## THURSTON COUNTY W A S H I N G T O N

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



#### THURSTON COUNTY WASHINGTON

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### **Contributors**

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Jeff Gadman – Thurston County Treasurer Ann Lundeen – Chief Accountant

Additional assistance provided by all County fiscal personnel.

## THURSTON COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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Mary Hall Auditor

June 30, 2018

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Thurston County:

As required by state law (Chapter 36.22 of the Revised Code of Washington), we submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Thurston County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and independent auditors from the Office of the Washington State Auditor have audited the statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. The responsibility for providing accurate and complete data for the CAFR rests with the management of Thurston County. Thurston County has established internal controls to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations. Internal controls are designed to protect assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal controls provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The Office of the Washington State Auditor conducts an audit of Thurston County's financial statements every year, as required by state law. The independent audit provides reasonable assurance the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year end are free from material misstatement. The audit examines evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and assessing the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concludes a reasonable basis exists for providing an unqualified opinion that Thurston County's financial statements for fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, conform to GAAP. Readers of the report can find the independent auditor's opinion in the first part of the CAFR's financial section.

Federal law also requires the County undergo an annual single audit (Single Audit Act of 1984 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget). The Office of the Washington State Auditor will issue a Single Audit Report with information about this audit, including:

- The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state/local financial assistance;
- Findings and recommendations; and
- Reports on the internal controls and compliance.

For new grants awarded on or after December 26, 2014, the County has new reporting requirements (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, part 200 of the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations).

GAAP requires certain information come with the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal complements and should be read with the MD&A which immediately follows the independent auditor's report in this report.

#### **Profile of Thurston County**

Thurston County, Washington is located at the southern end of Puget Sound in the beautiful Pacific Northwest. Majestic Mount Rainier and the rugged Cascade Mountains are nearby to the east, while Washington's Pacific Ocean coast lies just an hour's drive to the west. Thurston County is 60 miles south of Seattle, Washington and 100 miles north of Portland, Oregon. Of the 276,900 residents in Thurston County, approximately 137,130 reside in incorporated cities and 139,870 live in unincorporated areas of the County. Thurston County ranks sixth in population among Washington's 39 counties and stands out as one of the fastest growing counties in the Pacific Northwest.

Thurston County is a statute county, meaning state statute prescribes the organization of the county. The three member Board of County Commissioners (BoCC) acts as the county's legislative body. Other elected officials include the County Assessor, Auditor, Clerk, Coroner, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff and Treasurer. The County also has eight elected Superior Court Judges and three elected District Court Judges.

These officials govern the county and create policies based on the community's needs. The Board of County Commissioners appoints a County Manager who acts as the Chief Administrative Officer of the County and oversees non-elected offices and departments. The County provides a range of services, including public safety, public works, planning and economic development, public health and social services, county parks and fairgrounds, and general administrative services.

The County's budget guides its financial planning. State law (RCW 36.40) establishes the general requirements of Thurston County's budget process. Office and department heads can move funds within their office or department, but only the County Manager can approve moving funds between offices and departments. All elected officials and department managers have access to detailed online reports to compare current budgets to actual revenue and spending. Review of each office and department's budget status occurs every month. Offices and departments that want changes to their budgets must submit requests to the County Auditor's Office quarterly and then to the County Manager and BoCC. Only the BoCC can approve budget increases.

The BoCC creates a two-year budget plan in September of even numbered years. They must approve a final budget no later than the close of the fiscal year. After approving the budget, the Auditor's Office monitors the budget at the office or department level for the County's General Fund and at the fund-level for all other funds with a required appropriated budget. Approval for the acquisition, construction, or major renovation of capital items occurs in accordance with a long-term capital plan.

#### **Local Economy**

Because of Thurston County's location as the mid-point between Portland and Seattle along the I-5 corridor, the County has solid infrastructure with access to the entire state and West Coast. This infrastructure includes vibrant communities, new industrial and commercial business areas, beautiful parks and open spaces, and strong centers of business activity.

Thurston County offers employers a strong workforce. As of 2017, most Thurston County residents age 25 and older (93.6 percent) graduated high school, which compares favorably with 90.6 percent of Washington's residents and 87.0 percent of U.S. residents. Over the same time period, those with a bachelor's degree or higher made up 33.3 percent of Thurston County residents age 25 and older compared to 33.6 percent of state residents and 30.3 percent of U.S. residents.

Thurston County has seen a big shift in its economy in recent years. While government accounts for over 29 percent of its workforce, other leading industries include retail trade (11 percent), health care and social assistance (11 percent), and accommodation and food services (7 percent). In 2016, Thurston County experienced a 3.4 percent growth in employment over 2015. Thurston County has seen a steady increase in the workforce for five consecutive years with additional growth projected.

Between 2008 and 2017, Thurston County's population increased by 12.8 percent. Much of the growth comes from the Seattle–Tacoma metropolitan area. The County attracts new residents because of good schools and lower housing costs than nearby King and Pierce Counties.

The 2017 average annual unemployment rate in Thurston County declined to 5.0 percent, down from 5.8 percent in 2016 and 6.0 percent in 2015. The 2017 statewide unemployment rate was 4.8 percent. The most recent job forecast for Thurston County expects the County to add approximately 10,000 new jobs by 2020. The same forecast expects 21,000 new jobs by 2025.

The median household income in Thurston County in 2016 was \$65,783 compared to \$67,106 in the state and \$57,617 for the nation. The County ranked 13<sup>th</sup> for per capita income in Washington State at \$45,932 in 2016. Both the state and nation had a higher per capita income at \$53,493 and \$49,571, respectively. The percent of the County's population below the official poverty rate in 2016 was 10.5 percent, compared to the state's rate of 11.3 percent and the nation at 14 percent.

Since the fallout of the Great Recession of 2008/09, the housing market, based on issuance of building permits, has remained relatively flat. However, the number of building permits issued in 2017 was 2,880, or 23% greater than just one year earlier.

During 2016 the Total Taxable Sales across all industries was \$4.9 billion. This represents a sizable increase of 8.8% over 2015. The Retail Trade Industry represents \$2.4 billion or 49% of total Taxable Sales in the County.

The average home price in 2016 was \$283,272. This was an increase of 8.8 percent compared to 2015 and was the fourth consecutive year home prices have increased. Previously, it had not increased since 2007, the peak of the housing market. The pace of home sales in 2016 increased over the prior year, with the average home on the market for 47 days versus 64 in 2015. This represents the fourth straight year of a decrease in this statistic.

During 2016, the number of homes sold in Thurston County increased for the fifth straight year, up to 4,971. This represents an increase of nearly 19.4 percent over 2015. It also represents a historic high for the number of homes sold in a single year for Thurston County. The housing affordability index, a measure of the financial ability of families to buy a house, was at 154.9 for 2017 compared to 172.0 for 2016. An index of 100 indicates a balance between a family's ability to pay and cost. Higher indexes indicate more affordable housing, lower indexes mean less affordable housing. Thurston County's housing affordability index number has fluctuated quite a bit in the past several years with a low of 104.8 in 2007 and a high of 198.2 in 2013.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The County has the following planned capital investments over the next six years:

- \$4.3 million for regional parks, trails, and open spaces. Real Estate Excise Tax collections, impact fees, grants and bond revenue will pay for these projects.
- \$13.4 million for Solid Waste projects, including an expansion of the existing Solid Waste transfer station, automotive storage area, access road improvements, and post-closure improvements. Tipping fees and the post closure reserve fund will primarily pay for these investments.
- \$12.3 million for storm-water projects to address emerging environmental and regulatory issues, including flooding, water quality, and damage to habitat. Rates, grants, loans, private donations and existing Net Position will pay for these projects.
- \$10 million for Water and Sewer improvements. Real Estate Excise Tax collections, Utility revenues, grants and loans will pay for these projects.

- A part of the Capital Facilities Plan, the six-year Transportation Plan includes \$32.7 million for roads, bridges, sidewalks, bike lanes, and other roadway features. Real Estate Excise Tax collections, grants, Motor Vehicle Excise Tax (gas tax), and mitigation/impact and other local fees will pay for these projects.
- \$252.6 million for various county buildings and infrastructure projects, including \$200 million for a
  new county courthouse and \$12.7 million for expansion of the Thurston County Corrections
  Facility. Bond proceeds may fund \$239.8 million. Rates charged to other county departments
  will pay for \$11.6 million, and taxes, grants, and other fees will pay for the remainder.
- \$7.5 million on the acquisition of property to protect and preserve rural lands, regional parks, other important cultural areas, and quality habitat. Conservation Futures revenues will pay for these projects.

County policy requires the County's General Fund Ending Unassigned Fund Balance to be equal to at least one month's budgeted expenditures at the end of the fiscal year. In 2017, that amount was \$8.8 million. At the end of 2017, the County had \$11.8 million in its General Fund ending fund balance compared to \$15.4 million at the end of 2016 (*Note, the numbers above represent just the County's General Fund and not those funds required to be rolled into the General Fund for reporting purposes per GASB 54*).

#### **Major Initiatives**

- Thurston County has recently submitted a Request for Proposal to replace multiple independent IT systems. The County's goal is to find an enterprise resource planning system that allows the County to combine financial and human capital business information from multiple offices and departments into a single system. The County currently has two separate systems for financial and human capital business information. By moving in this direction, the County will see very positive improvements when tracking financials, human resources, data analytics, asset management, project management, and customer relationship management. The County is projecting to spend approximately \$2.9 million over the period of the next five years.
- The County also began efforts to identify funding and building options for a new county courthouse. The current courthouse facility was built in the 1970's and has very little space to meet expected growth. Initial estimates for a new facility have the cost as high as \$200 million. Right now the Capital Facilities Plan lists the sale of bonds as the main funding source. In addition, initial discussions have taken place on a Property Tax Levy Lid Lift as another funding option. Earlier last year, the state legislature passed a bill allowing the County to increase the maximum lid lift from 9 years to 25 years in which the County may raise its property tax growth limit to repay bond debt.

- The Thurston County Corrections Facility (TCCF) was planned and designed to be built in phases as detention needs changed over time. Concurrent with ongoing efforts to reduce jail population growth rates, the County is proceeding with the next planned phase of expansion of the facility. In 2016, the Board authorized a \$13 million project to expand detention space by about 100 beds and improve storm-water management. This will be paid from bonds financed under REET 1 (Real Estate Excise Tax). In 2018, it was brought to the Board's attention that additional financing capacity exists in REET 1. After some deliberations, the Board agreed to expand the scope to enable the County to add at least one courtroom at the TCCF, increasing the overall maximum budget to \$16 million. This will greatly improve operational efficiency for both the Courts and Corrections.
- Thurston County is also exploring the creation of a centralized procurement office to make county
  purchasing activities more efficient and cost effective, to better leverage County spending in the
  marketplace and achieve greater consistency and compliance with procurement laws and
  standards. A centralized procurement office will require short-term investment, with longer-term
  savings.
- The County Auditor is in the process of establishing new passport services that will be offered to the public. The demand for passports has increased nearly 50% over the last 5 years. Thurston County anticipates this new service may generate approximately \$150,000-\$250,000 of revenue to the General Fund.
- Thurston County needs to establish a policy to guide development of a fiscal stabilization fund to guard against future economic downturns.
- Information technology enables the County to function and operate effectively. Investments in IT
  can result in longer-term gains in effectiveness and efficiency. As a result, Thurston County is
  exploring creating an independent IT department that will no longer fall within its Central Services
  department.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The County has comprehensive financial policies and procedures, and revises them as needed. The Financial Management Committee, made up of the Auditor, Treasurer, and County Manager, reviews these policies, which provide guidance for strong management of the County's resources and finances. The County applies these policies consistently.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Thurston County for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. Thurston County has received this prestigious award for eleven consecutive years. In order to receive a Certificate of Achievement, the county must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and related legal requirements.

#### Thurston County, Washington 2017

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

Thank you to those who have devoted their time to preparing this report, especially the Financial Services staff in the Thurston County Auditor's office and the Thurston County Treasurer's office. I also recognize the great efforts of the State Auditor's Office in their audit, and the help and advice they provide us.

Finally, thanks to the BoCC for their continued support and their tireless efforts in support of the community.

Respectfully Submitted,

**Mary Hall** 

**Thurston County Auditor** 



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Thurston County Washington

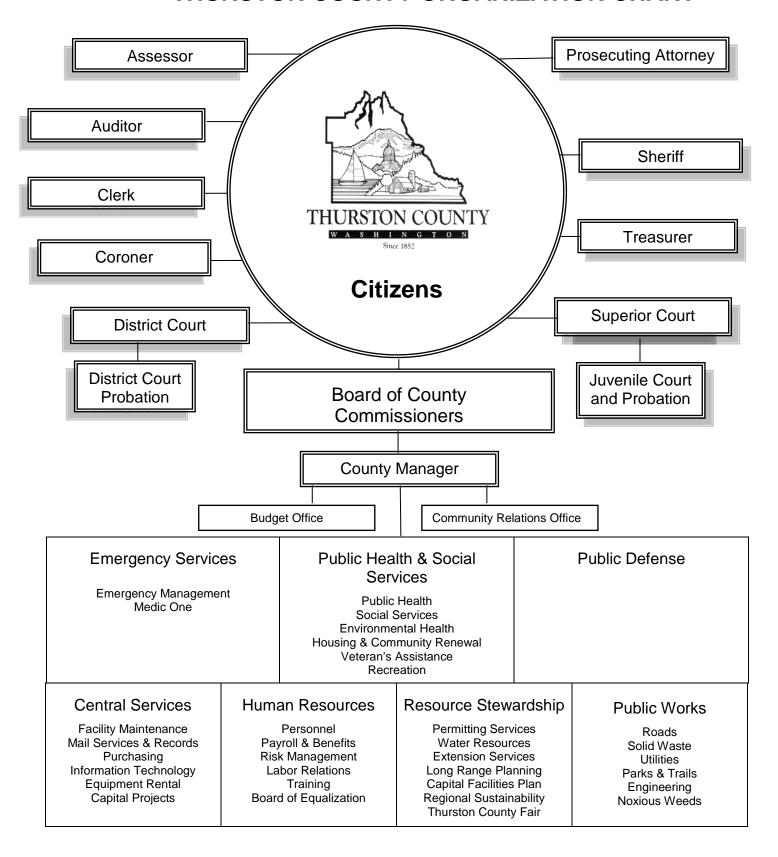
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2016** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### THURSTON COUNTY ORGANIZATION CHART



#### **Elected Officials**

December 31, 2017

Thurston County Board of Commissioners

Honorable John Hutchings, **District One** Honorable Gary Edwards, **District Two** Honorable Bud Blake, **District Three** 

Honorable Steven J Drew, Assessor

Honorable Mary Hall, Auditor

Honorable Linda Myhre Enlow, Clerk

Honorable Gary Warnock, Coroner

Honorable Jon Tunheim, Prosecuting Attorney

Honorable John Snaza, Sheriff

Honorable Jeff Gadman, Treasurer

#### **District Court Judges**

Honorable M. Brett Buckley Honorable Samuel Meyer Honorable Kalo Wilcox

#### **Superior Court Judges**

Honorable Anne Hirsch Honorable Carol Murphy Honorable James J Dixon Honorable Christine Schaller Honorable Erik D. Price Honorable Mary Sue Wilson Honorable John Skinder Honorable Chris Lanese



#### Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 25, 2018

Board of Commissioners Thurston County Olympia, Washington

#### REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Thurston County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Thurston County, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Medic One, Public Health & Social Services and Roads & Transportation funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the sole purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as a whole. The Introductory and Statistical Sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated June 25, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the County's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

Tat Muchy

State Auditor

Olympia, WA

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#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Thurston County's discussion and analysis provides a narrative overview and analysis of the county's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in the letter of transmittal, which can be found preceding this narrative, and with the county's financial statements and notes to the financial statements, which follow this discussion.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total Fund Balance for the General Fund was down to \$11.9 million at December 31, 2017 compared to \$17.3 million at the end of 2016. Total ending Fund Balance represents 12.3% of 2017 General Fund total expenditures compared to 19.4% in 2016. Two reasons for this decrease are one-time adjustments including a prior period adjustment to fix an accounting error and a write off of bad debt expense. Additionally, the General Fund contributed more interfund charges because of a strategic building up of reserves and there were staffing and benefit rate increases all negatively affecting Fund Balance. Details of these factors are discussed later in this report.
- 2017 was the third year of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, implementation. Compared to prior year, the Net Pension Liability decreased by \$11.2 million and \$1.4 million in the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities respectively. This decrease was due to an increase at the statewide level of required employer and employee rates. Deferred Outflows of Resources also decreased significantly due to current year Pension calculations. Deferred Inflows of Resources, however, increased notably due to GASB 68 Pension calculations.
- Treatment Sales Tax no longer a major fund in Governmental Funds whereas Land Use and Permitting is now a major fund in Business-Type funds.
- The county's 2017 Public Health fund balances no longer included the Thurston Mason Behavioral Health Organization (TMBHO) as it did in 2016 and earlier. Because 2016 still included these balances for the first three months, there were some large discrepancies noted later in this report. Overall, the fund balance in this fund increased by over 23% from prior year.
- For 2017, total Net Position of the county (governmental and business-type, combined) stayed very constant compared to 2016. The 2017 balances are comprised of the following:
  - 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets, of \$431.8 million. This includes property, infrastructure, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and is reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of the county's capital assets.
  - 2. Restricted net position of \$60.3 million represents the portion restricted by constraints imposed from outside the county such as debt covenants, grants, and laws.
  - Unrestricted net position of \$46.6 million represents the portion not restricted by outside constraints.
- Remaining capacity for non-voted and voted debt was \$420.4 million and \$742.6 million respectively.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Thurston County's basic financial statements. Thurston County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Thurston County's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business. Thurston County reports two Government-wide financial statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of Thurston County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the county is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues related to uncollected taxes and expenses related to earned but unused vacation leave and sick leave. This statement separates program income (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants, and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program). By separating program revenue from general revenue, users can identify the extent to which each program relies on taxes for funding.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Thurston County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities including but not limited to: services provided to the public such as law enforcement and public safety; road construction and maintenance; recreation and open space preservation; public health and social services; and general administration. Business-type activities of Thurston County include solid waste, land use and permitting, and sewer and water management.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Thurston County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the county can be divided into one of three categories: governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary.

**Governmental funds** are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements in comparison to available near-term resources.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This gives readers a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances present separate columns for financial data for the following funds: General, Roads, Medic One, Real Estate Excise Tax, Public Health and Social Services, and Other Governmental, which are considered major funds for financial reporting purposes. The Other Governmental Fund aggregates data from all of the remaining non-major governmental funds into a single, combined presentation. The governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements, outside of the basic financial statements, following the notes to the financial statements. For 2017, the Treatment Sales Tax Fund was a removed as a major fund compared to 2016.

The County maintains budgetary controls with an annual appropriated budget to ensure compliance with legal provisions. The County moved to a biannual budget beginning in 2017. Budgets for governmental funds are established in accordance with state law, and are adopted on a fund level, except for the General Fund, which is adopted on a department level. A budgetary comparison of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances is provided for the General Fund, and special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds with statutorily mandated budgets. Major fund budgetary variance statements are included with the basic financial statements, while non-major fund budget variance schedules follow the combining fund statements. Budgetary variances for the General Fund are discussed in more detail in a subsequent section.

**Proprietary funds** are used to account for a government's business type activities, where all or part of the costs of activities are supported by fees and charges that are paid directly by those who benefit from the activities. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail, since both apply the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary fund statements follow the governmental fund statements in this report. The County maintains two types of proprietary funds:

**Enterprise funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Enterprise funds account for the County's solid waste, land use and permitting, utilities planning and development, septic assistance community loan, storm water, and waste water programs. The Solid Waste, Grand Mound, Land Use and Permitting, and Storm Water funds are considered major funds for financial reporting purposes. The County reports four non-major enterprise funds. Land Use and Permitting was newly added as a major fund in 2017.

**Internal service** funds are used to report activities that provide services to the county's other programs and activities on a cost reimbursement basis. The County internal service funds include: risk management, benefits administration, central services (facilities maintenance, construction and information technology support) unemployment compensation and equipment rental and replacement. The revenues and expenses of internal service funds that are duplicated in other funds through allocations are eliminated in the government-wide statements, with the remaining balances included in the governmental activities column. All internal service funds are aggregated in a single column in the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds** are used to account for resources that are held by a government as a trustee or agent for parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Thurston County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is like that for proprietary funds.

The County has three types of fiduciary funds: 1) Investment Trust Funds which report the portion of the county investments that belong to other jurisdictions, 2) Private Purpose Trust Funds which report trust arrangements where the principal and interest benefit those outside of the county, and 3) Agency Funds which are clearing accounts for assets held by Thurston County in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to the private parties, organizations, or government agencies to which they belong. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found following the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

This section details a funding progress schedule of retiree medical benefit information per GASB 45 as well as schedules required per GASB 68 including a schedule of employer contributions and a schedule of proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability for each of the five retirement plans in which the County participates.

#### **Statistical Section**

The statistical section presents a summary of county financial, revenue, debt, economic, demographic and performance information over the past ten years.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Analysis of Net Position**

Over time, Net Position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As indicated in the condensed financial information on the following pages, which was derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the County's combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) was \$538.7 million at the end of 2017. This reflects an increase of only \$3 million from 2016.

Of the County's total Net Position, \$431.8 million, or 80.2%, is invested in capital assets net of related debt. These assets provide services to county citizens and are not available for future spending purposes. However, resources needed to repay debt must be provided by other sources since capital assets cannot be readily liquidated to pay these liabilities. Of the County's total Net Position, \$60.3 million, or 11.2%, are subject to external spending restrictions. External restrictions include those provided by state law or by contractual agreement with outside entities, primarily state and federal agencies. The remaining \$46.6 million, or 8.6%, which is up from last year's \$38.7 million, is unrestricted and represents the amount that is not restricted by outside sources. This increase was mainly due to annual depreciation and debt payments.

Thurston County reported \$729.6 million of total assets as of December 31, 2017, compared to \$728.6 million for 2016. This represents an increase of just \$1.0 million. The Cash and Pooled Investments account increased by \$9.6 million but it was offset with a decrease of \$9.5 million Capital Assets. This decrease was mainly annual depreciation and a prior period adjustment as the county did not acquire any major Capital Assets during the year.

The County reported a Total Deferred Outflow of Resources of \$9.7 million in 2017, which was a decrease of \$4.1 million, or 30%, over prior year mainly due to a decrease in GASB 68 Pension related balances.

Thurston County's total liabilities decreased in 2017 compared to 2016, by \$13.2 million, or 6.5%. The decrease was mainly due to a reduction in the GASB 68 Pension Liability and annual debt payments. The pension reduction was due to a change in the employer and employee contribution rates at the State level to two of the county's larger pension plans.

The County reported a Total Deferred Inflow of Resources of \$9.2 million in 2017, which was an increase of \$7.0 million over 2016. This was mainly due to due to changes in Pension related balances.

