone (60')
- Close coordination with the surrounding neighborhood would be needed due to traffic concerns
- Uncertainty about the timing of construction for the planned Kaiser road-Hwy 101 on/off ramp
- Civic presence is the lowest on this site (of the three potential sites)

- Early agreements with property seller re: purchase price
- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: Height of Building
- Transit Score and Walk Score could improve with a new Courthouse facility
- Early environmental and soil investigation ensures full scope is understood
- Consider some structured parking, if budget will allow, to reduce surface parking footprint
- Early discussions with State representatives to explore options to tie Kaiser Road off ramp construction timing to that of the Courthouse









Construction Cost: Demo Cost: Total Phasing Cost: Soft Cost/ Other Cost: Total Cost:

Number of Phases:

Overall Project Time Line:

Total Square Footage:

Structured Parking # of Stalls: Surface Parking # of Stalls: Total Site Parking Stalls:

Program Driven

\$ 178,566,250 \$

30,356,263 66,674,351

\$ 275,596,864

2022/ 2024 (2 Years)

335,000 SF

734 Stalls 466 Stalls 1,200 Stalls Budget Driven

\$ 140,340,000

\$ 16,840,800

\$ 51,356,242 \$ 208,537,042

1

2021/2023 (2 Years)

(-10%) 301,500 SF

434 Stalls 466 Stalls

900 Stalls







- Single Phase of Construction
- Enough site area to allow for surface parking if budget demands
- Enough site area to allow for larger building footprints and lower building heights
- A combination of structured and surface parking provides closer walking distance from parking spaces
- Off-site economic impact could be good (parcels directly adjacent)
- Proximity of Courthouse and Administration buildings
- Single point of security for entire complex (shared lobby)
- Likely good soils for foundation bearing
- Enough site area to allow for future expansion beyond the 30-year design window
- No need to purchase entire 27 acres; leave some for commercial development
- Opportunity for great civic space (town square) between public and private development
- Site is already zoned (HDC-4) for a higher density development such as this

Actions to ensure results:

All above are readily attainable

Constraints / Challenges:

- Transit Score (34) & Walk Score (50) are low
- On site storm water retention (using ponds and/or below grade vaults) would be required
- Site would need to be purchased from current owner (\$5m)
- Height of building (64'-70') will slightly exceed the allowable building height in the HDC-4 zone (60')
- Close coordination with the surrounding neighborhood would be needed due to traffic concerns
- Uncertainty about the timing of construction for the planned Kaiser road-Hwy 101 on/off ramp
- Civic presence is the lowest on this site (of the three potential sites)

Actions to overcome issues:

- Early agreements with property seller re: purchase price
- Early agreements with City of Olympia re: Height of Building
- Transit Score and Walk Score could improve with a new Courthouse facility
- Early environmental and soil investigation ensures full scope is understood
- With further study, perhaps the amount of costly underground storm water vaults could be minimized
- Consider some structured parking, if budget will allow, to reduce surface parking footprint
- Early discussions with State representatives to explore options to tie Kaiser Road off ramp construction timing to that of the Courthouse



Harrison Ave. Option 2
Thurston County Courthouse + Civic Center