The condensed financial information that follows is derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and reflects how the County's net position in 2017 compares with 2016:

#### **Thurston County Net Position**

	Activ	/ities	Activ	vities	Total		
Account	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current & Non-Capital Assets	\$ 167,487,613	\$ 160,212,566	\$ 64,488,238	\$ 61,170,788	\$ 231,975,851	\$ 221,383,354	
Capital Assets	464,579,272	473,002,499	33,081,137	34,229,119	497,660,409	507,231,618	
Total Assets	632,066,885	633,215,065	97,569,375	95,399,907	729,636,260	728,614,972	
Total Deferred Outflow of							
Resources	8,840,564	12,642,398	813,750	1,180,127	9,654,314	13,822,525	
Current Liabilities	18,132,344	18,347,635	4,196,853	3,034,177	22,329,197	21,381,812	
Long Term Liabilities	143,027,616	154,679,181	26,064,703	28,542,806	169,092,319	183,221,987	
Total Liabilities	161,159,960	173,026,816	30,261,556	31,576,983	191,421,516	204,603,799	
Total Deferred Inflow of							
Resources	8,331,214	1,934,795	854,308	187,864	9,185,522	2,122,659	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	401,510,661	403,865,867	30,282,873	30,342,696	431,793,534	434,208,563	
Restricted	59,678,896	61,898,850	653,567	875,759	60,332,463	62,774,609	
Unrestricted	10,226,718	5,131,135	36,330,821	33,596,732	46,557,539	38,727,867	
Total Net Position	\$ 471,416,275	\$ 470,895,852	\$ 67,267,261	\$ 64,815,187	\$ 538,683,536	\$ 535,711,039	

**Governmental activities** – During 2017, the total net position for Governmental activities realized a slight increase of only \$0.5 million due to activity over prior year. \$401.5 million in total net position was invested in capital assets, which is a decrease on just \$2.4 million over prior year. \$59.7 million in net position is restricted and \$10.2 million is unrestricted net position. The unrestricted amount increased by \$5.1 million over prior year mainly due to the reduction in Pension Liability discussed earlier. Nearly all unrestricted assets are assigned for certain purposes but are essentially available for any future spending purposes based on actions and decisions by Thurston County's Board of County Commissioners.

**Business-type activities** – During 2017, the Business-type activity accounts remained very constant compared to prior year balances. Overall, the Net Position amount did increase by \$2.5 million, to \$67.3 million. Net Invested in Capital Assets was \$30.3 million. Restricted Net Position and Unrestricted Net Position were \$654,000 and \$36.3 million respectively. The latter category of net position is available for future spending in the Business-Type funds and increased by \$2.7 million because of the Pension Liability decrease previously discussed.

#### **Analysis of the Statement of Activities**

The following chart presents key elements in the Statement of Activities. In 2017, total County primary government revenues decreased by \$3.7 million, down to \$224.9 million. The main reason for this is was the county received less State Grant revenue than prior year. This reduction was partially offset with an increase in tax collections of \$7.3 million. All of the major tax categories realized smaller increases in collections including Property, Sales, Criminal Justice, and Real Estate Excise Taxes. Total Primary County governmental expenses increased by \$4.1 million from 2016 to 2017. The origin of this increase is mainly in the county's Public Safety function spread out over the various departments from which it is comprised.

#### **Thurston County's Statement of Activities**

	Govern	Business-Type			Total Primary			
Account	Activities 2016		Activities 2016			Government 2016		
Account	2017	2016	2017	-	2010	2017	2010	
Program Revenues:	<b>A</b> 00 705 400	<b>A</b> 00 744 004	A 07.070.0	-	<b>*</b> 05.440.000	<b>A 7</b> 1 100 100	<b>A</b> 74.007.000	
Charges for Services	\$ 33,765,480	\$ 39,741,621	\$ 37,672,6		\$ 35,146,369	\$ 71,438,103	\$ 74,887,990	
Operating Grants & Contrib.	20,730,972	24,284,759	57,6		271,517	20,788,629	24,556,276	
Capital Grants & Contrib.	9,495,496	12,536,681	31,8	68	515,645	9,527,364	13,052,326	
General Revenues:				$\dashv$				
Taxes	119,530,683	112,190,639		-	-	119,530,683	112,190,639	
Interest and Invest. Earnings	2,824,553	3,354,196	106,7	25	167,041	2,931,278	3,521,237	
Other General Revenues	346,439	107,385	288,9	90	274,068	635,429	381,453	
Total Revenues	186,693,623	192,215,281	38,157,8	63	36,374,640	224,851,486	228,589,921	
Program Expenses: (Net)				4				
General Government	10,317,986	10,471,310		-	-	10,317,986	10,471,310	
Culture and Recreation	3,160,143	3,168,114		-	-	3,160,143	3,168,114	
Economic Environment	7,884,987	7,539,703		-	-	7,884,987	7,539,703	
Health and Human Services	37,750,552	41,976,182		-	-	37,750,552	41,976,182	
Utilities and Environment	2,635,800	3,255,734		-	-	2,635,800	3,255,734	
Public Safety	85,512,732	78,664,644		-	-	85,512,732	78,664,644	
Transportation	30,746,668	30,850,710		-	-	30,746,668	30,850,710	
Interest	2,252,694	3,495,114		-	-	2,252,694	3,495,114	
Solid Waste	-	-	22,510,4	30	21,376,086	22,510,430	21,376,086	
Water	-	-	958,5	71	827,470	958,571	827,470	
Sewer	-	-	1,993,5	35	1,713,235	1,993,535	1,713,235	
Stormwater	-	-	5,543,7	37	4,658,613	5,543,737	4,658,613	
Land Use & Permitting	-	-	4,521,5	17	3,711,061	4,521,517	3,711,061	
Total Expenses	180,261,562	179,421,511	35,527,7	90	32,286,465	215,789,352	211,707,976	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenses								
Before Transfers	6,432,061	12,793,770	2,630,0	73	4,088,175	9,062,134	16,881,945	
Transfers	177,999	(328,874)	(177,9		328,874	_	-	
Special Item - Transfer to BHO	-	(33,702,135)	, ,,,,	-		-	(33,702,135)	
Change in Net Position	6,610,060	(21,237,239)	2,452,0	74	4,417,049	9,062,134	(16,820,190)	
Ending Net Position January 1	470,895,852	492,133,091	64,815,1		60,398,138	535,711,039	552,531,229	
Adjustments	(6,089,637)	-	2 1,2 70,1	-	-	(6,089,637)	-	
Restated Net Position January1	464,806,215	492,133,091	64,815,1	87	60,398,138	529,621,402	552,531,229	
Ending Net Position	\$ 471,416,275	\$ 470,895,852	\$ 67,267,2		\$ 64,815,187	\$ 538,683,536	\$ 535,711,039	

In 2017 Governmental activities provided \$186.7 million in revenues (83.0% of total revenues), while business type activities provided \$38.2 million (17% of total revenues). The two largest governmental revenues are -taxes at \$119.5 million, or 64%, of total governmental revenues and charges for services at \$33.8 million, or 18.1%, of total governmental revenues. The remaining 17.9% of governmental revenues include operating grants, capital grants, interest and investment earnings and other general revenues.

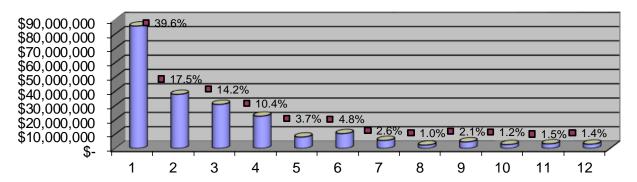
In 2017, charges for services were \$37.7 million, or 98.7%, of total business-type revenues, which were \$38.2 million. This represents an increase of just \$1.8 million over 2016. Within this category, Solid Waste fund revenues were \$25.1 million, or 65.7%.

Total governmental expenses increased by just \$0.9 million. The largest increase in the Public Safety function was mostly offset with a decrease in the county's Public Health department. This decrease is the result of an April 2016 separation of the county's Regional Support Network (RSN). The RSN formed its own operation called the Thurston Mason Behavioral Health Organization (TMBHO). For a complete description of this activity, see Note XVII of Thurston County's 2016 CAFR for a Special Item, Disposal of Operations.

The governmental and business-type expense distribution of \$180.3 million, or 83.5%, and \$35.5 million, or 16.5%, closely resembles the distribution from the prior year.

The following graph illustrates the distribution of expenses by program for both governmental and business type activities.

#### **Program Expenses - Government-Wide**



#### Legend:

- 1. Public Safety
- 2. Health & Human Serv.
- 3. Transportation
- 4. Solid Waste
- 5. Economic Environment6. General Government9. Land Us
- 7. Stormwater
  - 8. Interest9. Land Use & Permitting
- 10. Utilities & Environment
- 11. Culture & Recreation
- 12. Water & Sewer

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Following is an analysis of the County's major governmental and proprietary funds.

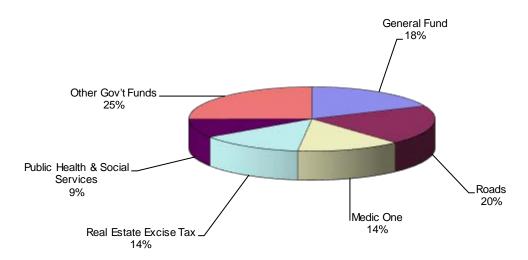
#### **Governmental Funds Analysis**

The focus of Thurston County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Fund balance serves as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The activity in these funds compared to last year was very stable as witnessed by the County's governmental funds reporting combined total ending fund balances of \$94.3 million, a decrease of just \$200,000 from prior year (\$94.5 million).

The following chart shows the distribution of total assets for all major governmental funds:

#### **Total Assets - Governmental Funds**

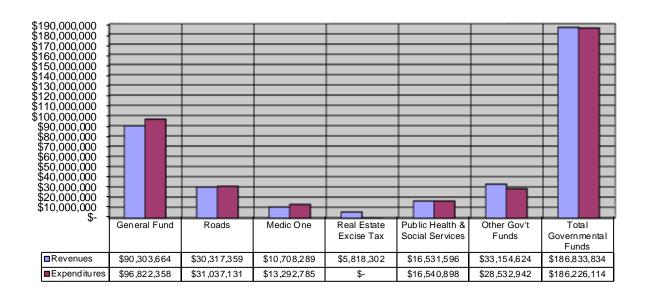


Governmental Fund revenues in 2017 decreased vs. 2016 by \$2.6 million, mainly in the Charges for Services category. Most of this change was due to TMBHO Charges for Services no longer being associated with the County as of April of 2016. Also, the County wrote off \$1.1 million on bad debt related to Customer Accounts Receivable in its Parent Pay program in Juvenile Court. Receipt of taxes was \$5.9 million more in 2017 which partially offset the decrease in Charges for Services.

Governmental expenditures in 2017 were higher than 2016 by \$4.9 million, or 2.7%, mainly in the Public Safety and Transportation categories. In Public Safety, the Salaries and Benefits accounts in Corrections, Prosecuting Attorney, and Sheriff's departments increased the most whereas expenditures of grant funds increased for Transportation

The following chart shows revenues and expenditures for Thurston County's major governmental funds, including Other Governmental Funds. Charted revenues and expenditures exclude other financing sources/uses and transfers.

#### **Governmental Fund Revenues and Expenditures**



In 2017, the General Fund, Public Health & Social Services Fund, and the Roads Fund accounted for 73.4% of total revenues and 77.6% of total expenditures.

For 2017 the County is reporting the following as major governmental funds: General, Roads, Medic One, Real Estate Excise Tax, Public Health and Social Services, and Other Governmental. The county's Treatment Sales Tax was reported as a major fund in 2016 but it did not qualify as one in 2017.

The following are highlights related to each major fund in 2017:

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the County. The General Fund's total ending fund balance was \$11.9 million at the end of 2017, compared to \$17.3 million at the end of 2016. This represents a decrease of \$5.4 million, or 31.2%. There are several factors contributing to such a substantial decrease in this important fund. Revenues were \$90.3 million and expenditures were \$96.8 million for the year. However, at year-end the county chose to write off \$1.1 million in Bad Debt related to its Juvenile Court Parent Pay program. This one-time adjustment reduced Revenues (and Fund Balance) by the stated amount. Additionally, there was an accounting prior period adjustment reduction of \$1.4 million to Fund Balance to clean up the way the county was reporting its Superior and District Court Receivables. Factoring out these two, one-time adjustments resulted in a reduction of Fund Balance from annual operations of just \$2.9 million. The county is assessing its General Fund operations and will make adjustments for the upcoming year.

Total Unassigned fund balance was \$11.5 million compared to \$15.4 million at the end of 2016. This decrease corresponds closely with the above-stated decrease in total fund balance as the other categories of Fund Balance changed very little from prior year.

General Fund total assets were \$21 million and total liabilities were \$4.7 million at the end of 2017. Compared to 2016, assets decreased by \$4 million, or 16%, and liabilities decreased by 30.9%. The main decrease in assets was in the cash and pooled investments account. This account went down in 2017 vs. 2016 by \$4 million, or 27.4%. This was chiefly due to operational expenditures exceeding revenues as described in the preceding paragraph. Additionally, per GASB 79, the county wrote down investments to fair value across its several funds. The General Fund experienced a decrease of \$805,000 of fair value of investments. The decrease in liabilities, which was \$2.1 million in 2017, was mainly due to an accounting adjustment that reclassified \$2.7 million of amounts related to property taxes and court fines, previously reported as Unearned Revenues, as Deferred Inflows of Resources.

General Fund revenues increased by \$1.8 million, or 2%, from 2016 to 2017 due to increases in property and sales taxes. General Fund expenditures increased by \$7.6 million, or 8.5%. This increase was mainly due to staffing increases in the Public Safety function and payroll/benefit rate increases across all functions. Additionally, the General Fund also contributed more in interfund payments in 2017 vs. 2016 as the county is beginning to strategically accelerate the accumulation of reserve funds mainly for IT system replacements and buildings.

The General Fund also had a \$1.4 million prior period adjustment that reduced beginning Fund Balance which was due to the correction of an accounting error in how the county was reporting Unearned Revenues in association to its Court Fine Receivables. The uncollected current portion of these receivables were removed from Fund Balance and reported as a Deferred Inflow of Resources.

The **Roads Fund** provides road maintenance and construction services to the citizens of Thurston County. Balance Sheet activity in this fund remained fairly constant compared to prior year with total assets increasing by only \$1.4 million and total liabilities increasing by \$0.7 million. As a result, Fund Balance in this fund increased by only \$0.8 million compared to last year.

Compared to 2016, revenues in the Roads fund increased by \$3 million, or 11%. Expenditures increased by \$2.2 million, or 7.6% in 2017 mainly due to more road construction activity being performed than prior year. Grant funds, and the spending thereof, contributed to these increases.

The **Medic One Fund** provides basic and advanced life support services to the citizens of Thurston County. In 2017, Medic One's total assets decreased by \$1.3 million, or 7.7%. The reason for this decrease was this fund purchased \$1.1 million worth of ambulances during 2017. Total liabilities increased by \$1.1 million as these ambulances were purchased at year-end incurring Accounts Payables.

Revenues in this fund very constant, whereas expenditures increased by \$1.9 million with the capital outlay mentioned above being the main reason. As such, Fund Balance at year-end was \$12.7 million, decreasing by 2.5 million over 2016. Additionally, because of an internal classification change, the 2016 Restricted portion of fund balance is now reported as Assigned within this fund. This adjustment resulted in no overall change to fund balance.

The **Real Estate Excise Tax** fund is a Capital Projects fund established for holding excise tax proceeds dedicated to capital projects from the one-half percent tax on real property sales in unincorporated Thurston County. Cash is the main asset in this fund and this balance increased by \$2.6 million over 2016. Likewise, revenues in this fund increased by \$1 million over 2016 mainly due to an increase in real estate activity over prior year.

The **Public Health and Social Services Fund** provides social and health services to the citizens of Thurston County. Total assets increased in 2017 by \$1.4 million and total liabilities decreased by \$400,000. Revenues, on the other hand, decreased by \$9.9 million and expenditures decreased by \$6.8 million. The main reason for these large differences was due to the loss of the TMBHO in April of 2016 as previously described. This fund still had three months of operations of the TMBHO reported in it in the 2016 balances. Fund Balance in this fund increased by \$1.8 million, or 23.4%.

The **Other Governmental Funds** is a major fund comprised of all non-major Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds of the county. The County's operations in this roll-up fund remained fairly constant compared to prior year with the exception of the reclassification of the Treatment Sales Tax fund into of this major fund as previously described.

#### **Proprietary Funds Net Position Analysis**

Thurston County's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and are therefore presented in the same accounting format. Internal service funds, although proprietary, are not Business-Type Funds and are therefore excluded in the following section.

### Thurston County Enterprise Net Position

				Land Use	Other	Total
	Solid	Grand	Storm	And	Enterprise	Enterprise
Assets	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting	Funds	Funds
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$28,348,978	\$ 2,152,847	\$10,327,231	\$ 2,743,333	\$ 1,462,509	\$ 45,034,898
Other Current Assets	3,012,047	451,629	545,858	209,999	130,773	4,350,306
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Pooled Investments	-	113,108	-	-	77,885	190,993
Total Current Assets	31,361,025	2,717,584	10,873,089	2,953,332	1,671,167	49,576,197
Long-Term Assets:						
Receivables	-	94,499	-	-	358,593	453,092
Capital Assets	9,698,101	13,267,637	7,017,318	29,467	3,068,614	33,081,137
Restrict Assets: Cash and Pooled Investments	13,711,812	-	-	-	-	13,711,812
Total Long Term Assets	23,409,913	13,362,136	7,017,318	29,467	3,427,207	47,246,041
Total Assets	54,770,938	16,079,720	17,890,407	2,982,799	5,098,374	96,822,238
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	227,478	119,070	207,834	231,036	28,332	813,750
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable/ Due To's	2,317,325	142,986	377,065	964,918	114,145	3,916,439
Restricted Laibilities - Debt	-	1,097,250	-	_	78,282	1,175,532
Total Current Liabilities	2,317,325	1,240,236	377,065	964,918	192,427	5,091,971
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Restricted Laibilities - Debt	-	1,422,621	-	-	191,412	1,614,033
Comp Abs & OPEB Payable	1,304,732	211,538	915,835	1,152,989	117,421	3,702,515
Intergov. Loans & Contracts Payable	4,555	41,320	-	22,472	448,843	517,190
Accumulated Landfill Closure Costs	14,910,873	-	-	-	-	14,910,873
Net Pension Liability	1,645,242	295,794	1,503,166	1,670,978	204,912	5,320,092
Total Long Term Liabilities	17,865,402	1,971,273	2,419,001	2,846,439	962,588	26,064,703
Total Liabilities	20,182,727	3,211,509	2,796,066	3,811,357	1,155,015	31,156,674
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	264,195	47,498	241,381	268,329	32,905	854,308
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,689,175	10,779,454	7,015,823	(499)	2,798,920	30,282,873
Restricted For:						
Debt Service	-	317,514	-	-	336,053	653,567
Unrestricted (Deficit)	24,862,319	1,842,815	8,044,971	(865,352)	803,813	34,688,566
Total Net Position	\$34,551,494	\$12,939,783	\$15,060,794	\$ (865,851)	\$ 3,938,786	\$ 65,625,006

The Solid Waste, Grand Mound, Storm & Surface Water Utility, and Land Use and Permitting Funds are the major enterprise funds for Thurston County in 2017. Land Use and Permitting was newly added in 2017.

The **Solid Waste Fund** provides solid waste disposal and reduction services to the citizens of Thurston County. The **Grand Mound Fund** provides water and waste water services to residents of Grand Mound in southern Thurston County. The **Storm & Surface Water Fund** accounts for assessments levied to minimize the harmful effects of storm water run-off and to construct and improve storm water run-off facilities within the utility's boundaries. **Land Use and Permitting Fund** uses development license fees and service charges to provide planning, permitting, and development inspection services in unincorporated Thurston County. These funds comprise 94.7% of enterprise assets and 96.2% of enterprise liabilities. All account balances in these funds remained constant vs. prior year with only slight increases in most due to more activity from population increases and annual inflation.

The combined net position for enterprise funds was \$65.6 million in 2017, of which \$61.7 million, or 94.1%, resided in the four major funds noted above. Of the total enterprise funds' net position, \$30.3 million, or 46.2%, is invested in capital assets net or related debt, whereas \$35.3 million, or 53.8%, is restricted for debt service or is unrestricted. Total liabilities for all enterprise funds remained constant vs. prior year.

#### **Proprietary Funds Revenue/Expense Analysis**

The following table is a summary of enterprise fund revenues and expenses in 2017.

#### Thurston County Washington Enterprise Funds Revenues and Expenses

				Land Use	Other	Total	
	Solid	Grand	Storm	And	Enterprise	Enterprise	
	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting Funds		Funds	
Revenues:							
Operating:							
Charges for Services	\$24,774,076	\$ 1,769,655	\$ 6,664,309	\$3,737,994	\$ 726,589	\$37,672,623	
Miscellaneous	247,769	32,282	-	372	8,567	288,990	
Non-Operating:							
Interest Revenue	-	22,868	55,995	4,529	23,333	106,725	
Operating & Capital Grant Proceeds	45,436	-	12,221	-	-	57,657	
Other Non-Operating Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	25,067,281	1,824,805	6,732,525	3,742,895	758,489	38,125,995	
Expenses:							
Operating:							
Salaries and Benefits	2,706,305	575,734	2,580,572	3,246,119	372,864	9,481,594	
Other Supplies and Expenses	124,219	132,656	137,646	62,291	63,535	520,347	
Contractual Services	2,764,697	339,474	829,962	151,102	197,552	4,282,787	
Longhaul Contract	13,669,167	-	-	-	-	13,669,167	
Interfund Services and Charges	2,096,921	216,690	1,401,990	1,083,806	121,910	4,921,317	
Depreciation/Amortization	1,107,195	613,066	593,314	7,687	184,264	2,505,526	
Non-Operating:							
External & Internal Tax Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges	1,869	119,911	253	1,000	12,601	135,634	
Other Including Capital Asset Gain/Loss	40,057	-	-	-	-	40,057	
Total Expenses	22,510,430	1,997,531	5,543,737	4,552,005	952,726	35,556,429	
Income (Loss) before contrib. and trans.	2,556,851	(172,726)	1,188,788	(809,110)	(194,237)	2,569,566	
Capital Contributions	-	31,868	-	-	-	31,868	
Transfers In (Out)	(999,333)	404,755	(17,065)	433,644	-	(177,999)	
Change in Net Position	1,557,518	263,897	1,171,723	(375,466)	(194,237)	2,423,435	
Net Position as of January 1	32,993,976	12,675,886	13,889,071	(490,385)	4,133,023	63,201,571	
Net Position as of January 1-Restated	32,993,976	12,675,886	13,889,071	(490,385)	4,133,023	63,201,571	
Net Position as of December 31	\$34,551,494	\$12,939,783	\$15,060,794	\$ (865,851)	\$ 3,938,786	\$65,625,006	

For all enterprise funds, total operating revenues from charges for services in 2017 are \$37.7 million and comprise 99% of total enterprise operating and non-operating revenues. Total charges for services for enterprise funds stayed very constant compared to the prior year, increasing by just \$1.7 million. Please note that operating revenues and expenses are not segregated within the accompanying summarized table whereas they are segregated within the fund financial statements.

The **Solid Waste Fund** has provided waste disposal and reduction services through a solid waste transfer facility since 1999 at the Hawk's Prairie Solid Waste and Recovery Center. Solid waste was disposed at a landfill at this site prior to that time. Maintenance of the closed landfill is fully funded through post closure reserves generated from landfill revenues prior to closure. Solid Waste Fund revenues comprise 65.7% of total enterprise revenues and 63.2% of total enterprise expenses. Net Position increased by just \$1.6 million over 2016.

The **Grand Mound Fund** has provided water and waste water services to the Grand Mound area since 1999. Grand Mound Fund revenues comprise 4.7% of total enterprise revenues and 5.6% of total enterprise expenses. In 2017 both revenues and expenses remained fairly constant over prior year. Net Position was nearly identical in 2017 vs. 2016.

The **Storm & Surface Water Fund** has been collecting assessments from landowners to mitigate the effects of storm water run-off from construction and development since 1985. Revenues comprise 17.6% of total enterprise revenues and 15.4% of total enterprise expenses. Net Position increased by just \$1.2 million in this fund over prior year.

The Land Use and Permitting Fund provides planning, permitting, and development inspection services in to citizens living in unincorporated Thurston County. As mentioned earlier, this fund is a new Major fund for 2017 due to a one-time liability accrual that doesn't normally happen in this fund. Total assets and total revenues in this fund changed very little from prior year. Liabilities increased by \$0.7 million, or 22.6% due to the one-time liability accrual just mentioned. Likewise, expenses increased by \$0.9 million, or 24.3%. The Net Position in this fund for 2017 was a negative \$866,000 compared to a negative \$490,000 in 2016.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Beginning in 2017, Thurston County began a biennial budget, adopted in December of 2016. Quarterly adjustments were made to the budget during the year. Although the budget is considered a biennial, appropriations still lapse at the end of each year.

The following table shows changes between the original and final budget as of December 31, 2017. A positive variance is reported if final budget revenues exceed original budget revenues whereas a negative variance is reported if final budget revenues are less than original budgeted revenues. The reverse is shown for expenditures. A negative variance is reported if final budget expenditures exceed original budget expenditures and a positive variance is shown if the final budget expenditures are less than original budgeted expenditures. Note that transfers are included within the amounts reported for revenues and expenditures for each office and department.

### Thurston County General Fund Changes in Budget

			Variance Pos
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Neg)
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 57,455,000	\$ 58,550,000	\$ 1,095,000
Licenses & Permits	2,155,300	2,455,300	300,000
Intergovernmental	10,331,203	10,114,655	(216,548)
Charges for Services	13,195,512	13,691,736	496,224
Fines & Forfeitures	2,723,400	2,723,400	-
Miscellaneous	3,071,009	3,256,651	185,642
Total General Revenues	88,931,424	90,791,742	1,860,318
Other Financing Sources	5,307,817	5,555,501	247,684
Total Revenues	94,239,241	96,347,243	2,108,002
Expenditures by Department:			
Assessor's Office	4,099,003	4,099,003	-
Auditor's Office	5,973,101	5,973,101	-
Assigned Counsel	5,544,667	6,340,646	(795,979)
Clerk's Office	3,534,605	3,534,605	-
Commissioner's Office	2,568,518	2,493,533	74,985
Coroner's Office	1,111,052	1,123,052	(12,000)
Corrections	19,912,677	20,504,815	(592,138)
District Court	3,695,576	3,730,929	(35,353)
Emergency Management	1,428,524	1,447,093	(18,569)
Human Resources	1,853,728	1,868,368	(14,640)
Juvenile Probation	7,433,216	7,420,677	12,539
Non-Departmental	5,559,633	4,394,226	1,165,407
Planning	2,740,404	3,253,412	(513,008)
PreTrial Services	549,391	570,791	(21,400)
Prosecuting Attorney	8,832,386	9,116,155	(283,769)
State Examiner	131,000	131,000	-
Sheriff	17,440,542	18,181,935	(741,393)
Superior Court	5,719,126	5,900,253	(181,127)
Treasurer's Office	1,230,372	1,230,372	-
WSU Extension	504,776	504,776	-
General Fund Expenditures	99,862,297	101,818,742	(1,956,445)
Fair	605,267	620,267	(15,000)
Historic Preservation	57,817	70,971	(13,154)
Prisoner Concession	339,522	339,813	(291)
Public, Educational & Governmental Access:	485,000	485,000	-
Sobriety Program 24/7	-	-	-
Reported General Fund Expenditures	101,349,903	103,334,793	(1,984,890)
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(7,110,662)	(6,987,550)	123,112
Fund Balances as of January 1	15,158,477	15,875,594	717,117
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 8,047,815	\$ 8,888,044	\$ 840,229

The County's original and final budgets were very similar with just a \$2.1 million increase in budgeted revenues and a \$2 million increase in budgeted expenditures.

The final budget ending fund balance was \$8.9 million, a decrease of \$800,000 over 2016.

#### **General Fund Budget to Actual Variances**

The following table summarizes differences between budget and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund for 2017. Note that transfers are included within the amounts reported for revenues and expenditures for each office and department. The final results for 2017 show actual total revenues (including other financing sources) at \$95.5 million, which is \$0.9 million, or 0.9%, below the final budget. Actual expenditures were \$99.5 million, which is \$3.8 million or 3.7% under budget.

In regards to revenues, the largest variance between budget and actual was in the Taxes category, receiving just under \$0.7 million more than planned. All offices/departments had a positive expenditure variance in 2017, meaning no office or department over-spent its budget authority. The largest budget under-expenditure by a department was in the County's Planning department with a \$1.3 million under-expenditure.

### Thurston County General Fund Revenues, Expenditures & Fund Balance

		Variance Pos		
	Final Budget	Actuals	(Neg)	
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 58,550,000	\$ 59,247,155	\$ 697,155	
Licenses & Permits	2,455,300	2,319,457	(135,843)	
Intergovernmental	10,114,655	9,336,120	(778,535)	
Charges for Services	13,691,736	13,371,059	(320,677)	
Fines & Forfeitures	2,723,400	2,779,132	55,732	
Miscellaneous	3,256,651	3,250,741	(5,910)	
Total General Revenues	90,791,742	90,303,664	(488,078)	
Total Other Financing Sources	5,555,501	5,181,925	(373,576)	
Total Revenues	96,347,243	95,485,589	(861,654)	
Expenditures by Department:	, ,	, ,	,	
Assessor's Office	4,099,003	4,016,911	82,092	
Auditor's Office	5,973,101	5,739,782	233,319	
Assigned Counsel	6,340,646	6,093,337	247,309	
Clerk's Office	3,534,605	3,471,752	62,853	
Commissioner's Office	2,493,533	2,308,688	184,845	
Coroner's Office	1,123,052	1,117,080	5,972	
Corrections	20,504,815	20,500,256	4,559	
District Court	3,730,929	3,514,526	216,403	
Emergency Management	1,447,093	1,356,388	90,705	
Human Resources	1,868,368	1,642,713	225,655	
Juvenile Probation	7,420,677	6,990,985	429,692	
Non-Departmental	4,394,226	4,127,306	266,920	
Planning	3,253,412	1,990,282	1,263,130	
PreTrial Services	570,791	527,313	43,478	
Prosecuting Attorney	9,116,155	9,067,987	48,168	
State Examiner	131,000	122,501	8,499	
Sheriff	18,181,935	18,122,166	59,769	
Superior Court	5,900,253	5,716,400	183,853	
Treasurer's Office	1,230,372	1,166,319	64,053	
WSU Extension	504,776	478,960	25,816	
General Fund Expenditures	101,818,742	98,071,652	3,747,090	
Fair	620,267	597,089	23,178	
Historic Preservation	70,971	58,128	12,843	
Prisoner Concession	339,813	323,272	16,541	
Public, Educational & Governmental Access:	485,000	446,587	38,413	
Sobriety Program 24/7	-	5	(5)	
Reported General Fund Expenditures	103,334,793	99,496,733	3,838,060	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(6,987,550)	(4,011,144)		
Fund Balances as of January 1	15,875,594	17,315,018	1,439,424	
Prior Period Adjustments		(1,418,974)		
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	15,875,594	15,896,044	20,450	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 8,888,044	\$ 11,884,900	\$ 2,996,856	

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment intangible assets, and infrastructure. Thurston County's total governmental and business-type capital asset balance was \$497.7 million at year end. Of this total, \$294.7 million (59.2%) are non-depreciable assets and \$203 million (40.8%) are depreciable. Capital assets comprise 68.2% of total assets. A capital asset breakdown is provided in Note VI within the financial statement section. Total capital assets in both governmental and business-type decreased by \$9.5 million over prior year. This decrease was in the depreciable category as that saw a decrease of \$15.3 million. The main reasons for this decrease was annual depreciation, a \$4.6 million prior period adjustment to fix an accounting error in Infrastructure assets, and the selling of a county building during the year.

At year-end the County had \$1.7 million in commitments for capital expenditures related to a large Roads construction project.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$66.1 million (\$63.6 million in governmental activities and \$2.5 million in Business-type activities). This total represents a decrease of \$7.3 million over 2016 due to annual debt payments.

At the end of 2017, the County has the capacity to issue \$420.4 million in debt without a vote and a remaining capacity of \$742.6 million with a 3/5-majority vote. See financial statement note VIII for more information on debt issues outstanding and the reasons for their issuance.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Thurston County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Auditor's Office, Thurston County, 2000 Lakeridge Drive SW, Olympia, WA. 98502.

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### Government Wide Financial Statements

### Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

	Primary Government						
	G	overnmental	Business-Type		_		
ASSETS		Activities	Activities		Total		
Current Assets:							
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	139,447,377	\$ 45,034,898	\$	184,482,275		
Receivables:							
Taxes Receivable		1,610,993	-		1,610,993		
Special Assessment Receivables		47,541	450,576		498,117		
Accrued Interest & Penalties		2,529,395	49,653		2,579,048		
Customer Account Receivables		12,438,319	2,929,294		15,367,613		
Internal Balances		(1,299,226)	1,299,226		-		
Due from Other Government Units		5,477,286	347,502		5,824,788		
Inventory		920,303	-		920,303		
Prepayments		128,807	21,192		149,999		
Restricted Assets:							
Cash & Pooled Investments		-	190,993		190,993		
Total Current Assets		161,300,795	50,323,334		211,624,129		
Long-Term Assets:					_		
Community Loans Receivable		-	148,344		148,344		
Special Assessment Receivables		-	304,748		304,748		
Investment in Joint Ventures, Net		1,772,806	-		1,772,806		
Net Pension Asset		4,414,012	-		4,414,012		
Capital Assets:							
Non-Depreciable		290,822,088	3,852,108		294,674,196		
Depreciable, Net		173,757,184	29,229,029		202,986,213		
Restricted Assets: Cash and Pooled Investments		-	13,711,812		13,711,812		
Total Noncurrent Assets		470,766,090	47,246,041		518,012,131		
Total Assets		632,066,885	97,569,375		729,636,260		
Deferred Outflow of Resources:							
Loss on Refunding		2,094,670	78,173		2,172,843		
Pensions		6,745,894	735,577		7,481,471		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		8,840,564	813,750		9,654,314		

### Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

	G	overnmental	Business-Type		
LIABILITIES		Activities	Activities		Total
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		11,891,101	2,140,793		14,031,894
Notes/Leases Payable		139,534	65,723		205,257
Due to Other Government Units		766,813	5,468		772,281
Compensated Absences		373,368	40,447		413,815
Claims & Judgments Payable		380,227	-		380,227
Limited G.O. Bonds Payable		4,435,560	1,097,250		5,532,810
Special Assess. Debt - Gov. Commitment		-	78,282		78,282
Unearned Revenue		145,741	768,890		914,631
Total Current Liabilities		18,132,344	4,196,853		22,329,197
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Limited G.O. Bonds Payable		59,137,476	1,422,621		60,560,097
Special Assess. Debt - Gov. Commitment		-	191,412		191,412
Compensated Absences		6,688,981	724,628		7,413,609
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable		31,478,221	2,977,887		34,456,108
Claims & Judgments Payable		4,128,995	-		4,128,995
Notes/Leases Payable		1,253,520	517,190		1,770,710
Accumulated Landfill Closure Costs		-	14,910,873		14,910,873
Net Pension Liability		40,340,423	5,320,092		45,660,515
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		143,027,616	26,064,703		169,092,319
Total Liabilities		161,159,960	30,261,556		191,421,516
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Gain on Refunding		427,875	-		427,875
Pensions		7,903,339	854,308		8,757,647
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		8,331,214	854,308		9,185,522
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		401,510,661	30,282,873		431,793,534
Restricted For:					
Culture & Recreation		1,700,971	-		1,700,971
Economic Environment		201,337	-		201,337
General Government		14,058,437	-		14,058,437
Health and Human Services		4,247,932	-		4,247,932
Internal Service		28,525,977	-		28,525,977
Public Safety		1,449,701	-		1,449,701
Utilities & Environment		4,598,880	-		4,598,880
Transportation		4,895,661	-		4,895,661
Debt Service		-	653,567		653,567
Unrestricted (Deficit)		10,226,718	36,330,821		46,557,539
Total Net Position	\$	471,416,275	\$ 67,267,261	\$	538,683,536

### Statement Of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

			Program Revenues				
		Indirect		Operating	Capital		
		Expense	Charges for	<b>Grants And</b>	<b>Grants &amp;</b>		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Allocation	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 16,396,390	\$ (6,078,404)	\$ 8,924,994	\$ 2,639,678	\$ -		
Culture & Recreation	3,101,994	58,149	2,164,792	45,603	-		
Economic Environment	8,305,297	(420,310)	2,665,824	3,785,353	365,554		
Health & Human Services	36,744,804	1,005,748	8,481,032	6,973,477	1,104		
Public Safety	83,376,280	2,136,452	7,105,692	6,850,116	617,577		
Transportation	28,928,965	1,817,703	3,621,610	367,476	8,511,261		
Utilities & Environment	2,465,304	170,496	801,536	69,269	-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,252,694	-	-	-	-		
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	181,571,728	(1,310,166)	33,765,480	20,730,972	9,495,496		
Business-Type Activities:							
Solid Waste	22,092,128	418,302	24,774,076	45,436	-		
Water	884,647	73,924	821,701	-	10,623		
Sewer	1,845,687	147,848	1,674,543	-	21,245		
Stormwater	5,265,742	277,995	6,664,309	12,221	-		
Land Use & Permitting	4,129,420	392,097	3,737,994	-	-		
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	34,217,624	1,310,166	37,672,623	57,657	31,868		
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 215,789,352	\$ -	\$ 71,438,103	\$ 20,788,629	\$ 9,527,364		

### Statement Of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position

	Changes In Net Position					
	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
Functions/Programs	Activities	Activities	Total			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 1,246,686	\$ -	\$ 1,246,686			
Culture & Recreation	(949,748)	-	(949,748)			
Economic Environment	(1,068,256)	-	(1,068,256)			
Health & Human Services	(22,294,939)	-	(22,294,939)			
Public Safety	(70,939,347)	-	(70,939,347)			
Transportation	(18,246,321)	-	(18,246,321)			
Utilities & Environment	(1,764,995)	-	(1,764,995)			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(2,252,694)		(2,252,694)			
Total Governmental Activities	(116,269,614)	-	(116,269,614)			
Business-Type Activities:		_				
Solid Waste	-	2,309,082	2,309,082			
Water	-	(126,247)	(126,247)			
Sewer	-	(297,747)	(297,747)			
Stormwater	-	1,132,793	1,132,793			
Land Use & Permitting	-	(783,523)	(783,523)			
Total Business-Type Activities	-	2,234,358	2,234,358			
Total Primary Government	(116,269,614)	2,234,358	(114,035,256)			
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	71,058,025	-	71,058,025			
Sales Taxes	37,981,081	-	37,981,081			
Business & Harvest Taxes	4,034,395	-	4,034,395			
Excise Taxes	6,457,182	-	6,457,182			
Other General Revenues:						
Interest & Investment Earnings	2,824,553	106,725	2,931,278			
Miscellaneous	346,439	288,990	635,429			
Transfers In/(Out)	177,999	(177,999)	-			
Total General Revenues and Transfers	122,879,674	217,716	123,097,390			
Change in Net Position	6,610,060	2,452,074	9,062,134			
Net Position as of January 1	470,895,852	64,815,187	535,711,039			
Prior Period Adjustment	(6,089,637)	-	(6,089,637)			
Net Position as of January 1 - Restated	464,806,215	64,815,187	529,621,402			
Net Position as of December 31	\$ 471,416,275	\$ 67,267,261	\$ 538,683,536			

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### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

					Public		
				Real	Health	Other	Total
	General	5	Medic	Estate	& Social	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Roads	One	Excise Tax	Services	Funds	Funds
ASSETS							
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$10,646,066	\$19,821,575	\$15,346,733	\$15,538,315	\$ 8,332,100	\$ 27,463,694	\$ 97,148,483
Receivables:							
Taxes Receivable	858,684	487,543	215,643	-	15,045	34,078	1,610,993
Special Assessment Receivables	-	-	-	-	14,947	32,594	47,541
Accrued Interest & Penalties	2,288,061	-	33,203	35,110	16,207	129,129	2,501,710
Customer Account Receivables	2,773,823	2,275	-	-	202,684	474,425	3,453,207
Due from Other Funds	1,498,940	1,136,856	-	-	862,815	43,471	3,542,082
Due from Other Government Units	2,865,852	682,843	20,399	-	1,350,457	549,955	5,469,506
Inventory	-	582,836	-	-	-	-	582,836
Prepayments	85,705	1,000	6,028	-	250	1,480	94,463
Total Assets	\$21,017,131	\$22,714,928	\$15,622,006	\$15,573,425	\$ 10,794,505	\$ 28,728,826	\$114,450,821
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,380,180	\$ 1,513,331	\$ 2,749,825	\$ -	\$ 1,159,645	\$ 711,605	\$ 10,514,586
Due to Other Funds	309,144	294,582	147	819,715	68,850	1,797,638	3,290,076
Due to Other Government Units	13,504	-	-	-	-	753,309	766,813
Unearned Revenues	13,736	2,100	-	-	-	129,906	145,742
Total Liabilities	4,716,564	1,810,013	2,749,972	819,715	1,228,495	3,392,458	14,717,217
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Property Taxes	2,387,263	410,963	180,967	-	13,393	28,598	3,021,184
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	14,947	32,723	47,670
Courts	2,028,404	-	-	-	-	324,684	2,353,088
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,415,667	410,963	180,967	-	28,340	386,005	5,421,942
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	85,705	583,836	6,028	-	250	1,480	677,299
Restricted	289,935	-	-	13,251,942	-	17,611,042	31,152,919
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	426,471	426,471
Assigned	-	19,910,116	12,685,039	1,501,768	9,537,420	6,911,423	50,545,766
Unassigned	11,509,260	-	-	-	-	(53)	11,509,207
Total Fund Balance	11,884,900	20,493,952	12,691,067	14,753,710	9,537,670	24,950,363	94,311,662
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources & Fund Balances	\$21,017,131	\$22,714,928	\$15,622,006	\$15,573,425	\$ 10,794,505	\$ 28,728,826	\$ 114,450,821

### Reconciliation of The Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To The Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	 Governmental Funds
Fund balance as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 94,311,662
The cost of capital assets and joint ventures, which is expended and not recognized in governmental funds, is deferred to future periods in the statement of net position	424,096,151
Debt, which is not reported in governmental funds, is reported in the statement of net position	(63,101,277)
Assets, liabilities and resulting net position of internal service funds, which are separately reported in proprietary fund statements, are included and combined with governmental balances in the statement of net position	68,917,091
Deferred gains and losses on refunding, which is not reported in governmental funds, is reported in the statement of net position	1,666,795
Long term (non-available) receivables, which are deferred in governmental funds, are recognized and accrued as revenues in the statement of net position	14,405,859
Compensated absences, other post employment benefits and pensions, which are not reported in governmental funds, are reported as accrued liabilities in the statement of net position	(67,237,751)
Interfund balances, which are reported in governmental and proprietary funds, are eliminated in the statement of net position (except for a residual amount outstanding between governmental and enterprise activities)	 (1,642,255)
Net position for governmental funds as shown in statement of net position	\$ 471,416,275

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General Fund	Roads	Medic One	Real Estate Excise Tax	Public Health & Social Services	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$59,247,155	\$19,329,663	\$10,581,366	\$ 5,764,944	\$ 841,606	\$ 20,727,577	\$116,492,311
Licenses & Permits	2,319,457	815,910	-	-	827,207	-	3,962,574
Intergovernmental	9,336,120	8,875,737	50,815	-	6,894,662	4,689,696	29,847,030
Charges for Services	13,371,059	1,212,702	10,277	-	7,220,420	6,678,473	28,492,931
Fines & Forfeits	2,779,132	-	-	-	-	33,534	2,812,666
Miscellaneous Revenue	3,250,741	83,347	65,831	53,358	747,701	1,025,344	5,226,322
Total Revenues	90,303,664	30,317,359	10,708,289	5,818,302	16,531,596	33,154,624	186,833,834
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General Government	15,559,095	-	-	-	-	534,217	16,093,312
Culture & Recreation	1,073,621	746,688	-	-	-	933,234	2,753,543
Economic Environment	2,325,059	-	-	-	-	5,945,044	8,270,103
Health & Human Services	-	-	12,181,890	-	16,500,862	8,209,815	36,892,567
Public Safety	76,728,506	-	-	-	-	3,063,012	79,791,518
Transportation	182,269	23,830,966	-	-	-	-	24,013,235
Utilities & Environment	686,664	-	-	-	-	1,559,550	2,246,214
Capital Outlay	166,490	6,355,466	1,105,982	-	31,071	92,733	7,751,742
Debt Service:							
Principal	84,051	66,687	4,532	-	7,127	5,659,182	5,821,579
Interest & Fiscal Charges	16,603	37,324	381	-	1,838	2,536,155	2,592,301
Total Expenditures	96,822,358	31,037,131	13,292,785	-	16,540,898	28,532,942	186,226,114
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(6,518,694)	(719,772)	(2,584,496)	5,818,302	(9,302)	4,621,682	607,720
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital Lease Financing	65,074	-	-	-	31,071	-	96,145
Sale of Capital Assets	383,019	483,659	111,822	1,425,763	7,800	1,625,099	4,037,162
Transfers In	4,733,832	2,128,750	-	-	1,508,877	8,476,333	16,847,792
Transfers Out	(2,674,375)	(1,135,330)	-	(5,385,084)	-	(11,132,877)	(20,327,666)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,507,550	1,477,079	111,822	(3,959,321)	1,547,748	(1,031,445)	653,433
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(4,011,144)	757,307	(2,472,674)	1,858,981	1,538,446	3,590,237	1,261,153
Fund Balances as of January 1	17,315,018	19,736,645	15,163,741	12,894,729	7,748,100	21,657,188	94,515,421
Prior Period Adjustments	(1,418,974)	-	-	-	251,124	(297,062)	(1,464,912)
Fund Balances as of January 1-Restated	15,896,044	19,736,645	15,163,741	12,894,729	7,999,224	21,360,126	93,050,509
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$11,884,900	\$20,493,952	\$12,691,067	\$14,753,710	\$9,537,670	\$ 24,950,363	\$ 94,311,662

## Reconciliation of The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To The Statement of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	G	Governmental
		Funds
Change in fund balance as shown in the Governmental Funds		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	1,261,153
Capital Assets:		
Capital outlays, which are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, are capitalized and deferred to future periods and therefore not reported in the statement of activities 7,751, Depreciation (asset usage), which is not reported in governmental funds, is recognized and	742	
reported in the statement of activities (9,559,	334)	
Gain (Loss) on the sale and disposition of governmental capital assets, which is not reported in governmental funds, is reported in the statement of activities  189,	933	(1,617,659)
Long-Term Debt:  Bond and capital lease principal payments, which are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, are not reported as expenditures in the statement of activities  Costs related to debt, such as premiums, discounts, and other similar items, are reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds when debit is issued. They are deferred in the	665	
statement of net position and recognized over the life of the bond issue in the statement of activities  339, Long-term bond and capital lease financing proceeds, which are reported as "other financing	607 145)	6,102,127
Interfund Transactions:  Profit or (loss) from internal service funds, which is reported separately in proprietary fund statements, is credited or charged to governmental expenses in the statement of activities  Other interfund transactions, which are reported in governmental funds, are eliminated in the statement of activities, except for a regiduel amount outstanding between governmental and	146	
statement of activities, except for a residual amount outstanding between governmental and business activities Unbilled internal service costs from the County's cost allocation plan, which is not allocated to service users in governmental fund statements, is allocated to service users in the statement of	805)	
activities, resulting in a residual amount outstanding between governmental and business activities 1,310,	166	1,027,507
Other:		
revenues (or as a debit adjustment) in the statement of activities	580	
Compensated absences, other post employment benefits and pensions, which are not reported in governmental funds, are reported as an expense in the statement of activities (174,	648)	(163,068)
Change in net position for governmental funds as shown in the		
Statement of Activities	\$	6,610,060

## General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 7

				Variance with
	Original 2017	Final 2017	Actual	Final Budget Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues By Funding Source				
General Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 57,455,000	\$ 58,550,000	\$ 59,247,155	\$ 697,155
Licenses & Permits	2,155,300	2,455,300	2,319,457	(135,843)
Intergovernmental	10,331,203	10,114,655	9,336,120	(778,535)
Charges for Services	13,195,512	13,691,736	13,371,059	(320,677)
Fines & Forfeits	2,723,400	2,723,400	2,779,132	55,732
Miscellaneous Revenue	3,071,009	3,256,651	3,250,741	(5,910)
Total General Revenues	88,931,424	90,791,742	90,303,664	(488,078)
Other Financing Sources:				
Capital Lease Financing	-	77,655	65,074	(12,581)
Other Finance Sources - Capital Asset Sales	200,700	300,700	383,019	82,319
Transfers In	5,107,117	5,177,146	4,733,832	(443,314)
Total Other Financing Sources	5,307,817	5,555,501	5,181,925	(373,576)
Total Revenues	\$ 94,239,241	\$ 96,347,243	\$ 95,485,589	\$ (861,654)

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 7

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Expenditures by Department				
Assessor's Office:				
General Government	\$ 4,099,003	\$ 4,099,003	\$ 4,010,361	\$ 88,642
Capital Outlay		-	6,550	(6,550)
Total Assessor's Office	4,099,003	4,099,003	4,016,911	82,092
Auditor's Office:				
General Government	5,760,524	5,760,524	5,532,688	227,836
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	6,300	6,300	5,242	1,058
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,277	6,277	1,852	4,425
Transfers Out	200,000	200,000	200,000	<u>-</u>
Total Auditor's Office	5,973,101	5,973,101	5,739,782	233,319
Assigned Counsel:				
Public Safety	5,541,211	6,326,011	6,077,493	248,518
Capital Outlay	-	11,179	11,179	-
Debt Service:		,	,	
Principal	3,135	3,135	3,421	(286)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	321	321	1,244	(923)
	5.544.007	0.040.040	0.000.007	0.47.000
Total Assigned Counsel	5,544,667	6,340,646	6,093,337	247,309
Clerk's Office:				
Public Safety	3,519,329	3,519,329	3,455,602	63,727
Debt Service:				
Principal	12,447	12,447	12,893	(446)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,829	2,829	3,257	(428)
Total Clerk's Office	3,534,605	3,534,605	3,471,752	62,853

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 3 of 7

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Commissioner's Office:				
General Government	2,227,196	2,139,238	2,095,367	43,871
Transportation	209,035	209,035	175,924	33,111
Economic Environment	30,187	30,187	19,701	10,486
Capital Outlay	-	12,973	12,973	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	5,500	5,500	4,396	1,104
Interest and Fiscal Charges	600	600	327	273
Transfers Out	96,000	96,000	-	96,000
Total Commissioner's Office	2,568,518	2,493,533	2,308,688	184,845
Coroner's Office:				
Public Safety	1,106,112	1,118,112	1,111,494	6,618
Capital Outlay	-	-	223	(223)
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,890	2,890	4,726	(1,836)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,050	2,050	637	1,413
Total Coroner's Office	1,111,052	1,123,052	1,117,080	5,972
Corrections:				
Public Safety	19,893,856	20,479,277	20,482,942	(3,665)
Capital Outlay	-	6,717	6,717	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	16,730	16,730	9,428	7,302
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,091	2,091	1,169	922
Transfers Out		-	-	
Total Corrections	19,912,677	20,504,815	20,500,256	4,559
District Court				
Public Safety	3,692,725	3,728,078	3,514,526	213,552
Debt Service:				
Principal	2,686	2,686	-	2,686
Interest and Fiscal Charges	165	165	-	165
Total District Court	3,695,576	3,730,929	3,514,526	216,403

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 4 of 7

				Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Emergency Management:				
Public Safety	1,426,524	1,445,093	1,331,915	113,178
Capital Outlay	-	-	22,473	(22,473)
Transfers Out	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Emergency Management	1,428,524	1,447,093	1,356,388	90,705
Human Resources:				
General Government	1,703,977	1,706,422	1,502,899	203,523
Public Safety	137,237	134,792	119,419	15,373
Capital Outlay	-	14,640	14,640	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	9,858	9,858	4,576	5,282
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,656	2,656	1,179	1,477
Total Human Resources	1,853,728	1,868,368	1,642,713	225,655
Juvenile Probation:				
Public Safety	7,433,216	7,420,677	6,987,339	433,338
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	3,462	(3,462)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	184	(184)
Total Juvenile Probation	7,433,216	7,420,677	6,990,985	429,692

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 5 of 7

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Non-Departmental:				
General Government	2,028,856	1,162,288	1,035,763	126,525
Public Safety	207,637	207,637	155,399	52,238
Utilities & Environment	695,925	695,925	686,664	9,261
Transportation	500	500	6,345	(5,845)
Economic Environment	328,500	306,500	315,076	(8,576)
Culture and Recreation	-	-	3,283	(3,283)
Transfers Out	2,298,215	2,021,376	1,924,776	96,600
Total Non-Departmental	5,559,633	4,394,226	4,127,306	266,920
Planning:				
Economic Environment	2,740,404	3,253,412	1,990,282	1,263,130
Total Planning	2,740,404	3,253,412	1,990,282	1,263,130
PreTrial Services:				
Public Safety	549,391	570,791	527,313	43,478
Total PreTrial Services	549,391	570,791	527,313	43,478
Prosecuting Attorney:				
Public Safety	8,806,586	9,082,538	9,037,854	44,684
Capital Outlay	-	7,817	7,821	(4)
Debt Service:		·	·	, ,
Principal	20,400	20,400	18,948	1,452
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,400	5,400	3,364	2,036
<b>Total Prosecuting Attorney</b>	8,832,386	9,116,155	9,067,987	48,168
State Examiner:				
General Government	131,000	131,000	122,501	8,499
Total State Examiner	131,000	131,000	122,501	8,499

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 6 of 7

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Sheriff:				
Public Safety	17,423,596	18,002,660	17,892,652	110,008
Capital Outlay	5,000	29,329	83,914	(54,585)
Principal	9,079	9,079	7,877	1,202
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,867	2,867	1,642	1,225
Transfers Out		138,000	136,081	1,919
Total Sheriff	17,440,542	18,181,935	18,122,166	59,769
Superior Court:				
Public Safety	5,711,203	5,892,330	5,711,281	181,049
Debt Service:				
Principal	5,300	5,300	4,865	435
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,623	2,623	254	2,369
Total Superior Court	5,719,126	5,900,253	5,716,400	183,853
Treasurer's Office				
General Government	1,230,372	1,230,372	1,166,319	64,053
Total Treasurer's Office	1,230,372	1,230,372	1,166,319	64,053
WSU Extension				
Culture and Recreation	501,744	501,744	475,657	26,087
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,417	1,417	3,081	(1,664)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,615	1,615	222	1,393
Total WSU Extension	504,776	504,776	478,960	25,816
Total General Fund Expenditures	99,862,297	101,818,742	98,071,652	3,747,090

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 7 of 7

#### **Reconciliation of Budgetary Perspective Differences Due to GASB 54:**

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Fair:				
Culture and Recreation	605,267	620,267	594,681	25,586
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	1,136	(1,136)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	1,272	(1,272)
Total Fair	605,267	620,267	597,089	23,178
Historic Preservation:				
General Government	34,817	47,971	37,307	10,664
Transfers Out	23,000	23,000	20,821	2,179
Total Historic Preservation	57,817	70,971	58,128	12,843
Public, Educational & Governmental Access:				
General Government	60,000	60,000	55,890	4,110
Transfers Out	425,000	425,000	390,697	34,303
Total Public, Educational & Governmental Access	485,000	485,000	446,587	38,413
Prisoner Concession:				
Public Safety	339,522	339,813	323,272	16,541
<b>Total Prisoner Concession</b>	339,522	339,813	323,272	16,541
Sobriety Program 24/7:				
Public Safety		-	5	(5)
Total Sobriety Program 24/7	-	-	5	(5)
Total GASB 54 Expenditures	1,487,606	1,516,051	1,425,081	90,970
Total Reported General Fund Expenditures	101,349,903	103,334,793	99,496,733	3,838,060
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(7,110,662)	(6,987,550)	(4,011,144)	2,976,406
Fund Balances as of January 1	15,158,477	15,875,594	17,315,018	1,439,424
Prior Period Adjustments			(1,418,974)	(1,418,974)
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	15,158,477	15,875,594	15,896,044	20,450
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 8,047,815	\$ 8,888,044	\$ 11,884,900	\$ 2,996,856

Medic One
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 10,603,000	\$ 10,603,000	\$ 10,581,366	\$ (21,634)
Intergovernmental	59,320	59,320	50,815	(8,505)
Charges for Services	24,030	24,030	10,277	(13,753)
Miscellaneous Revenue	304,370	304,370	65,831	(238,539)
Total Revenues	10,990,720	10,990,720	10,708,289	(282,431)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Health & Human Services	12,746,662	12,765,231	12,181,890	583,341
Capital Outlay	611,632	1,411,632	1,105,982	305,650
Debt Service:				
Principal	4,532	4,532	4,532	-
Interest & Fiscal Charges	381	381	381	<del>-</del>
Total Expenditures	13,363,207	14,181,776	13,292,785	888,991
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(2,372,487)	(3,191,056)	(2,584,496)	606,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Capital Lease Financing				
Sale of Capital Assets	33,000	33,000	111,822	78,822
Transfers In	499	499	-	(499)
Transfers Out	(499)	(499)	-	499
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	33,000	33,000	111,822	78,822
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(2,339,487)	(3,158,056)	(2,472,674)	685,382
Fund Balances as of January 1	15,704,390	15,163,741	15,163,741	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 13,364,903	\$ 12,005,685	\$ 12,691,067	\$ 685,382

## Public Health & Social Services Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	653,454	\$ 653,454	\$ 841,606	\$ 188,152
Licenses & Permits		674,490	674,490	827,207	152,717
Intergovernmental		8,823,288	8,910,124	6,894,662	(2,015,462)
Charges for Services	1	5,486,974	15,563,211	7,220,420	(8,342,791)
Miscellaneous Revenue		642,442	643,842	747,701	103,859
Total Revenues	2	26,280,648	26,445,121	16,531,596	(9,913,525)
Expenditures:					
Current:	_				
Health & Human Services	1	9,697,776	19,135,913	16,500,862	2,635,051
Capital Outlay		-	31,071	31,071	-
Debt Service:		40.005	40.005	7 407	C 400
Principal		13,625 1,549	13,625 1,549	7,127 1,838	6,498 (289)
Interest & Fiscal Charges		1,549	1,549	1,030	(209)
Total Expenditures	1	9,712,950	19,182,158	16,540,898	2,641,260
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		6,567,698	7,262,963	(9,302)	(7,272,265)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Capital Lease Financing		-	31,071	31,071	-
Sale of Capital Assets		5,912	5,912	7,800	1,888
Transfers In		1,508,877	1,508,877	1,508,877	-
Transfers Out		-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,514,789	1,545,860	1,547,748	1,888
Net Changes In Fund Balances		8,082,487	8,808,823	1,538,446	(7,270,377)
Fund Balances as of January 1		1,291,987	7,747,525	7,748,100	575
Prior Period Adjustments		-	-	251,124	251,124
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated		1,291,987	7,747,525	7,999,224	251,699
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	9,374,474	\$ 16,556,348	\$ 9,537,670	\$ (7,018,678)

## Roads and Transportation Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Onivirual	Final		Variance with
	Original 2017	Final 2017	Actual	Final Budget Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				,
Taxes	\$ 19,340,000	\$ 19,340,000	\$ 19,329,663	\$ (10,337)
Licenses & Permits	464,750	464,750	815,910	351,160
Intergovernmental	10,578,837	11,686,606	8,875,737	(2,810,869)
Charges for Services	834,311	900,311	1,212,702	312,391
Miscellaneous Revenue	81,100	76,100	83,347	7,247
Total Revenues	31,298,998	32,467,767	30,317,359	(2,150,408)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Culture & Recreation	3,115,458	904,430	746,688	157,742
Transportation	24,175,467	26,685,683	23,830,966	2,854,717
Capital Outlay	10,689,148	11,826,648	6,355,466	5,471,182
Debt Service:				
Principal	67,899	67,899	66,687	1,212
Interest & Fiscal Charges	37,835	37,835	37,324	511
Total Expenditures	38,085,807	39,522,495	31,037,131	8,485,364
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(6,786,809)	(7,054,728)	(719,772)	6,334,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	120,000	120,000	483,659	363,659
Transfers In	3,087,316	2,582,316	2,128,750	(453,566)
Transfers Out	(1,762,115)	(1,904,115)	(1,135,330)	768,785
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,445,201	798,201	1,477,079	678,878
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(5,341,608)	(6,256,527)	757,307	7,013,834
Fund Balances as of January 1	11,364,616	19,736,345	19,736,645	300
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 6,023,008	\$ 13,479,818	\$ 20,493,952	\$ 7,014,134

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### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

Ente	erprise	Func	IS
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				Land Use	Other	Total	Internal
	Solid	Grand	Storm	And	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
ASSETS	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting	Funds	Funds	Funds
Current Assets:							
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 28,348,978	\$ 2,152,847	\$ 10,327,231	\$ 2,743,333	\$ 1,462,509	\$ 45,034,898	\$ 42,298,894
Receivables:							
Special Assessment Receivables	-	96,983	307,279	-	46,314	450,576	-
Accrued Interest & Penalties	-	18,170	22,105	5,513	3,865	49,653	27,685
Customer Account Receivables	2,665,176	184,219	-	672	79,227	2,929,294	1,196
Due From Other Funds	3,221	149,262	216,474	182,622	510	552,089	96,801
Due From Other Government Units	343,650	2,995	-	-	857	347,502	7,780
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	337,467
Prepayments	-	-	-	21,192	-	21,192	34,344
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Pooled Investments	-	113,108	-	-	77,885	190,993	-
Total Current Assets	31,361,025	2,717,584	10,873,089	2,953,332	1,671,167	49,576,197	42,804,167
Noncurrent Assets:							
Community Loans Receivable	-	-	-	-	148,344	148,344	-
Special Assessment Receivables	-	94,499	-	-	210,249	304,748	-
Capital Assets:							
Non-Depreciable	1,358,436	1,690,142	734,549	-	68,981	3,852,108	5,193,657
Depreciable, Net	8,339,665	11,577,495	6,282,769	29,467	2,999,633	29,229,029	37,062,270
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Pooled Investments	13,711,812	-	-	-	-	13,711,812	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	23,409,913	13,362,136	7,017,318	29,467	3,427,207	47,246,041	42,255,927
Total Assets	54,770,938	16,079,720	17,890,407	2,982,799	5,098,374	96,822,238	85,060,094
Deferred Outflow of Resources:							
Loss on Refunding	_	78,173	_	_	_	78,173	_
Pensions	227,478	40,897	207,834	231,036	28,332	735,577	686,743
i disions	221,410	+0,037	207,034	201,000	20,332	100,011	000,743
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	227,478	119,070	207,834	231,036	28,332	813,750	686,743
	·						

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

Page 2 of 2

	Enterprise Funds						
				Land Use	Other	Total	Internal
	Solid	Grand	Storm	And	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service
LIABILITIES	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting	Funds	Funds	Funds
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	1,560,260	95,306	252,328	175,860	57,039	2,140,793	1,376,515
Notes/Leases Payable	4,371	5,165	1,495	7,494	47,198	65,723	2,444
Due To Other Funds	735,816	3,956	112,082	43,129	135	895,118	5,778
Due To Other Government Units	5,468	-	-	-	-	5,468	-
Compensated Absences	11,410	3,891	11,160	13,213	773	40,447	43,417
Claims and Judgments Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	380,227
Unearned Revenue	-	34,668	-	725,222	9,000	768,890	-
Lim. Tax G. O. Bond - Current Portion	-	1,097,250	-	-	-	1,097,250	107,250
Spec Assessment Debt - Govern. Commitment	-	-	-	-	78,282	78,282	-
Total Current Liabilities	2,317,325	1,240,236	377,065	964,918	192,427	5,091,971	1,915,631
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Limited G.O. Bonds Payable	-	1,422,621	-	-	-	1,422,621	1,747,350
Special Assess. Debt - Gov. Commitment	-	-	-	-	191,412	191,412	-
Compensated Absences	204,416	69,707	199,927	236,716	13,862	724,628	777,833
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable	1,100,316	141,831	715,908	916,273	103,559	2,977,887	2,487,671
Claims and Judgments Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,128,995
Notes/Leases Payable	4,555	41,320	-	22,472	448,843	517,190	7,769
Accumulated Landfill Closure Costs	14,910,873	-	-	-	-	14,910,873	-
Net Pension Liability	1,645,242	295,794	1,503,166	1,670,978	204,912	5,320,092	4,966,905
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,865,402	1,971,273	2,419,001	2,846,439	962,588	26,064,703	14,116,523
Total Liabilities	20,182,727	3,211,509	2,796,066	3,811,357	1,155,015	31,156,674	16,032,154
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Pensions	264,195	47,498	241,381	268,329	32,905	854,308	797,592
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,689,175	10,779,454	7,015,823	(499)	2,798,920	30,282,873	40,391,114
Restricted For:							
Debt Service	-	317,514	-	-	336,053	653,567	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	24,862,319	1,842,815	8,044,971	(865,352)	803,813	34,688,566	28,525,977
Total Net Position	\$ 34,551,494	\$ 12,939,783	\$ 15,060,794	\$ (865,851)	\$ 3,938,786	\$ 65,625,006	\$ 68,917,091

### Reconciliation of The Statement of Net Position of Proprietary Funds To The Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	 Type Funds
Enterprise net position as shown in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position	\$ 65,625,006
Internal balances for additional amounts owed between governmental and business units have not been included in governmental fund statements.	 1,642,255
Net position for business-type funds as shown in Statement of Net Position	\$ 67,267,261

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

**Enterprise Funds** 

	Enterprise Funds							
				Land Use	Other	Total	Internal	
	Solid	Grand	Storm	And	Enterprise	Enterprise	Service	
	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting	Funds	Funds	Funds	
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$24,774,076	\$ 1,769,655	\$ 6,664,309	\$3,737,994	\$ 726,589	\$37,672,623	\$19,363,339	
Equipment Rental	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,359,809	
Miscellaneous	247,769	32,282	-	372	8,567	288,990	15,323	
Total Operating Revenues	25,021,845	1,801,937	6,664,309	3,738,366	735,156	37,961,613	27,738,471	
Operating Expenses:								
Salaries and Benefits	2,706,305	575,734	2,580,572	3,246,119	372,864	9,481,594	9,171,209	
Other Supplies and Expenses	124,219	132,656	137,646	62,291	63,535	520,347	2,658,355	
Contractual Services	2,764,697	339,474	829,962	151,102	197,552	4,282,787	6,506,707	
Longhaul Contract	13,669,167	-	-	-	-	13,669,167	-	
Interfund Services and Charges	2,096,921	216,690	1,401,990	1,083,806	121,910	4,921,317	1,811,378	
Depreciation/Amortization	1,107,195	613,066	593,314	7,687	184,264	2,505,526	4,709,890	
Claims Payments	=	=	=	-	-	-	1,357,304	
Total Operating Expenses	22,468,504	1,877,620	5,543,484	4,551,005	940,125	35,380,738	26,214,843	
Operating Income (Loss)	2,553,341	(75,683)	1,120,825	(812,639)	(204,969)	2,580,875	1,523,628	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):								
Interest Revenue	-	22,868	55,995	4,529	23,333	106,725	21,831	
Operating Grants & Contributions	45,436	=	12,221	-	-	57,657	1,113	
Gain/Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	(40,057)	=	-	-	-	(40,057)	(4,203,839)	
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,960	
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges	(1,869)	(119,911)	(253)	(1,000)	(12,601)	(135,634)	(60,420)	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	3,510	(97,043)	67,963	3,529	10,732	(11,309)	(4,125,355)	
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	2,556,851	(172,726)	1,188,788	(809,110)	(194,237)	2,569,566	(2,601,727)	
Capital Grants & Contributions	-	31,868	-	-	-	31,868	-	
Interfund Capital Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	203,555	
Transfers In	-	404,755	-	433,644	-	838,399	4,185,375	
Transfers Out	(999,333)	-	(17,065)	_	-	(1,016,398)	(527,502)	
Change in Net Position	1,557,518	263,897	1,171,723	(375,466)	(194,237)	2,423,435	1,259,701	
Net Position as of January 1	32,993,976	12,675,886	13,889,071	(490,385)	4,133,023	63,201,571	67,657,390	
Net Position as of December 31	\$34,551,494	\$12,939,783	\$15,060,794	\$ (865,851)	\$ 3,938,786	\$65,625,006	\$68,917,091	

## Reconciliation of The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Net Position of Proprietary Funds To The Statement of Activities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Funds			
Change in enterprise net position as shown in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	\$	2,423,435		
Internal services, provided primarily by internal service funds, also occurs between other County funds. The net effect of the elimination of these services is reflected in the statement of activities:				
Other interfund transactions		1,338,805		
Allocated direct and indirect costs from the County's cost plan		(1,310,166)		
Change in net position for business-type funds as shown in the Statement of Activities	\$	2,452,074		

### Statement Of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

**Enterprise Funds Land Use** Other Total Internal Solid Grand **Enterprise** Service Storm And **Enterprise** Waste Mound Water Permitting **Funds Funds Funds Cash Flows from Operating Activities:** \$ 25,103,940 \$ 1,742,306 \$ 6,744,773 \$ 4,669,382 Cash Received from Customers 807,578 39,067,979 \$ 29,113,408 Cash Paid for Goods & Services (18,554,588)(659, 169)(2,551,940)(1,248,946)(385,420)(23,400,063)(12,012,226)Cash Paid to Employees (3,253,082)(566, 188)(2,829,292)(3,310,880)(403,348)(10,362,790)(9,949,527)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 3,296,270 516,949 1,363,541 109,556 18,810 5,305,126 7,151,655 **Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:** Transfers In 404,755 433,644 838,399 3,828,437 Transfers Out (682,028)(17.065)(699,093)(473,475)**Grant Proceeds** 451,544 9,854 46,349 5,405 237 513,389 1,113 Tax and Assessment Receipts (43,749)(43,749)Community Loans Issued to Homeowners 14,995 14,995 Community Loan Financing Payments (44,697)(44,697)Insurance Recoveries 115,960 Interest Payments (12,601)(12,601)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital **Financing Activities** (230,484)414,609 (14,465)439,049 (42,066)566,643 3,472,035 Cash Flows from Capital & **Related Financing Activities:** Cash Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 5,443 5,443 622,762 Capital Asset Purchases (667,449)(735,490)(38,090)(7,036,717)(279, 259)(1,720,288)Bond/Loan Payments (1,005,313)(106,985)(4,071)(3,404)(7,277)(78,276)(1,098,341)Contributed Capital 31,869 31,869 Assessment Receipts 50,806 231,359 180,553 Interest Payments (1,869)(109,812)(253)(1,000)(112,934)(60,420)Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activities (667,946)(1,181,962)(739, 147)(8,277)(65,560)(2,662,892)(6,581,360)**Cash Flows from Investing Activities:** Interest Receipts 31,366 50,150 2,705 22,801 107,022 15,254 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities 31,366 50,150 2,705 22,801 107,022 15,254 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents 2,397,840 (219,038)660,079 543,033 4,057,584 (66,015)3,315,899 Cash & Cash Equivalents as of January 1 39,662,950 2,484,993 9,667,152 2,200,300 1,606,409 55,621,804 38,241,310 Cash & Cash Equivalents as of December 31 \$ 42,060,790 \$ 2,265,955 \$ 10,327,231 \$ 2,743,333 \$ 1,540,394 \$ 42,298,894

## Statement Of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

Internal Service   Solid   Waste   Wound   Waster   Was		Enterprise Funds													
Maste   Mound   Moun									Other Total			– Internal			
Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income			Solid		Grand		Storm		And		nterprise	E	Enterprise	Service	
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income   Operating Income			Waste		Mound		Water	P	Permitting	•		•		Funds	
Operating Income         \$ 2,553,341         \$ (75,683)         \$ 1,120,825         \$ (812,639)         \$ (204,969)         \$ 2,580,875         \$ 1,523,628           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:           Depreciation Expense         1,107,195         613,066         593,314         7,687         184,264         2,505,526         4,709,890           Clustomer Account Receivables         (282,066)         32,816         -         2,178         25,668         (221,804)         3,489           Due from Other Geovernment Units         9,886         (131,825)         (197,754)         (94,632)         3,227         (411,099)         409,372           Inventories         2,626         1,626         2,627         2,627         2,628         2,623,333           Inventories         2,626         1,626         2,627         2,627         2,627         2,627         3,898           Inventories         2,227         2,233         2,848         2,649         5,626         10,166         324,709         394,390           Increase) Decrease (in:         2,241,337         2,938         7,849         5,626         10,166         324,709         394,390           Due to Other Government Units </th <th>Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net</th> <th></th>	Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net														
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:  Depreciation Expense	Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income:														
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense         1,107,195         613,066         593,314         7,687         184,264         2,505,526         4,709,890           Clostomer Account Receivables         (282,066)         32,816         -         2,178         25,268         (221,804)         3,489           Due from Other Funds         9,886         (131,825)         (197,754)         (94,632)         3,227         (411,098)         409,372           Due from Other Government Units         -         -         -         (20,735)         -         (20,735)         15,875           Inventories         -         -         -         (20,735)         -         (20,735)         3,899           Prepaid Expense         -         -         -         (20,735)         -         (20,735)         3,899           Increase (Decrease) in:            -         -         (20,735)         324,709         394,390           Due to Other Founds         211,821         263         (190,191)         12,719         (12,589)         22,023         (183,390           Due to Other Government Units         (14,849)         -         -         -         -         -	Operating Income	\$	2,553,341	\$	(75,683)	\$	1,120,825	\$	(812,639)	\$	(204,969)	\$	2,580,875	\$ 1,	523,628
Depreciation Expense   1,107,195   613,066   593,314   7,687   184,264   2,505,526   4,709,890	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:														
Clustomer Account Receivables   (282,066)   32,816     2,178   25,268   (221,804)   3,488   (201,804)   3,489   3,489   (201,804)   3,489   3,489   (201,804)   3,489			1.107.195		613.066		593.314		7.687		184.264		2.505.526	4.	709.890
Customer Account Receivables (282,066) 32,816 - 2,178 25,268 (221,804) 3,489   Due from Other Funds 9,886 (131,825) (197,754) (94,632) 3,227 (411,098) 409,372   Due from Other Government Units			.,,		,				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		_,,,,	-,	,
Due from Other Funds	` '		(282,066)		32,816		-		2,178		25,268		(221,804)		3,489
Due from Other Government Units							(197,754)		,				, ,		409,372
Inventories			-		-		-		-		•		-		15,875
Prepaid Expense   -	Inventories		-		-		-		_		_		_		(27,333)
Accounts Payable   221,037   29,388   7,849   56,269   10,166   324,709   394,390   20 to Other Funds   211,821   263   (190,191)   12,719   (12,589)   22,023   (183,390)   20 to Other Government Units   (1,454)   -	Prepaid Expense		-		_		-		(20,735)		_		(20,735)		3,899
Due to Other Funds 211,821 263 (190,191) 12,719 (12,589) 22,023 (183,390) Due to Other Government Units (1,454) (1,454) (345) Claims and Judgments (1,454) (345) Claims and Judgments (1,454) (345) Unearned Revenue (12,717) - 725,222 4,041 716,546 (10,717) Compensated Absences Payable 150,445 49,348 52,937 189,204 25,090 467,024 416,763 Net Pension Liability (342,947) 12,293 (23,439) 44,283 (15,688) (325,498) (248,880) Accumulated Landfill Closure (330,988) (330,988) (248,880) Accumulated Landfill Closure (330,988) (330,988) (248,880)  Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601)  Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601)  Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938  Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938	Increase (Decrease) in:								, , ,				, , ,		•
Due to Other Government Units (1,454) (1,454) (345) (1,454	Accounts Payable		221,037		29,388		7,849		56,269		10,166		324,709	;	394,390
Due to Other Government Units (1,454) (1,454) (345) (1,454	Due to Other Funds		211,821		263		(190,191)		12,719		(12,589)		22,023	(	183,390)
Claims and Judgments	Due to Other Government Units		(1,454)		-		-		-				(1,454)		(345)
Compensated Absences Payable         150,445         49,348         52,937         189,204         25,090         467,024         416,763           Net Pension Liability         (342,947)         12,293         (23,439)         44,283         (15,688)         (325,498)         (248,880)           Accumulated Landfill Closure         (330,988)         -         -         -         -         -         (330,988)         -           Total Adjustments         742,929         592,632         242,716         922,195         223,779         2,724,251         5,628,027           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         \$ 3,296,270         \$ 516,949         \$ 1,363,541         \$ 109,556         \$ 18,810         \$ 5,305,126         \$ 7,151,655           Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:         Disposition of Capital Assets:           Loss on Disposition         \$ (45,500)         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ (45,500)         \$ (4,826,601)           Transfers In         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 356,938           Transfers Out         \$ (317,305)         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ -	Claims and Judgments		-		-		-		-		-		-		134,297
Net Pension Liability Accumulated Landfill Closure  (330,988) (330,988) (330,988)  Total Adjustments  742,929 592,632 242,716 922,195 223,779 2,724,251 5,628,027  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities  Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing  Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition  \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) \$ Transfers In  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 \$ Transfers Out  \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Unearned Revenue		-		(12,717)		-		725,222		4,041		716,546		-
Accumulated Landfill Closure (330,988) (330,988) (330,988) (330,988) (330,988) (330,988)	Compensated Absences Payable		150,445		49,348		52,937		189,204		25,090		467,024		416,763
Total Adjustments 742,929 592,632 242,716 922,195 223,779 2,724,251 5,628,027  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 3,296,270 \$ 516,949 \$ 1,363,541 \$ 109,556 \$ 18,810 \$ 5,305,126 \$ 7,151,655  Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Net Pension Liability		(342,947)		12,293		(23,439)		44,283		(15,688)		(325,498)	(:	248,880)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities \$ 3,296,270 \$ 516,949 \$ 1,363,541 \$ 109,556 \$ 18,810 \$ 5,305,126 \$ 7,151,655  Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Accumulated Landfill Closure		(330,988)		-		-		-		-		(330,988)		-
Activities \$ 3,296,270 \$ 516,949 \$ 1,363,541 \$ 109,556 \$ 18,810 \$ 5,305,126 \$ 7,151,655 \$ Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) \$ Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 \$ Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Total Adjustments		742,929		592,632		242,716		922,195		223,779		2,724,251	5,	628,027
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing  Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) \$ Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	3,296,270	\$	516,949	\$	1,363,541	\$	109,556	\$	18,810	\$	5,305,126	\$ 7,	151,655
Activities:  Disposition of Capital Assets:  Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) \$ Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938			, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· ·		,		,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		· · · · · ·
Disposition of Capital Assets:         Loss on Disposition       \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601)         Transfers In       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938         Transfers Out       \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing														
Loss on Disposition \$ (45,500) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (45,500) \$ (4,826,601) Transfers In \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938 Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Activities:														
Transfers In       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 356,938         Transfers Out       \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Disposition of Capital Assets:														
Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Loss on Disposition	\$	(45,500)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(45,500)	\$ (4,	826,601)
Transfers Out \$ (317,305) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (317,305) \$ (54,027)	Transfers In	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	356,938
	Transfers Out	\$	(317,305)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(317,305)		(54,027)
	Contributions	\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	· · /		

### Statement Of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

ASSETS		Investment Trust Fund		Private pose Trust Fund	Agency Funds		
Assets:							
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	563,057,173	\$	3,727,490	\$	13,847,271	
Cash and Investments in Trust		-		-		337,904	
Deposits with Fiscal Agent		-		-		10,000	
Receivables:							
Accrued Interest Receivables		2,821		-		-	
Customer Account Receivables		8,601		-		-	
Investments at Fair Value:							
US Agency & Instrumentality Securities		(4,138,162)		-			
Total Assets		558,930,433		3,727,490		14,195,175	
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Warrant Payable		-		-		12,483,782	
Accounts Payable		-		-		638,484	
Payroll Payable		-		-		725,005	
Due to Other Governments		-				347,904	
Total Liabilities		-				14,195,175	
NET POSITION							
Net Position Held in Trust for Pool Participants		558,930,433		-		-	
Net Position Held in Trust for Other Purposes		<u> </u>		3,727,490			
Total Net Position	\$	558,930,433	\$	3,727,490	\$		

### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Private
	Investment	Purpose
	 Trust Fund	Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Additions By Participants	\$1,259,135,165	\$ 10,317,413
Trust Revenues	244,212	-
Total Contributions	1,259,379,377	10,317,413
Investment Income:		_
Net Increase (Decrease) In Fair Value Of Investments	(4,138,162)	-
Interest, Dividends and Other	 6,377,641	154
Total Investment Income	2,239,479	154
Total Additions	 1,261,618,856	10,317,567
Deductions:		
Distributions to Participants	1,265,622,440	9,507,077
Trust Administrative Costs	244,212	-
Total Deductions	1,265,866,652	9,507,077
Change in Net Position Held for Individuals,		
Organizations and Other Governments	(4,247,796)	810,490
Net Position as of January 1 - Restated	 563,178,229	2,917,000
Net Position as of December 31	\$ 558,930,433	\$ 3,727,490

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Year Ended December 31, 2017

### NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Thurston County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The county was incorporated in 1852 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to counties. As required by the generally accepted accounting principles the financial statements present Thurston County, the primary government. During 2017, the county had no component units currently in operation for which it was financially accountable. See next paragraph for a component unit not currently in operation. Thurston County is a statute county, which means the organization of the county is prescribed by state statute. The county has a commissioner form of government with a governing body consisting of three county commissioners.

### **Blended Component Unit:**

On December 31, 2014, the Thurston County Board of County Commissioners adopted an ordinance establishing the Thurston County Transportation Benefit District (TBD) in unincorporated Thurston County, pursuant to chapter 36.73 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW). The purpose of the TBD, as an independent taxing authority, is to provide a source of funding for transportation improvements that preserve, maintain, and improve the transportation and related infrastructure within the unincorporated limits of Thurston County. Once operational, the TBD is authorized to collect a \$20 per vehicle fee for vehicles registered to owners living in unincorporated Thurston County. An interlocal agreement between the TBD and the county has been entered into for the purpose of identifying the responsibilities of the TBD and the county.

As soon as operational, the TBD will be a component unit of the county because: 1) it is a separate legal entity; 2) The Board of County Commissioners comprises the Board of the TBD and has operational responsibility for the TBD; and 3) the county can impose its will on the TBD.

The TBD is governed by a three member board composed of the three members of the Thurston County Board of County Commissioners. Although it is legally separated from the county, the TBD will be reported as if it was part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance transportation improvements. The TBD did not collect any revenues in 2017 as an agreement on a funding mechanism has yet to be reached. As such, there were no financial operations for the TBD to report this year. It is expected that the TBD will begin to collect revenues and transfer them to the county in the near future.

# B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Our policy is to allocate indirect costs to a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements or a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financials statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Fiduciary Funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. For example, property taxes are recognized if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, fines and forfeitures and interest associated within the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- ➤ General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in another fund.
- > Roads Special Revenue Fund accounts for the design, construction, and maintenance of county roads. Most of the revenues for this fund come from transportation related taxes and grants.
- Medic One Special Revenue Fund accounts for countywide delivery of advanced life support response and transport services. The revenues for this fund come from a portion of the County's property tax levy.

- ➤ Real Estate Excise Tax fund a fund established for holding excise tax proceeds dedicated to capital projects from the one-half percent tax on real property sales in unincorporated Thurston County. This fund is a newly added major fund for 2016. In prior years it was a Non-Major Capital Projects fund.
- ➤ Public Health and Social Services Special Revenue Fund accounts for the following services: mental health, developmental disabilities, substance abuse prevention & treatment, children and family, environmental protection, and personal health. Most of the revenues in this fund come from health related state and federal grants.

### The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

- > Solid Waste accounts for county-wide solid waste activities including waste prevention, recycling and disposal activities at the county's waste and recovery center.
- > Grand Mound Water and Wastewater accounts for maintenance and operations of the Grand Mound water & wastewater systems.
- > Storm & Surface Water Utility accounts for assessments levied to minimize the harmful effects of storm water runoff and to construct and improve storm water run-off facilities within the utility's boundaries in unincorporated Thurston County.
- ➤ Land Use and Permitting accounts for the receipt of development license fees and service charges that support planning, permitting, and development inspection services within the unincorporated sections of Thurston County.

### Additionally, the county reports the following fund types:

- ➤ Internal Service Funds account for technology acquisition/improvement, building maintenance, equipment acquisition/maintenance, risk management and payroll/benefit administration provided to other departments or agencies of the county on a cost reimbursement basis.
- > Investment Trust Funds account for external pooled and non-pooled investments held by the County Treasurer on behalf of external participants in the county's investment program.
- > Private Purpose Trust Funds report amounts deposited with the County Clerk through Superior Court trust arrangements and agreements.
- ➤ Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for deposits and other assets that are temporarily held in suspense prior to transfer and distribution to other governmental units, private parties or the county.

As a general rule the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated for the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include exchange or exchange-like transactions for internal services that are normally provided internally or to the public. This excludes internal services of internal service funds since the doubling effect of the cost of these services has already been removed from the financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes, interest earnings, sale of capital assets (if material), and transfers.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Solid Waste, Grand Mound, Storm & Surface Water Utility, Land Use and Permitting, and Other Enterprise Funds and the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

### D. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

### 1. Scope of Budget

The county adopted a biennial budget beginning with the 2017/2018 budget period. Appropriations, however, still lapse at the end of each calendar year. Budgets are adopted for all county funds in accordance with the provisions of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW), as interpreted by Budgeting, Accounting, and Reporting System (BARS) of the State of Washington and on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations are authorized at the fund level for all funds, except the General Fund, where expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level. The budgets constitute the legal authority for expenditures at these levels.

During the budget process, each county official submits detailed estimates of anticipated revenue and expenditure requests for the subsequent budget year. The data is compiled and made available for public comment beginning the third week in September. A recommended budget is submitted to the Board of County Commissioners in the third week of November. Public hearings are held the first week of December and the final budget is adopted, by resolution, shortly thereafter.

### 2. Amending the Budget

The Board of County Commissioners must approve revisions that alter total expenditures of any county fund or General Fund department. These changes must be approved by resolution by a majority of Commissioners at a public hearing. General Fund departments or other county funds may transfer budget amounts between expenditure items without Board approval if these adjustments do not exceed the total department or fund budget.

The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the year.

The financial statements report authorized original and final budgets for that year. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized changes applicable for the fiscal year.

### E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance and Net Position

1. Cash Deposits and Investments (See Note IV – Deposits and Investments)

It is the County's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. At December 31, 2017, all cash and cash equivalents were cash on hand and demand deposits with average maturities as noted in Note IV. This amount is classified on the balance sheet as cash and pooled investments in various funds. The interest on these investments is allocated to the various funds on an average daily balance basis.

The amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents also include compensating balances maintained with certain banks in lieu of payments for services rendered. The average compensating balances maintained during the year was approximately \$9,210,000.

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. The county pools internal and external cash and investments into one pool for investment purposes with the County Treasurer, except as otherwise requested, in order to facilitate the management of cash. All securities are measured at fair value per the implementation of GASB 72.

Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. Earnings on cash and cash equivalents accrue to the individual fund owning the cash, with the exception of the following funds, which accrue to the County's General Fund: Law Library, Auditor's Maintenance & Operation, Treatment Sales Tax, Medic One, Roads Operations, Prisoner's Concession, Solid Waste, Insurance Risk, Central Services, Equipment Rental & Revolving, and Agency Clearing Funds. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the county considers all amounts invested in its cash pool to be cash and cash equivalents. All other investments, if applicable, are reported as investments at cost. For more information on the County's investments, see Note IV – Deposits and Investments.

### 2. Receivables (See Note VII – Receivable Balances)

Taxes receivable consist of delinquent property taxes and related interest and penalties (See Property Taxes Note V). The County considers property taxes to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. However, the County does not accrue these amounts as revenue unless they are material to the amount collected or to the outstanding balance.

Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments, notes, and contracts at the end of the year. The county considers interest on investments to be available if they will be collected within 60 days after year-end. However, the County does not accrue these amounts as revenue unless they are material to the amount collected or to the outstanding balance.

Special Assessment receivables consist of current and delinquent assessments and related penalties and interest against the property benefited. Long-term special assessments are outstanding unbilled special assessments and are recorded when levied. Special assessments and utility billings are collectible through liens on property. Therefore, no estimates of uncollectible amounts are established. In the governmental funds, special assessment receivables are offset by Deferred Inflows of Resources – Special Assessments, for county road improvement and lake management districts, public health assessments, and the countywide noxious weed program. In enterprise funds, they represent receivables for repayment of general obligation and special assessment debt issued to construct water and wastewater facilities and to fund storm water operations. See Note VIII for more information about the county's debt.

Customer account receivables are amounts owed by private individuals or organizations for County services including amounts owned for which billings have not yet been prepared. They primarily include receivables for court fines and forfeitures, incarceration fees and fees for public health services. Receivable amounts exclude any amounts estimated to be material and uncollectible at year end.

3. Amounts Due to and from Other Funds and Governments, Accounts Payable, Interfund Loans and Advances Receivable

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements and outstanding at year end are reported in the fund financial statements as interfund loans receivable and payable if due within one year or advances to and from other funds if due within more than one year. Advances to other funds are offset by a non-spendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources. All other outstanding balances between funds, including interfund loans receivable and payable due within one year, are reported as "due to/from other funds".

The county reports accrued wages payable as accounts payable, whenever possible, for simplicity. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Interfund balances between governmental funds and interfund balances between proprietary funds have been eliminated and are not included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Due to and from other funds and other governments is reported as a cash flow change impacting operating activities in the statement of cash flows. However, cash flows from governmental receivables are treated differently for enterprise and internal service funds in the statement of cash flows. Due from other governments for enterprise funds is generally reported as a cash flow change impacting grant cash proceeds from non-capital financing activities. Due from other governments for internal service funds is generally reported as a cash flow change that impacts operating activities.

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are assets held for internal consumption or for resale. Any material inventory remaining at year-end is reported at market value and is included in the balance sheet of the appropriate fund.

The purchase method, where the cost is expended when the item is purchased, is used in governmental funds, except for the Roads special revenue and the Equipment Rental internal service funds, where the perpetual inventory method is used. The perpetual inventory method capitalizes the cost when inventory is purchased and then expends the cost when the item is consumed. Inventories recorded in the Roads Fund are stated at cost on a moving weighted average basis. Enterprise funds had no reportable material inventories at year end.

Prepayments are payments in advance of the receipt of goods and services in an exchange transaction and are recorded as an expenditure or expense only when consumed. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government wide and fund financial statements.

### 5. Capital Assets and Depreciation (See Note VI – Capital Assets and Commitments)

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements to land and buildings, vehicles, machinery, equipment, easements, construction in progress and infrastructure assets and all other tangible and intangible assets used in operations, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets are usually stationary and normally can be preserved a significantly greater number of years than most other capital assets. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, drainage systems, sidewalks, trails and paths, and water and sewer systems. Capital assets are defined by the county as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, including ancillary costs, with an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

In June 1999 Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement #34, which required the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local government's basic financial statements. In accordance with this Statement, the county has recorded the value of all infrastructure assets acquired after June 30, 1980 in its statement of net position. In certain instances, engineering estimates, as well as annual reports of the County Road Administration Board and Washington State Department of Transportation were used to value the estimated historical costs of assets. In other instances, historical costs were derived by estimated historical costs on a discounted and depreciated current replacement value basis. Infrastructure acquired prior to July 1, 1980, except for roads right of way/easements and certain storm water structures, is not reported.

Improvements to capital assets that replace depreciated assets, or materially add to the value or extend the life of the asset, are capitalized. Other repairs or normal maintenance are expensed. Outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. The net book values of infrastructure assets are removed from the system when fully depreciated. The net book values of all other fully and partially depreciated assets are retained within the system until replaced or sold.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Machinery & Equipment	3 – 20 years
Improvements	10 - 40 years
Buildings	10 - 40 years
Infrastructure	15 – 50 years

Machinery and equipment purchased on capital leases are treated as capital assets, indicating a constructive or actual transfer of the benefits and risks of ownership to the county, and are valued at the lesser of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments required by contract.

### 6. Compensated Absences (See Note VIII – Long Term and Other Significant Debt)

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation leave. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

### 7. Long-Term Debt (See Note VIII – Long Term and Other Significant Debt)

Revenue bonds and other long term liabilities (including general obligation bonds) that are directly related to and financed from enterprise funds are accounted for in the respective enterprise fund. All other county long-term debt is reported in the governmental column in the entity-wide statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line interest method since it is not materially different than the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

When bonds are sold by a governmental fund, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the fund financial statements in the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

Amounts reserved for long-term debt are shown as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements and restricted net position in the statement of net position.

#### 8. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements include amounts collected before revenue recognition criteria are met. Unearned revenues in the government-wide financial statements represent resources received but not yet earned.

### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position will generally report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense or expenditure) until then. The County currently reports two items as deferred outflows of resources. These items are deferred charge on refunding and amounts related to pensions. The statements of financial position will also generally report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. On the Statement of Net Position, the County currently reports two items as deferred inflows of resources. These items are deferred charge on refunding and amounts related to pensions. On the fund balance sheets the County reports unavailable revenue in this category. This arises from property taxes and related penalties/interest, special assessments and court fees. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

## 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of all state sponsored pension plans and additions to/deductions from those plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 11. Rebateable Arbitrage

Thurston County has not incurred any rebateable arbitrage as of December 31, 2017. Rebateable arbitrage, if incurred, will be treated as a reduction in revenue.

#### 12. Net Position

Fund equity is recognized as net position in proprietary funds and entity wide statements. A portion of the County's net position are subject to external legal restrictions on how they may be used and therefore are not available for general spending at the discretion of the county. This is considered restricted net position. Examples include fees and charges for services levied for a specific purpose or use, operating/capital grants restricted by the grantor, and Solid Waste cash and investments restricted to fund a 30 year landfill post-closure care period (see Note XIV – Closure and Post Closure Care Costs). When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the county's policy to use restricted resources, if available, before accessing and using unrestricted resources to finance the county's ongoing operations as reported in the Statements of Net Position and Activities.

### 13. Fund Balance Classification

Fund equity is recognized as fund balance in governmental funds. Beginning in 2011, the County has implemented GASB Statement No. 54 into its financial statements. Per this statement, there are five fund balance classifications as follows: Non-Spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

In relation to this statement, the County has adopted policy/procedure #2200. Specifics of this are as follows:

- The Board of County Commissioners (BoCC) is the highest level of decision making authority for the County. It has the authority to set aside governmental funds for a specific purpose. For funds to be set aside as committed for any purpose, a formal resolution by the BoCC is required to be passed, on or prior to, December 31st of the applicable calendar year. The same action is required by the BoCC to remove a commitment of fund balance.
- Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The BoCC, through policy, has authorized the County's Financial Management Committee (FMC) to assign fund balance. The FMC is a three-member committee made up of the County Manager, County Auditor and the County Treasurer. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, it is County policy that restricted funds be depleted first, before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last, unless legal requirements disallow it. It is also County policy that when committed, assigned and unassigned funds are available for expenditure, it is assumed that committed funds are spent first, assigned funds second, and unassigned funds last.

### 14. Minimum Fund Balance

The County's formal adopted minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund stipulates that the minimum balance should equal one month of average budgeted annual expenditures. The BoCC has the ultimate responsibility of monitoring this balance on a periodic basis. For all other governmental funds, establishment of an appropriate minimum balance is the responsibility of the department managing that fund.

### NOTE II – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position</u>

Fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet is reconciled to net position in the statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation, as detailed below, was for \$424,096,151 because the cost of capital assets, which is expended in governmental funds, is deferred to future periods in the statement of net position:

## Thurston County, Washington 2017

Governmental Net Book Value - End of Prior Year	\$ 430,542,090
Gains (Losses) and Adjustments on Dispositions of Capital Assets	(13,622)
Prior Period Adjustment	(4,624,725)
Governmental Capital Outlays	7,751,742
Governmental Depreciation & Amortization Expense	(9,559,334)
Governmental Net Book Value - End of Current Year	\$ 424,096,151

Another element of the reconciliation, as detailed below, was for \$63,101,277 because long-term debt, which is not reported in governmental funds, is reported in the statement of net position:

Governmental Debt - End of Prior Year	\$ 69,327,569
Bond/Note Proceeds	96,145
Refunding, Amortization, Deferrals & Debt Issue Costs	(463,772)
Principal Payments	 (5,858,665)
Computed Governmental Debt - End of Current Year	\$ 63,101,277

A third element of the reconciliation, as detailed below, was for \$67,657,390 because Internal Service Funds assets and liabilities transfers in/out, and Contributed Capital, which are separately reported in proprietary fund statements, are included and combined with governmental balances in the statement of net position:

Net Position - End of Prior Year Net Transfers In/Out Contributed Capital Net Profit Net Position - End of Current Year	\$ 67,657,390 3,657,873 203,555 (2,601,727) 68,917,091
Cash Capital Assets Other Assets Claims and Judgments Payable Other Liabilities Deferrals Net Position - End of Current Year	\$ 42,298,894 42,255,927 505,273 (4,128,995) (11,903,159) (110,849) 68,917,091

# B. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues,</u> <u>Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. These line item reconciliations are available and reported in detail within this statement.

### NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A. Budgetary Information

There have been no material violations of finance-related legal or contractual provisions.

### B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

There were no violations of excess expenditures over appropriations during 2017.

The Investment Administration, Tax Refund and Treasurer's M & O Funds were excluded from the special revenue combining schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual because these funds are not statutorily required to have budget authority and County budget policies do not require budgets for these funds.

### NOTE IV - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Thurston County Treasurer, acting in their legal capacity as Treasurer for the County and other taxing districts, receipts, disburses and invests all cash.

### A. Deposits

Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The County has an adopted policy that addresses deposit custodial risk; however, the County's deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). In the event of a bank failure, claims for the County's deposits would be satisfied by the FDIC or from the sale of collateral held in the PDPC pool. The PDPC is a statutory authority established under Chapter 39.58 of the Revised Code of Washington. All deposits held at December 31, 2017 and throughout the year were insured or collateralized with securities held by the County Treasurer or by their agent in the County Treasurer's name. Total undistributed cash deposits at December 31, 2017 were \$11,475,655.

### B. Investments

Investments are governed by State statute and county investment policy. All investment instruments are those allowed by statute include U.S. Treasury Notes, Federal Agencies, bankers' acceptances, short-term commercial paper, municipal bonds, money market account and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The County is a participant in the Local Government Investment Pool was authorized by Chapter 294, Laws of 1986, and is managed and operated by the Washington State Treasurer. The State Finance Committee is the administrator of the statute that created the pool and adopts rules. The State Treasurer is responsible for establishing the investment policy for the pool and reviews the policy annually and proposed changes are reviewed by the LGIP advisory Committee. Investments in the LGIP, a qualified external investment pool, are reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool. The pool portfolio is invested in a manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements set forth by the GASBS 79 for external investments pools that elect to measure, for financial reporting purposes, investments at amortized cost. The LGIP does not have any legally binding guarantees of share values. The LGIP does not impose liquidity fees or redemption gates on participant withdrawals. The Office of the State Treasurer prepares a stand-alone LGIP financial report. A copy of the report is available from the Office of the State Treasurer, PO Box 40200, Olympia, Washington 98504-0200, online at http://www.tre.wa.gov.

County investment policy dictates that all investment instruments be transacted on the delivery vs. payment basis. The County's safekeeping agent for investments is Wells Fargo Bank. The Agent agrees to provide Safekeeping Services, also referred to as Custodian Services, for custody, record keeping and cash management of the County's investments. During 2017 the County did not buy or own any securities earning interest at a rate which varied depending on an underlying rate or index.

### C. Thurston County Investment Pool (TCIP)

The Thurston County Investment Pool (TCIP) operates on an amortized cost-book value basis and reports on a fair value basis. The County Treasurer, the County Auditor and the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, as the statutory County Finance Committee, perform oversight of the pool's performance. There are no legally binding guarantees for the TCIP. Authorized investments for the TCIP are the same as investments held outside of the pool. These are defined in statute and discussed in Note IV (B). The TCIP also has holdings in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP portfolio is invested in a manner that meets the maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity requirements set forth by GASB for external investment pools that elect to measure investments at amortized cost. The only limitations or restrictions with the money in LGIP are a minimum transaction size of \$5,000 for deposits and withdrawals and a request to notify LGIP of a deposit or withdrawal of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) or more of at least one day prior to the transfer.

All funds deposited in the TCIP are available to the participant at full face value without regard to current market values of the investment pool. Earnings distributions, including any realized transactions in the pool, are distributed monthly, calculated on the average daily balance of the participant's cash balances. The Thurston County Treasurer, by law, is the Treasurer of most local governments and districts within the County, including schools, fire and library districts. These districts do not have a legal option to have their cash handled by anyone other than the County Treasurer.

The TCIP experienced a net decrease in the fair market value of the investments during 2017. At 12/31/2017, the market value of investments was \$5,605,607 lower than the amortized cost. Approximately 26% of this amount is applicable to county funds with the remainder applicable to outside entities participating in the pool. These unrealized losses have been recognized in the county funds per GASB 72. Management intends to hold these investments to maturity, unless value is gained by swapping out securities at a premium, recognizing income and reinvesting in a replacement security that balances out specific categories such as maturities, effective duration or types of investments. During 2017, TCIP sold three investments with a total realized gain of \$8,430.

Fair market value of the TCIP is reviewed by the County Treasurer, on a monthly basis, and quarterly by the County Finance Committee. Fair value is determined using information from "FinSer", a financial services reporting provider.

Participation in the TCIP is voluntary. Districts do have the option to participate in the TCIP or they can have the Treasurer manage their cash and investments outside of the TCIP by requesting specific investment amounts and maturity dates. Currently, there are no districts with investments outside the TCIP.

### D. Investments Measured at Amortized Cost

As of December 31, 2017, the County held the following investments at amortized cost:

Investment Type	Thurston County Investments		Investments held by Thurston County as an agent for other local governments		Total
Pool Investments:					
State Investment Pool	\$	39,810,179	\$	105,189,821	\$ 145,000,000
Money Market Accounts		5,491,059		14,508,941	20,000,000
Total Pool Investments	\$	45,301,238	\$	119,698,762	\$ 165,000,000

Credit risk related to investments at amortized costs is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To limit this risk, state law does not allow general governments to invest in corporate equities. County policy further limits risk to investments in securities that have one of the three highest ratings of a national rating agency at the time of investment. The County's exposure to credit risk is limited to its investment in the Washington State Investment Pool. This pool is currently not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### E. Investments Measured at Fair Value

The County measures and reports investments at fair value using the valuation input hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: These are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

At December 31, 2017, the County had the following investments measured at fair value:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
Investment Type	Fair Value	A	Quoted Prices in ctive markets for dentical Assets (Level 1)	(	nificant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Interest Rate Ranges
Municipal Bonds	\$ 5,623,126	\$	-	\$	5,623,126	0.58	1.50% to 4.062%
US Treasury Notes	24,877,148		24,877,148		-	0.75	.875% to 1.50%
US Agency Securities	564,433,649		-		564,433,649	1.92	.670% to 2.20%
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 594,933,923	\$	24,877,148	\$	570,056,775		

The County's investments measured at fair value are subject to the following risks:

- <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> The adopted investment policy limited investment maturities to a maximum of five years, with the exception of preapproval by the County Treasurer. During 2017 the County did not buy or own any securities earning interest at a rate which varied depending on an underlying rate or index.
- <u>Credit Risk</u> Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To limit this risk, state law does not allow general governments to invest in corporate equities. County policy further limits risk to investments in securities that have one of the three highest ratings of a national rating agency at the time of investment.

The ratings of debt securities as of December 31, 2017 are:

US Agency Security	S&P Rating
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	AA+
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)	AA+
Federal Farm Credit Bank System (FFCB)	AA+

WA Municipal Bonds	S&P Rating
Port Seattle WA Rev	A+
Energy Northwest WA Elec Rev	AA-
Snohomish Co BABS GO	AA+

<u>Concentration Risk</u> – Concentration risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The adopted investment policy requires that no more than 25% of the investments will be in a single security type, with the exception of U.S. treasury and agency securities and the State Local Government Investment Pool. The investments held are in compliance with this requirement.

### F. Deposits and Investments Reconciliations

A reconciliation of pool investments, investments, cash, cash deposits and pool accruals to the fund and entity wide statements is as follows:

# Schedules of Deposits and Investments Composition of Cash & Investments December 31, 2017

			Non-Pooled
		Pooled Cash	Cash &
	Total	Investments	Investments
State Investment Pool	\$ 145,000,000	\$ 145,000,000	\$ -
Municipal Bonds	5,605,000	5,605,000	-
US Treasury & Agency Securities	595,080,294	595,080,294	-
Money Market Accounts	20,000,000	20,000,000	-
Total Investment Pool Investments	765,685,294	765,685,294	-
Deposits With Financial Institutions	11,475,655	11,475,655	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(5,605,608)	(5,605,608)	-
Pool Accruals	(108,127)	(108,127)	-
Total Investment Pool Cash & Investments	771,447,214	771,447,214	-
Fiscal and Petty Cash	63,474	-	63,474
Clerk's Trust Funds	3,727,490		3,727,490
Total Reported Cash & Investments	\$ 775,238,178	\$ 771,447,214	\$ 3,790,964

# Reconciliation of Cash & Investments to Statements December 31, 2017

		Statem	ents of
		Fiduciary	Net
	Total	Net Position	Position
Cash & Pooled Investments - County Funds	\$ 198,331,606	\$ -	\$ 198,331,606
Cash & Pooled Investments - Investment Trust Fund	563,057,173	563,057,173	-
Cash & Pooled Investments - Agency Funds	14,185,175	14,185,175	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Agency Investment Fair Value	(4,138,162)	(4,138,162)	-
Pool Accruals	11,422	11,422	-
Total Investment Pool Cash & Investments	771,447,214	573,115,608	198,331,606
Fiscal and Petty Cash	63,474	10,000	53,474
Private Purpose Trust Funds	3,727,490	3,727,490	-
Total Reported Cash & Investments	\$ 775,238,178	\$ 576,853,098	\$ 198,385,080

A condensed statement of net position and statement of changes in net position for the external portion of the County's investment trust pool and the Clerk's private purpose trust fund at December 31, 2017 is reported in the following schedule:

# Condensed Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

		Private
	Investment	Purpose
	Trust	Trust
	Fund	Fund
Cash, Cash Equivalents, Investments and Pooled Investments	\$ 573,115,608	\$ 3,727,490
Total Assets	573,115,608	3,727,490
Pool Liabilities	(14,185,175)	-
Total Liabilities	(14,185,175)	-
Net Position Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$ 558,930,433	\$ 3,727,490

# Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position December 31, 2017

		Private
	Investment	Purpose
	Trust	Trust
	Fund	Fund
Changes in Net Position Resulting from Operations	\$ 6,377,641	\$ 154
Earnings Distributions to Participants	(6,377,641)	(154)
Changes in Net Position Resulting from Depositor Transactions	(4,247,796)	810,490
Net Position Available	(4,247,796)	810,490
Net Position Beginning of Year	563,178,229	2,917,000
Net Position End of Year	\$ 558,930,433	\$ 3,727,490

### **NOTE V - PROPERTY TAXES**

The County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities.

Property Tax Calendar					
January 1 Taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against the properties.					
April 30	First of two equal installment payments is due.				
October 31	Second installment is due.				

Property tax is recorded as a receivable when levied, but revenue is not recognized until collected. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is established because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible. An enforceable lien attaches at the point of levy. Interest accrues on delinquent taxes at a rate of 12% per annum. Penalties of 3% are assessed in June and 8% in December, in the first year of delinquency.

The County is permitted by law to levy up to a combined amount of \$4.05 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. A maximum of \$1.80 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation may be levied on all property in the County for general government services. A maximum of \$2.25 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation may be levied on property in unincorporated Thurston County for the County Road Fund for road construction and maintenance. However a county is authorized to increase its levy from \$1.80 to a rate not to exceed \$2.475 per \$1,000 of assessed value for general county purposes if the total levies for both the county and the county road district do not exceed \$4.05 per \$1,000 of assessed value, and no other taxing district has its levy reduced as a result of the increased county levy. These levies may be reduced subject to these limitations:

- 1. The district budget is one of the limitations on taxation.
- 2. The amount authorized by a district in their resolution or ordinance is another limitation on taxation. When district officials need to increase their budget over the spending of the previous year, they are required to pass one or more resolutions (or ordinances).
- 3. Statutory dollar rate limits are specified for regular property tax levy rates for most types of taxing districts in RCW 84.52.043.
- 4. Most taxing districts are authorized by state law to levy a certain rate each year without approval by the voters; these are commonly referred to as regular levies. The aggregate levies of junior taxing districts and senior taxing districts, other than the state, shall not exceed five dollars and ninety cents per thousand dollars of assessed valuations (RCW 84.52.043). At the county level this limitation does not apply to the Conservation Futures or Medic One levies.
- 5. The Washington State Constitution limits total regular property taxes to 1 percent of true and fair market valuation. This limit would equate to a regular levy rate of \$10 per \$1,000 of assessed value if the property were assessed at its true and fair value. If taxes for regular districts (excluding the Port & PUD) exceed this amount, the proration order starts with junior taxing districts first, then senior taxing districts, if necessary, until the total is at the 1 percent limit.

The County may voluntarily levy taxes below the legal limit. Special levies approved by the voters are not subject to the above limitations.

The following identifies the tax rates levied in 2016 for collection in 2017:

	Levy	Levy In Dollars		Assessed		Total
	Per <sup>-</sup>	Per Thousand		Value		Levy
General Fund	\$	1.2277	\$	30,034,610,293	\$	36,872,362
Medic One	\$	0.3501	\$	30,034,610,293	\$	10,514,594
Roads	\$	1.5497	\$	14,214,014,407	\$	22,027,464

# **NOTE VI - CAPITAL ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS**

# A. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 01/01/2017	Prior Period Adjustment	Revised Beginning Balance 01/01/2017	Increases	Decreases & Adjustments	Ending Balance 12/31/2017
GOVERNMENTAL TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable:						
Land	\$ 259,291,377	\$ -	\$ 259,291,377	\$ 977,102	\$ (677,410)	\$ 259,591,069
Construction in Progress	23,886,763	-	23,886,763	5,273,595	(877,556)	28,282,802
Intangible Assets	2,383,860	-	2,383,860	936,857	(372,500)	2,948,217
Capital Assets - Non-Depreciable	285,562,000	-	285,562,000	7,187,554	(1,927,466)	290,822,088
Capital Assets - Depreciable:						
Buildings	147,398,407	-	147,398,407	3,187,505	(5,252,136)	145,333,776
Intangible Assets	1,861,726	-	1,861,726	189,604	(302,655)	1,748,675
Improvements Other Than Buildings	6,820,473	-	6,820,473	-	(1,415,646)	5,404,827
Machinery & Equipment	43,126,829	4,327	43,131,156	6,916,427	(3,502,410)	46,545,173
Infrastructure	147,260,262	(4,459,841)	142,800,421	3,043,394	(18,380,320)	127,463,495
Original Cost	346,467,697	(4,455,514)	342,012,183	13,336,930	(28,853,167)	326,495,946
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	(44,620,347)	-	(44,620,347)	(4,013,499)	1,841,583	(46,792,263)
Improvements Other Than Buildings	(5,160,084)	-	(5,160,084)	(338,710)	697,734	(4,801,060)
Machinery & Equipment	(28,503,284)	(21,774)	(28,525,058)	(3,924,979)	2,122,478	(30,327,559)
Intangible Assets	(1,794,457)	-	(1,794,457)	(19,198)	240,221	(1,573,434)
Infrastructure	(78,949,024)	(147,437)	(79,096,461)	(5,972,840)	15,824,855	(69,244,446)
Accumulated Depreciation	(159,027,196)	(169,211)	(159,196,407)	(14,269,226)	20,726,871	(152,738,762)
Capital Assets - Depr, Net	187,440,501	-	182,815,776	(932,296)	(8,126,296)	173,757,184
Total Original Cost	632,029,697		627,574,183	20,524,484	(30,780,633)	617,318,034
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(159,027,196)	(169,211)	(159,196,407)	(14,269,226)	20,726,871	(152,738,762)
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$ 473,002,501	\$ (4,624,725)	\$ 468,377,776	\$ 6,255,258	\$ (10,053,762)	\$ 464,579,272

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation Expense was charged to functions as follows:					
General Government	\$	296,613			
Public Safety		2,350,031			
Utilities and Environment		773			
Transportation		6,388,813			
Economic Environment		1,477			
Health and Human Services		170,730			
Culture and Recreation		350,897			
Subtotal		9,559,334			
In addition, depreciation on capital assets held by the County's					
internal service funds is charged to the various functions based					
upon their usage of the assets.		4,709,890			
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	14,269,224			

Business Type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Decreases &	Ending Balance
	01/01/2017	Increases	Adjustments	12/31/2017
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,461,158	\$ 42,491	\$ -	\$ 1,503,649
Construction In Progress	387,782	1,412,830	(946,280)	854,332
Intangible	1,487,284	6,843	-	1,494,127
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	3,336,224	1,462,164	(946,280)	3,852,108
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	24,774,814	34,293	-	24,809,107
Intangible	1,858,553	_	_	1,858,553
Improvements other than buildings	22,865,218	386,105	(1,005,053)	22,246,270
Machinery & Equipment	5,783,048	165,748	(1,615,575)	4,333,221
Infrastructure	17,104,953	1,004,504	(76)	18,109,381
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	72,386,586	1,590,650	(2,620,704)	71,356,532
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	(11,193,562)	(746,564)	-	(11,940,126)
Improvements other than buildings	(20,915,149)	(244,241)	618,948	(20,540,442)
Machinery & Equipment	(3,363,506)	(343,952)	1,252,763	(2,454,695)
Intangible - M&E	(719,758)	(143,848)	<u>-</u>	(863,606)
Infrastructure	(5,301,713)	(1,026,921)		(6,328,634)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(41,493,688)	(2,505,526)	1,871,711	(42,127,503)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	30,892,898	(914,876)	(748,993)	29,229,029
Business Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 34,229,122	\$ 547,288	\$ (1,695,273)	\$ 33,081,137

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:					
Solid Waste	\$	1,107,195			
Water		231,586			
Sewer		565,744			
Stormwater		593,314			
Land Use & Permitting		7,687			
Total	\$	2,505,526			

# B. Construction Commitments

Management has determined that for materiality purposes, Public Works construction commitments of greater than \$1 million will be disclosed. All other funds will disclose construction commitments greater than \$100 thousand.

Thurston County has the following active construction commitments as of December 31, 2017:

				Remaining
	Spe	Spent-to-Date		Commitment
Project:				
Courthouse Security Projects	\$	40,326	\$	732,562
Rich Road Phase II - 87th Ave to Normandy		175,875		1,672,973
Total	\$	216,201	\$	2,405,535

This project is financed with local road funds and federal money.

## **NOTE VII – RECEIVABLE BALANCES**

Receivables as of December 31, 2017 for the County's individual major funds, non-major funds and internal service funds are shown in the following table:

	Taxes	Special Assessment	Interest and Penalties	Customer Accounts	Due from other Governments	Community Loans	Total
Governmental Activities:							
General Fund	\$ 858,684	\$ -	\$ 2,288,061	\$ 2,773,823	\$ 2,865,852	\$ -	\$ 8,786,420
Roads	487,543	-	-	2,275	682,843	-	1,172,661
Medic One	215,643	-	33,203	-	20,399	-	269,245
Real Estate Excise Tax	-	-	35,110	-	-	-	35,110
Public Health and Social Services	15,045	14,947	16,207	202,684	1,350,457	-	1,599,340
Other Governmental	34,078	32,594	129,129	474,425	549,955	-	1,220,181
Internal Service	-	-	27,685	1,196	7,780	-	36,661
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,610,993	\$ 47,541	\$ 2,529,395	\$ 3,454,403	\$ 5,477,286	\$ -	\$ 13,119,618
Business-Type Activities:							
Solid Waste	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,665,176	\$ 343,650	\$ -	\$ 3,008,826
Grand Mound	-	191,482	18,170	184,219	2,995	-	396,866
Storm Water	-	307,279	22,105	-	-	-	329,384
Land Use and Permitting	-	-	5,513	672	-		6,185
Other Enterprise Funds	-	256,563	3,865	79,227	857	148,344	488,856
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ -	\$ 755,324	\$ 49,653	\$ 2,929,294	\$ 347,502	\$ 148,344	\$ 4,230,117

### NOTE VIII - LONG-TERM AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT DEBT

### A. Disclosures About Each Significant Debt Incurred

### 1. General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of capital facilities, and major equipment purchases. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. The proprietary portion of general obligation debt is reported in proprietary funds because repayments will eventually come from proprietary fund revenues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Payments on these bonds are funded from various sources, dependent on the purpose of the debt. Those include real estate excise tax fees, detention facility sales tax, conservation futures, roads, County general fund and proprietary revenues.

2009 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$42,765,000 were issued in 2009. The bonds were used to fund construction of the Accountability Restitution Center, communication system upgrades, and other approved capital projects. The term of the bonds is 20 years with the final payment due in 2030. The bonds bear interest rates of 3.0% to 5.0% payable semi-annually with annual principal installments ranging from \$755,000 to \$3,450,000 a year. In 2016, the county issued 2016 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds to refund the majority of these bonds, leaving two annual payments in 2017 and 2018. The balance at December 31, 2017 was \$1,610,000

2010 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$29,665,000 were issued in 2010. The bonds were used as follows:

\$8,775,000 was used for an advance refunding of \$1,800,000 of outstanding 1999 bonds and for a partial advance refunding of \$6,730,000 of outstanding 2002 bonds. The bonds bear an interest rate of 2% to 4% payable semi-annually with annual principal installments ranging from \$555,000 to \$1,505,000. The term of the bonds is 12 years with final payment due in 2022. The advanced refunding portion of the 1999 bonds is serviced by the Grand Mound Debt Service Fund (Enterprise Fund). The Grand Mound Debt Service Fund includes assessments from ULID No. 96-2. The total principal assessment due in 2017 were \$120,265. The amount paid was \$115,158, leaving a delinquent amount in 2017 of \$5,107. The remaining debt balance portion of the Grand Mound Utility was paid off in 2016. The balance at December 31, 2017 was \$3,460,000.

\$18,850,000 of Taxable Build America Bonds were issued to finance construction of the Tilley Road project, communication system upgrades and other building improvements. The bonds bear an interest rate of .75% to 5.4% payable semi-annually with annual principal installments ranging from \$825,000 to \$1,285,000. The Build America Bonds also have an interest subsidy from the Internal Revenue Service to be received in semi-annual installments of 35% of the interest amount, of which a portion was reduced due to sequestration by the federal government beginning in 2013. The term of the bonds is 20 years with final payment due in 2030. The balance at December 31, 2017 was \$12,750,000.

\$2,040,000 of Taxable Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the Tilley Road project. The bonds bear an interest rate of 5.5% payable in semi-annual interest payments. Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds also have an interest subsidy from the Internal Revenue Service to be received in semi-annual installments ranging from \$41,746 to \$74,398, of which a portion was reduced due to sequestration by the federal government beginning in 2013. The term of the bonds is 18 years with a single principal payment due in 2029. The balance at December 31, 2017 was \$2,040,000. A sinking fund was created in 2011 for future principal payments for the QECB bonds. The cash balance of the sinking fund at December 31, 2017 was \$712,016.

2015 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds of \$13,795,000 were issued in 2015. The Bonds were issued to refund the 2004 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$6,650,000 and a partial refunding of the 2005 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$8,940.000. The bonds bear interest rates of 2.5% to 5.0% semi-annually with annual principal installments ranging from \$145,000 to \$3,560,000 a year. The term of the bonds is 10 years with a final payment due in 2025. The balance at December 31, 2017 is \$7,840,000 of which \$2,309,837 was for the Grand Mound Utility.

2016 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds of \$33,010,000 were issued in 2016. The Bonds were issued to partially refund the 2007 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$2,680,000 and a partial refunding of the 2009 Limited General Obligation Bonds of \$30,330,000. The bonds bear interest rates of 2.0% to 5.0% semi-annually with annual principal installments ranging from \$210,000 to \$3,255,000 a year. The term of the bonds is 14 years with a final payment due in 2030. The balance at December 31, 2017 is \$33,010,000.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	pe A	Activities
December 31	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$ 3,972,750	\$	2,411,079	\$	1,097,250	\$	99,561
2019	4,112,413		2,251,263		1,212,587		45,617
2020	4,330,000		2,073,650		-		-
2021	4,610,000		1,894,200		-		-
2022	4,900,000		1,702,000		ı		-
2023 - 2027	21,615,000		5,383,850		-		-
2028 - 2030	14,860,000		967,118		-		-
Total	\$ 58,400,163	\$	16,683,160	\$	2,309,837	\$	145,178

### 2. Loans and Contracts Payable

The Community Loan Repayment Funds (Enterprise Funds) have entered into nine state revolving fund (SRF) loan agreements with the State of Washington Department of Ecology to create a community loan program to provide low interest loans for the repair of failing on-site septic systems. The loan programs are 80% federal from the Environmental Protection Agency, and 20% state from the Department of Ecology. The term of each of the loans with the State of Washington Department of Ecology is twenty years.

The first loan is not to exceed \$300,000 with an interest rate of 5% per annum. Repayment began in 1996. The final payment was made in 2015. The second loan is not to exceed \$200,000 with an interest rate of 0%. The balance at December 31, 2017 is \$9,936. The third loan is not to exceed \$200,000 with an interest rate of 4.3%. Repayment began in 2003. The balance at December 31, 2017 is \$38,614. The fourth loan is not to exceed \$100,000 with an interest rate of 0%. Repayments began in 2003. The balance at December 31, 2017 is \$5,236. The fifth loan is not to exceed \$150,000 with an interest rate of 1.5%. Repayment began in 2005. The balance as of December 31, 2017 is \$40,248. The sixth loan is not to exceed \$200,000 with an interest rate of 1.5%. Repayment began in 2009. The balance at December 31, 2017 was \$102,890. The seventh loan is not to exceed \$254,695 with an interest rate of 2.2%. Repayment began in 2012. The balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$195,478. The eighth loan is not to exceed \$250,000 with an interest rate of 2.6%. Repayment began in 2017. The balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$88,943. The ninth loan is not to exceed \$150,000 with an interest rate of 2.7%. Repayment began in 2017. The balance as of December 31, 2017 is \$14,696.

Public Works entered into a state revolving fund (DWSRF) loan agreement with the State of Washington Department of Commerce to construct a corrosion control system for the Grand Mound water system in 2006. The term of the loan is for twenty years and the amount financed was \$132,518 with an interest rate of 1%. The balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$46,486.

Public Works entered into a loan agreement with the State of Washington Department of Ecology to construct a sanitary sewer system for Woodland Creek in 2011. The term of the loan is for twenty years and the loan is not to exceed \$1,286,721 with an interest amount of 2.8%. Payments began in 2015. The balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$1,149,879

### 3. Special Assessment Notes Payable

The County has also issued special assessment debt for the construction and replacement of wastewater collection systems within the County. This debt will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. The County must provide the resources to cover a deficiency due to any unpaid or delinquent special assessments until other resources, such as foreclosure proceeds, are received. The special assessment debt outstanding is as follows:

In 2004, the County entered into a state revolving fund (SRF) loan agreement with the State of Washington Department of Ecology to create a new Utility Local Improvement District for Tamoshan/Beverly Beach wastewater plant Improvements in 2002. The original principal amount was \$1,526,507. Repayments began in 2004 and the loan balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$269,694. The interest rate of the loan is 0% with a 20-year repayment term. At December 31, 2017, the amount of delinquent assessment principal was \$3,823.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loans, contracts payable and special assessment debt are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities			
December 31	Principal Interest		Principal	Interest		
2018	\$ 55,616	\$ 31,996	\$ 130,646	\$ 11,295		
2019	57,194	30,419	131,697	10,165		
2020	58,816	28,797	127,814	9,004		
2021	60,484	27,128	74,944	7,268		
2022	62,200	25,413	43,377	7,511		
2023 - 2027	302,465	91,792	147,306	20,623		
2028 - 2032	425,301	56,568	132,431	12,027		
2033 - 2036	127,803	3,616	24,006	1,305		
Total	\$ 1,149,879	\$ 295,729	\$ 812,221	\$ 79,198		

### 4. Leases

### a. Operating Lease Liabilities

The County has lease commitments for leases of buildings and office space that are cancelable and non-cancelable with lease terms primarily from month to month with one that extends to 2024. Operating lease expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$540,269. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are:

Year Ending December 31	Amount			
2018	\$	450,676		
2019		390,603		
2020		330,080		
2021		297,300		
2022		190,406		
2023-2024		96,832		
Total	\$	1,755,897		

### b. Capital Lease Liabilities

The County has entered into the transactions that are recorded as capital lease purchases to account for copier leases. These long-term contracts incorporate some or all of the benefits and risks of ownership. The leased assets and related obligations are accounted for in the statement of net position. The net capital lease amount shown below reflects the assets continuing to be financed through the capital lease. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through capital lease are as follows:

Asset	(	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Machinery & Equipment	\$	453,812	\$	67,575	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(210,638)		(27,188)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments		243,174		40,387	
Plus amount representing interest		38,949		3,473	
Total Invested in Capital Leases	\$	282,123	\$	43,860	

The future minimum lease obligations and net present value of minimum lease payments for assets acquired through capital leases as of December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type		
Year Ending December 31	Activities	Activities		
2018	\$ 103,058	\$ 15,186		
2019	84,439	10,888		
2020	59,426	10,888		
2021	26,218	6,898		
2022	8,982	-		
Total Minimum Lease Payments	282,123	43,860		
Less: Interest	(38,949)	(3,473)		
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 243,174	\$ 40,387		

### c. Lease Receivables

The County currently leases some of its property to various tenants under long-term cancelable and non-cancelable contracts. The following is an analysis of the County's investment in property under long-term operating leases as of December 31, 2017:

Asset	Gov	vernmental Activities
Land	\$	505,701
Buildings		3,600,094
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(910,043)
Total Invested in Long Term Leases	\$	3,195,752

The County received \$103,045 of operating lease revenues from these contracts in 2017. Amounts that will be received in future years under these lease agreements are noted below:

Year Ending December 31	Amount
2018	\$ 89,766
2019	80,281
2020	33,453
2021	4
2022	4
2023-2056	100
Total Lease Receivable	\$ 203,608

The \$100 receivable from 2023 through 2056 is a combination of park and ride lease with Intercity Transit located at the Waste and Recovery Center, Quixote Village Panza located 3350 Mottman RD SW Olympia and Homes First! Located at 5505 32ND CT SE Olympia.

### 5. Long-term Compensated Absences

Thurston County has traditional and alternative leave plans. Thurston County employees who chose the traditional leave plan earn 12 days of sick leave and 12-24.75 days of vacation leave per year depending upon the employee's length of service. A maximum of 140 days of sick leave may be accrued and a maximum of 50 days of vacation may be accrued. County employees, who chose the alternative leave plan, earn 12-30.75 days of annual or personal leave (a combination of sick leave and vacation leave) per year depending upon the employee's length of service. A maximum of 185 days of personal leave may be accrued. Accumulated unpaid vacation/annual leave is recorded as earned by employees. In the traditional plan, terminating employees are entitled to be paid for unused vacation up to a maximum of 280 hours and, if retiring, half of unused sick leave, to a maximum of 360 hours. Alternative plan employees who terminate are entitled to be paid for unused leave up to 300 hours.

The County reported a liability of \$7,827,425 at December 31, 2017 for that portion of unpaid accumulated vacation and personal leave payable in the Statement of Net Position. This liability includes \$6,241,099 for governmental funds, \$821,250 for internal service funds and \$765,076 for enterprise funds. \$413,816 of this liability is expected to be incurred in 2017. Leave costs are paid from governmental funds that fund the personnel costs for those employees. Vested sick leave is not considered material and is not accrued.

### 6. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Thurston County administers two post-employment benefit programs that provide primarily post-employment medical benefits to retired Thurston County employees. These programs are for retired Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters (LEOFF) under the LEOFF 1 retirement act and for all Thurston County employees through the state managed Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB). A long term governmental liability of \$3,728,603 was recognized for LEOFF 1 benefits in the statement of net position in 2017. A long term liability of \$30,727,505 was also recognized for PEBB benefits in the financial statements. This liability was allocated between governmental and proprietary funds based on current active full time employees. Consequently, \$31,478,221 was recognized in the statement of net position for governmental and internal service funds and \$2,977,887 was recognized for enterprise funds. Note XII contains detailed information on these two post-employment benefit programs including the computation of the current accrued cost and the associated long term liability.

### B. Changes in Long-Term and Other Significant Debt

The following is a summary of long-term and other significant debt transactions of the County:

# Schedule Of Changes Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Beginning Balance	New Issues And Adjustments	Retirements And Adjustments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>	, and a second	7 kaja camento		0.110 1.00.1
Bonds payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 64,201,430	\$ -	\$ 5,801,267	\$ 58,400,163	\$ 3,972,750
For Issuance Premiums	5,636,645	(325,473)	138,296	5,172,876	462,810
Total Bonds Payable	69,838,075	(325,473)	5,939,563	63,573,039	4,435,560
Notes Payable:					
Loans Payable	1,203,962	-	54,083	1,149,879	55,616
Capital Leases Payable	257,330	108,718	122,873	243,175	83,918
Total Notes Payable	1,461,292	108,718	176,956	1,393,054	139,534
Claims and Judgments Payable	4,374,925	176,602	42,305	4,509,222	380,227
Compensated Absences	6,868,724	575,099	381,474	7,062,349	373,368
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)	27,905,640	3,572,581	-	31,478,221	-
Net Pension Liability	51,457,466	-	11,117,043	40,340,423	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 161,906,122	\$ 4,107,527	\$ 17,657,341	\$ 148,356,308	\$ 5,328,689
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,283,571	\$ -	\$ 973,734	\$ 2,309,837	\$ 1,097,250
For Issuance Premiums	236,447	(26,413)	-	210,034	-
Total Bonds Payable	3,520,018	(26,413)	973,734	2,519,871	1,097,250
Notes Payable:					
Loans Payable	592,389	-	49,863	542,526	52,363
Capital Leases Payable	55,139	-	14,752	40,387	13,360
Total Notes Payable	647,528	-	64,615	582,913	65,723
Special Assessments Payable	347,976	-	78,282	269,694	78,282
Compensated Absences	759,774	47,498	42,197	765,075	40,447
Accumulated Landfill Closure Costs	15,241,861		330,988	14,910,873	-
Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)	2,516,164	461,723	-	2,977,887	-
Net Pension Liability	6,668,312		1,348,220	5,320,092	-
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 29,701,633	\$ 482,808	\$ 2,838,036	\$ 27,346,405	\$ 1,281,702

Internal Service funds predominately serve governmental funds. Accordingly, their long-term liabilities are included in totals for governmental activities. At year end, \$777,833 of internal service fund compensated absences are included in the amounts above. Internal service funds also include \$1,854,600 of general obligation bonds payable and \$2,487,671 of other post-employment benefits payable. Claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the Insurance Risk Management Internal Service Fund and compensated absences are liquidated by the funds incurring the liability. Enterprise segment information is not disclosed since revenue streams are not pledged to support proprietary long-term debt.

Compensated absence liabilities for governmental funds are typically liquidated by the fund in which the employee is being compensated reports his/her time. Additionally, the County liquidates and funds past and future pension and OPEB obligations through employee and employer paid pension and medical benefit obligations. Therefore, only funds with FTEs would fund these types of obligations which would exclude the following reported County Funds: Anti-Profiteering, Auditor Election Reserve, Basin Planning, , Conservation Futures, Law Library, Detention Facilities Sales Tax Holding, Emergency Management Council, Real Estate Excise Tax, Superior Court Family Services, Trial Court Improvement, Treatment Sales Tax, Stadium/Convention/Art Center, Tax Refunds, Tourism Promotion, Communications, Debt Service Funds, Capital Project Funds and the Community Loan Program Fund.

### C. Assets Available for Debt Service

The County is meeting debt service requirements. The County has sufficient assets in a variety of different funds to meet current and future debt service payments. At December 31, 2017, the County had \$709,575 available in reserve in governmental debt service funds to service general obligation and assessment debt. The County's general obligation debt, as noted above, will be funded by cash balances and future revenue streams from the Real Estate Tax and Detention Facility Sales Tax Holding Funds. At December 31, 2016 the County also had \$653,567 in net position restricted for business type debt, which primarily include current and long term special assessment receivables that have been assessed on benefitting utility districts.

### D. <u>Legal Debt Margin</u>

State law limits Thurston County's non-voted debt capacity of 1 ½% and voted debt capacity of 2 ½% of the assessed valuation. The capacity amounts are as follows for 2017:

Purpose of Indebtedness	To	otal Capacity	Remaining Capacity
General Government (No vote required)	\$	483,252,457	\$ 420,387,567
General Government (With 3/5-majority vote)	\$	805,420,761	\$ 742,555,871

### E. Contingent Liability for Refunded and Defeased Debt

In prior years, the County issued general obligation refunding (new) bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded (old) debt. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the defeased bonds is not included in the County's financial statements. Currently the County has four outstanding refunded issues.

Schedule Of Refunded And Defeased Bonds, Assets, And Liabilities
As of December 31, 2017

	01/01/17	Increases		Decreases	12/31/17
Refunded & Defeased Bonds Outstanding	\$ 64,556,791	\$ -	-	(7,241,853)	\$ 57,314,938

General Obligation Bonds of \$26,135,000 were issued in 2005 of which \$7,510,000 was used for an advance refunding of \$7,500,000 of outstanding 1999 enterprise bonds. The advance refunding of the 1999 bonds resulted in an economic gain of \$440,635 with a \$567,825 reduction in debt service payments over the duration of the original issue.

General Obligation Bonds of \$29,665,000 were issued in 2010 of which \$8,775,000 was used for an advance refunding of \$1,800,000 of outstanding 1999 enterprise bonds and \$6,730,000 of 2002 general obligation bonds. The advance refunding of the bonds resulted in an economic gain of \$998,350 with a \$1,126,494 reduction in debt service payments over the duration of the original issue.

General Obligation Bonds of \$13,795,000 were issued in 2015 of which \$5,505,000 was used for a refunding of the 2004 General Obligation Bonds and of which \$8,290,000 was used for a refunding of the 2005 General Obligation Bonds. The refunding of these bonds resulted in an economic gain of \$1,491,693 with a \$1,612,234 reduction in debt service payments over the duration of the original issue.

General Obligation Bonds of \$33,010,000 were issued in 2016 of which \$2,680,000 was used for a refunding of the 2007 General Obligation Bonds and of which \$30,330,000 was used for a refunding of the 2009 General Obligation Bonds. The refunding of these bonds resulted in an economic gain of \$5,001,475 with a \$5,651,087 reduction in debt service payments over the duration of the original issue.

### **NOTE IX – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions usually involve the exchange of goods and services between funds in a normal business relationship. These amounts, which are reported in the fund financial statements, were eliminated in the government-wide statements. The composition of interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2017 is shown in the following table:

	Due From Other Funds												
Due to	General		Public		Non-Maj	Internal	Solid	Grand	Storm	Land Use &	Non-Maj		
Other Funds	Fund	Roads	Health	REET	Gov	Service	Waste	Mound	Water	Permitting	Enter	Total	
General Fund		\$ 92,956	\$ 1,611		\$35,249	\$12,417				\$ 166,911		\$ 309,144	
Roads	28,579		2,305			63,602	2,833	444	196,086	223	510	294,582	
Medic One						147						147	
Public Health	68,449						326			75		68,850	
REET		670,897						148,818				819,715	
Non-Major Governmental	1,350,333	325,880	88,346		8,222	12,473			12,384			1,797,638	
Internal Service	3,046		27			2,143	62		500			5,778	
Solid Waste	1,104	7,744	725,207			1,761						735,816	
Grand Mound		272	738			34				2,912		3,956	
Stormwater	15,076	39,107	44,446			952				12,501		112,082	
Land Use & Permittihg	32,353					3,272			7,504			43,129	
Non-Major Enterprise			135								-	135	
Total Due to/Due from	\$1,498,940	\$1,136,856	\$862,815	\$ -	\$43,471	\$ 96,801	\$3,221	\$149,262	\$ 216,474	\$ 182,622	\$ 510	\$ 4,190,972	

### B. Interfund Loans and Advances

Interfund loans are fund transfers for less than a year that are outstanding at year end and advances are fund transfers for more than one year. These amounts, which are reported in the fund financial statements, were eliminated in the government-wide statements. The county had no interfund loans or advances outstanding at the end of 2017.

### C. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are subsidies and contributions provided by one fund to another fund with no corresponding promise for repayment. These amounts, which are reported in the fund financial statements, were eliminated in the government-wide statements. Transfers out from the General Fund are usually made to subsidize activities in other funds, such as Public Health and Land Use and Permitting that are not fully funded by taxes, grants or program and service fees. Transfers in to the General Fund are primarily from sales tax holding funds for public safety purposes. Transfers out of Detention Facilities Sales Tax and Debt Holding Funds are primarily to fund public safety capital projects in capital project funds and public safety operations in the General Fund. Transfers in to Public Health and Social Services comprise subsidies and support service payments from the General and Treatment Sales Tax Funds. Transfers in to and out of proprietary and non-major governmental funds are primarily for debt service and associated capital projects. Transfers could also include transfers of residual fund balances to active ongoing funds from funds that were closed out and terminated during the year.

Interfund transfers occurring between major funds, non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds and internal service funds of the County during the year ended December 31, 2017 are summarized below:

	Transfer In												
Transfer Out	General Fund	Roads	Medic One	REET	Public Health	Non-Major Govt	Internal Service	Solid Waste	Grand Mound	Land Use and Permitting	StormW ater	Non-Major Enterprise	Total
General Fund		\$ 90,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,113,529	\$ 510,423	\$ 526,779		\$ -	\$ 433,644	\$ -		\$ 2,674,375
Roads	-		-	-	-	795,885	339,445	-	-		-	-	\$ 1,135,330
Medic One	-	-		-	-	-		-	-		-	-	\$ -
REET	-	1,224,907	-		-	1,955,519	1,799,903	-	404,755		-	-	\$ 5,385,084
Public Health	-	-	-	-				-	-		-	-	\$ -
Non-Major Govt	4,690,832	813,843		-	395,348	5,205,506	27,348	-	-		-	-	\$11,132,877
Internal Service	43,000	-	-	-	-	9,000	475,502	-	-		-	-	\$ 527,502
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	999,333		-		-	-	\$ 999,333
Ground Mound	-	-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	\$ -
Land Use and Permitting													\$ -
StormWater	-	-	-		-	-	17,065	-	-			-	\$ 17,065
Non-Major Entr.	_	-	-		-	_		-	-		-		\$ -
Total Transfers	\$ 4,733,832	\$ 2,128,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,508,877	\$ 8,476,333	\$ 4,185,375	\$ -	\$ 404,755	\$ 433,644	\$ -	\$ -	\$21,871,566

### **NOTE X – PENSION PLANS**

The following table represents the aggregate pension amounts for all plans subject to the requirements of GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* for the year 2017:

Aggregate Pension Amounts - All Plans						
Pension liabilities	\$	(45,660,519)				
Pension assets	\$	4,414,013				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,481,474				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	(8,757,649)				
Pension expense/expenditures	\$	5,096,201				

# **State Sponsored Pension Plans**

Substantially all county full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The state Legislature establishes, and amends, laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit P.O. Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Or the DRS CAFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at <a href="www.drs.wa.gov">www.drs.wa.gov</a>.

### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

PERS members include elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals and Superior Courts; employees of the legislature; employees of district and municipal courts; employees of local governments; and higher education employees not participating in higher education retirement programs. PERS is comprised of three separate pension plans for membership purposes. PERS plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans, and PERS plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

**PERS Plan 1** provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service. Members retiring from active status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. Retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions - The **PERS Plan 1** member contribution rate is established by State statute at 6 percent. The employer contribution rate is developed by the Office of the State Actuary and includes an administrative expense component that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 1 employer contribution rates. The PERS Plan 1 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2017 were as follows:

PERS Plan 1		
Actual Contribution	Employer	Employee*
Rates		
January - June 2017:		
PERS Plan 1	6.23%	6.00%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.77%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	11.18%	6.00%
July - December 2017:		
PERS Plan 1	7.49%	6.00%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.03%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	12.70%	6.00%

<sup>\*</sup> For employees participating in JBM, the contribution rate was 12.26%

PERS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and 1 percent of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a benefit that is reduced by a factor that varies according to age for each year before age 65. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions:

- With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or
- With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-towork rules.

PERS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of five percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service credit. PERS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other PERS Plan 2/3 benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service. Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after ten years of service; or after five years of service if 12 months of that service are earned after age 44.

**PERS Plan 3** defined contribution benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and investment earnings on those contributions. PERS Plan 3 members choose their contribution rate upon joining membership and have a chance to change rates upon changing employers. As established by statute, Plan 3 required defined contribution rates are set at a minimum of 5 percent and escalate to 15 percent with a choice of six options. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution benefits. PERS Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Contributions - The **PERS Plan 2/3** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. The Plan 2/3 employer rates include a component to address the PERS Plan 1 UAAL and an administrative expense that is currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates and Plan 3 contribution rates. The PERS Plan 2/3 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2017 were as follows:

PERS Plan 2/3		
Actual Contribution	Employer 2/3	Employee 2*
Rates		
January – June 2017:		
PERS Plan 2/3	6.23%	6.12%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.77%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		varies
Total	11.18%	6.12%
July – December 2017:		
PERS Plan 2/3	7.49%	7.38%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.03%	
Administrative Fee	0,18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		Varies
Total	12.70%	7.38%

<sup>\*</sup> For employees participating in JBM, the contribution rate was 15.30% for January – June 2017 and 18.45% for July – December 2017.

The county's actual PERS plan contributions were \$3,384.559 to PERS Plan 1 and \$3,984.624 to PERS Plan 2/3 for the years ended December 31, 2017.

### Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)

PSERS Plan 2 was created by the 2004 Legislature and became effective July 1, 2006. To be eligible for membership, an employee must work on a full time basis and:

- Have completed a certified criminal justice training course with authority to arrest, conduct criminal investigations, enforce the criminal laws of Washington, and carry a firearm as part of the job; or
- Have primary responsibility to ensure the custody and security of incarcerated or probationary individuals; or
- Function as a limited authority Washington peace officer, as defined in RCW 10.93.020; or
- Have primary responsibility to supervise eligible members who meet the above criteria.

### PSERS membership includes:

- PERS 2 or 3 employees hired by a covered employer before July 1, 2006, who met at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria and elected membership during the period of July 1, 2006 to September 30 2006; and
- Employees hired on or after July 1, 2006 by a covered employer, that meet at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria.

### PSERS covered employers include:

- Certain State of Washington agencies (Department of Corrections, Department of Natural Resources, Gambling commission, Liquor Control Board, Parks and Recreation Commission, and Washington State Patrol)
- Washington State Counties
- Washington State Cities (except for Seattle, Spokane, and Tacoma)
- Correctional entities formed by PSERS employers under the Interlocal Cooperation Act.

PSERS Plan 2 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the average final compensation (AFC) for each year of service. The AFC is based on the member's 60 consecutive highest creditable months of service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 60 (with ten or more service credit years in PSERS), or less than 65 (with fewer than ten service credit years). There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement at the age of 65 with five years of service; or at the age of 60 with at least ten years of PSERS service credit; or at age 53 with 20 years of service. Retirement before age 60 is considered an early retirement. PSERS members who retire prior to the age of 60 receive reduced benefits. If retirement is at age 53 or older with at least 20 years of service, a three percent per year reduction for each year between the age at retirement and age 60 applies. PSERS Plan 2 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PSERS Plan 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service.

Contributions - The **PSERS Plan 2** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The Plan 2 employer rates include components to address the PERS Plan 1 unfunded actuarial accrued liability and administrative expense currently set at 0.18 percent. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates. In addition to the regular change in contribution rates on July 1, 2017, PSERS contribution rates changed again on September 1, 2017 due to HB 1709, which allows PERS members meeting specific criteria to transfer service credit into PSERS as long as they and their employer pay the difference between the PERS and PSERS contribution rates.

The PSERS Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll) for 2017 were as follows:

PSERS Plan 2		
Actual Contribution	Employer	Employee
Rates		
January – June 2017:		
PSERS Plan 2	6.59%	6.59%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.77%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	11.54%	6.59%
July – August 2017:		
PSERS Plan 2	6.73%	6.73%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.03%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	11.94%	6.73%
September – December		
2017		
PSERS Plan 2	6.74%	6.74%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	5.03%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	11.95%	6.74%

The County's actual contributions to the plan were \$749,164 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

### Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF)

LEOFF membership includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters, and as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF is comprised of two separate defined benefit plans.

**LEOFF Plan 1** provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) as follows:

- 20+ years of service 2.0% of FAS
- 10-19 years of service 1.5% of FAS
- 5-9 years of service 1% of FAS

The FAS is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last ten years of service. Members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions - Starting on July 1, 2000, **LEOFF Plan 1** employers and employees contribute zero percent, as long as the plan remains fully funded. The LEOFF Plan I had no required employer or employee contributions for fiscal year 2017. Employers paid only the administrative expense of 0.18 percent of covered payroll.

**LEOFF Plan 2** provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the final average salary (FAS) per year of service (the FAS is based on the highest consecutive 60 months). Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 53 with at least five years of service credit. Members who retire prior to the age of 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is three percent for each year prior to age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year prior to age 53. LEOFF 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at three percent annually and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. LEOFF 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Contributions - The **LEOFF Plan 2** employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2. The employer rate included an administrative expense component set at 0.18 percent. Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. The LEOFF Plan 2 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2017 were as follows:

LEOFF Plan 2		
Actual Contribution	Employer	Employee
Rates		
January – June 2017:		
State and local	5.05%	8.41%
governments		
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	5.23%	8.41%
Ports and Universities	8.41%	8.41%
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	8.59%	8.41%
July – December 2017:		
State and local	5.25%	8.75%
governments		
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	5.43%	8.75%
Ports and Universities	8.75%	8.75%
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	8.93%	8.75%

The County's actual contributions to the plan were \$458,853 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriates money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and could be changed by statute. For the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the state contributed \$62,155,262 to LEOFF Plan 2. The amount recognized by the county as its proportionate share of this amount is \$268,172.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the DRS plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2017 with a valuation date of June 30, 2016. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuary's (OSA) 2007-2012 Experience Study and the 2015 economic Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2016 actuarial valuation report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2016, to June 30, 2017, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry-age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- **Inflation**: 3% total economic inflation; 3.75% salary inflation
- **Salary increases**: In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table, published by the Society of Actuaries. OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100% Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis; meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

There were changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation:

- For all plans except LEOFF Plan 1, how terminated and vested member benefits are valued was corrected.
- How the basic minimum COLA in PERS Plan 1 is valued for legal order payees was improved.
- For all plans, the average expected remaining service lives calculation was revised.

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for all DRS plans was 7.5%.

To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.7% long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. (All plans use 7.7% except LEOFF 2, which has assumed 7.5%). Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.5% future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue being made at contractually required rates (including PERS 2/3, PSERS 2, SERS 2/3, and TRS 2/3 employers, whose rates include a component for the PERS 1, and TRS 1 plan liabilities). Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.5% was used to determine the total liability.

## **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on DRS pension plan investments of 7.5% was determined using a building-block-method. In selecting this assumption, the Office of the State Actuary (OSA) reviewed the historical experience data, considered the historical conditions that produced past annual investment returns, and considered capital market assumptions and simulated expected investment returns provided by the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB). The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns over various time horizons.

# **Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2% and represents WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	1.70%
Tangible Assets	5%	4.40%
Real Estate	15%	5.80%
Global Equity	37%	6.30%
Private Equity	23%	9.30%
	100%	

# **Sensitivity of NPL**

The table below presents the county's proportionate share\* of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the county's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		Cı	urrent Discount Rate	1% Increase			
		6.50%		7.50%	7.50% 8.5			
PERS 1	\$	31,037,344	\$	25,478,222	\$	20,662,831		
PERS 2/3	\$	52,795,712	\$	19,596,756	\$	(7,604,864)		
PSERS 2	\$	3,931,668	\$	585,541	\$	(2,038,022)		
LEOFF 1	\$	(580,436)	\$	(782,506)	\$	(956,039)		
LEOFF 2	\$	785,853	\$	(3,631,506)	\$	(7,230,586)		

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 4.C of the DRS Participating Employer Financial Information report for the year ended June 30. Multiply the total net pension liability amounts for each applicable plan by your proportionate share for that plan

# **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2017, the county reported a total net pension liability of \$45,660,519 and a total net pension asset of \$4,414,013 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities as follows:

	Liability (or Asset)			
PERS 1	\$	25,478,222		
PERS 2/3	\$	19,596,756		
PSERS 2	\$	585,541		
LEOFF 1	\$	(782,506)		
LEOFF 2	\$	(3,631,506)		

The amount of the asset reported above for LEOFF Plans 1 and 2 reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the county. The amount recognized by the county as its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension asset that was associated with the county were as follows:

	LE	OFF 1 Asset	LEOFF 2 Asset		
Thurston County's proportionate share	\$	782,506	\$	3,631,506	
Washington State's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) associated with Thurston County	\$	5,292,853	\$	2,355,690	
TOTAL	\$	6,075,359	\$	5,987,197	

At June 30, the county's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate Share 6/30/16	Proportionate Share 6/30/17	Change in Proportion current year less prior year
PERS 1	0.5341%	0.5369%	0.0028%
PERS 2/3	0.5608%	0.5640%	0.0033%
PSERS 2	2.8382%	2.9885%	0.1503%
LEOFF 1	0.0504%	0.0516%	0.0012%
LEOFF 2	0.2603%	0.2617%	0.0014%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by DRS in the *Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations* for all plans except LEOFF 1.

LEOFF Plan 1 allocation percentages are based on the total historical employer contributions to LEOFF 1 from 1971 through 2000 and the retirement benefit payments in fiscal year 2017. Historical data was obtained from a 2011 study by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). In fiscal year 2017, the state of Washington contributed 87.12 percent of LEOFF 1 employer contributions and all other employers contributed the remaining 12.88 percent of employer contributions. LEOFF 1 is fully funded and no further employer contributions have been required since June 2000. If the plan becomes underfunded, funding of the remaining liability will require new legislation. The allocation method the plan chose reflects the projected long-term contribution effort based on historical data.

In fiscal year 2017, the state of Washington contributed 39.35 percent of LEOFF 2 employer contributions pursuant to RCW 41.26.725 and all other employers contributed the remaining 60.65 percent of employer contributions.

The collective net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability (asset) is based was as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

# **Pension Expense**

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the county's recognized pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense			
PERS 1	\$	(1,708,584)		
PERS 2/3	\$	(2,538,250)		
PSERS	\$	(833,779)		
LEOFF 1	\$	137,792		
LEOFF 2	\$	(153,381)		
TOTAL	\$	(5,096,201)		

### **Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

At December 31, 2017, the county's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	(950,776)		
Changes of assumptions	-	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$1,742,263	-		
TOTAL	\$ 1,742,263	\$ (950,776)		

PERS 2-3	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$1,985,613	(\$644,503)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	(5,224,024)
Changes of assumptions	\$208,155	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$119,768	(418,893)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$2,176,448	-
TOTAL	\$ 4,489,984	\$ (6,287,420)

PSERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$346,310	\$ (41,600)		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	(410,683)		
Changes of assumptions	\$4,961	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$26,405	(16,088)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$390,496	-		
TOTAL	\$ 768,172	\$ (468,371)		

LEOFF 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	(72,713)
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$0	-
TOTAL	\$ -	\$ (72,713)

LEOFF 2	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$159,612	\$ (137,713)		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$0	(815,299)		
Changes of assumptions	\$4,373	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	71,190	(\$25,358)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$245,880	-		
TOTAL	\$ 481,055	\$ (978,369)		

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the county's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources by Plan										
Year	Year PERS 1		PERS 2 PSERS		LEOFF 1			LEOFF 2		
2018	\$	(642,663)	\$	(2,315,111)	\$	(88,015)	\$	(45,634)	\$	(359,269)
2019	\$	202,899	\$	424,991	\$	73,335	\$	12,307	\$	100,104
2020	\$	(47,111)	\$	(451,455)	\$	19,930	\$	(4,915)	\$	(40,679)
2021	\$	(463,900)	\$	(2,082,107)	\$	(86,191)	\$	(34,472)	\$	(356,637)
2022	\$	-	\$	195,564	\$	(1,638)	\$	-	\$	(15,485)
Thereafter	\$	-	\$	254,233	\$	(8,117)	\$	-	\$	(71,229)

#### **NOTE XI – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. RISK POOL AND GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

Thurston County is a participating member of the Washington Counties Risk Pool (WCRP). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of one or more governmental entities to join together for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insure, or hire or contract for risk management services.

An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Pool was formed in August of 1988 when 15 counties in the state of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. As of December 31, 2017, 26 counties participate in the WCRP.

The Pool allows members to jointly establish a plan of self-insurance, and provides related services, such as risk management and claims administration. Members enjoy occurrence-based, jointly purchased and/or jointly self-insured liability coverage for bodily injury, personal injury, property damage, errors and omissions, and advertising injury caused by a covered occurrence during an eligible period and occurring anywhere in the world. Total coverage limits are \$25 million per occurrence and each member selects its occurrence deductible amount for the ensuing coverage year from these options: \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, \$250,000 or \$500,000. For losses occurring in 2017, Thurston County selects a per-occurrence deductible of \$250,000.

Members make an annual contribution to fund the Pool. The Pool acquires reinsurance for further protection from larger losses, direct protection for the Pool and indirect for the member counties due to the contingent liabilities they would otherwise incur from risk-sharing those losses. The reinsurance agreements are written with self-insured retentions ("SIRs") equal to the greater of the deductible for the member with the claim or \$100,000. More recent years' reinsurance programs have included "corridor deductibles" with aggregated stop losses which have the effect of increasing the Pool's SIR. For 2016-17, the "corridor" increased the SIR to \$2 million, with an aggregated stop loss of \$4.35 million. Other reinsurance agreements respond up to the applicable policy limits. Those reinsurance agreements contain aggregate limits for the maximum annual reimbursements to the Pool of \$40 million (lowest reinsured layer), \$20 million, (second layer), \$30 million (third layer) and \$50 million (final reinsured layer). Since the Pool is a cooperative program, there is a joint liability among the participating members.

New members may be asked to pay modest fees to cover the costs to analyze their loss data and risk profiles, and for their proportional shares of the entry year's assessments. New members contract under the Interlocal Agreement to remain in the Pool for at least five years. Following its initial 60-month term, any member may terminate its membership at the conclusion of any Pool fiscal year, provided the county timely files the required advance written notice. Otherwise, the Interlocal Agreement and membership automatically renews for another year. Even after termination, former members remain responsible for reassessments by the Pool for the members' proportional shares of any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the periods that the former members were signatories to the Interlocal Agreement.

The Pool is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed directly with the Pool by members and adjusted by one of the six staff members responsible for evaluating each claim for coverage, establishing reserves, and investigating for any risk-shared liability. The Pool does not contract with any third party administrators for claims adjustment or loss prevention services.

During 2016-17, Thurston County was also one of twenty-six (26) counties which participated in the Washington Counties Property Program (WCPP). Property losses are covered under the WCPP to the participating counties' buildings and contents, vehicles, mobile/contractor equipment, EDP and communication equipment, etc. that have been scheduled. The WCPP includes 'All Other Perils ("AOP")' coverage limits of \$500 million per occurrence as well as Flood and Earthquake (catastrophe) coverages with separate occurrence limits, each being \$200 million. There are no AOP annual aggregate limits, but the flood and earthquake coverages include annual aggregate limits of \$200 million each. Each participating county is solely responsible for paying their selected deductible, ranging between \$5,000 and \$50,000. Higher deductibles apply to losses resulting from catastrophe-type losses.

Thurston County also participates in the jointly purchased cyber risk and security coverage from a highly-rated commercial insurer.

The Pool is governed by a board of directors which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member. The Board of Directors generally meets three-times each year with the Annual Meeting of the Pool being held in summer. The Board approves the extent of risk-sharing, approves the Pool's self-insuring coverage documents, approves the selection of reinsurance and excess agreements, and approves the Pool's annual operating budget.

An 11-member executive committee is elected by and from the WCRP Board for staggered, 3-year terms. Authority has been delegated to the Committee by the Board of Directors to, a) approve all disbursements and reviews the Pool's financial health, b) approve case settlements exceeding the applicable member's deductible by at least \$50,000, c) review all claims with incurred loss estimates exceeding \$100,000, and d) evaluate the Pool's operations, program deliverables, and the Executive Director's performance. Committee members are expected to participate in the Board's standing committees (finance, personnel, risk management, and underwriting) which develop or review/revise proposals for and/or recommendations to the association's policies and its coverages for the Board to consider and act upon.

During 2016-17, the WCRP's assets remained stable at \$46.8 million while its liabilities decreased slightly to \$28.6 million. The Pool's net position increased slightly from \$17.9 million to \$18.1 million. The Pool more than satisfies the State Risk Manager's solvency requirements (WAC 200.100.03001). The Pool is a cooperative program with joint liability amongst its participating members.

Deficits of the Pool resulting from any fiscal year are financed by reassessments of the deficient year's membership in proportion with the initially levied and collected deposit assessments. The Pool's reassessments receivable balance as of December 31, 2017 was zero (\$0). As such, there were no known contingent liabilities at that time for disclosure by the member counties.

The County has recorded in its financial statements all material liabilities. This includes estimates for expense, defense and/or payment of pending claims and claims incurred but not reported. Furthermore, the County's settlements have not exceeded the County's insurance coverage in each of the past three years. In the opinion of management, the County's insurance policies, including it's participation in the Washington Counties Risk Pool, in conjunction with our funded retention are adequate to pay all known or pending liability claims as they come due.

Thurston County paid general claims costs of \$449,392 during 2017. The County's suggested reserves which are (Thurston County's proportionate share of the Pool's expected losses) plus reserve funding for uninsured losses and a catastrophic property loss at least equal to the current minimum deductible of (\$1 million) for this exposure, equates to \$4,509,222. This suggested reserve includes reserves for open claims plus an estimate of incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims. It should be recognized that portions of the estimated additional liability incurred are projections from our claims experience. This loss estimate does not include (IBNR) liabilities for non-insured claims, some employment relations including past wages or benefits, some pollutants, property losses / takings, certain municipal activities, punitive damages, willful civil violations and other loss exposures not currently insured. As estimates, these values fluctuate significantly and are subject to inherent variability and may or may not, become payable over the course of several years.

Schedule of Claims and Judg	ments	Payable	
		2017	2016
Beginning claims liability	\$	4,374,925	\$ 4,569,296
Claims incurred during the year (including IBNRs)*		583,689	272,042
Claims payments		(449,392)	(181,462)
Change in methodology used to estimate claims		1	(284,951)
Ending claims liability	\$	4,509,222	\$ 4,374,925

<sup>\*</sup>Includes total provision for events of the current fiscal year and any changes in the provision for events for prior fiscal years.

#### B. OTHER

The County is not self-insured for other types of risks and losses except as described above under "Risk Pool and General Liability Insurance". The County reimburses Washington State Employment Security for unemployment compensation claims. These claims are funded through employee related fund transfers into the County's Unemployment Compensation fund. The County also pays Washington State Labor and Industries a stipulated amount per employee per payroll period for a state mandated industrial insurance program for worker compensation claims. As discussed in Note VIII.B., the County also has a contingent financial liability for the payment of refunded debt.

### NOTE XII – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The County provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) in addition to pension benefits described in Note X.

# A. LEOFF

Lifetime full medical coverage is provided to uniformed law enforcement officers as members of the Law Enforcement Officers and Fire Fighters (LEOFF 1) retirement system. A liability for the accumulated unfunded actuarially required contribution is reported in the Statement of Net Position. The actual medical costs are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred.

### 1. Plan Description

The County provides lifetime medical care in accordance with the Washington LEOFF 1 Act (RCW 41.26) for retired full time, fully compensated, law enforcement officers who established membership in the LEOFF 1 retirement system on or before September 30, 1977. All or most of the County's LEOFF 1 officers are eligible for benefits when they reach normal retirement age through a defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the county.

Thurston County reimburses retired LEOFF 1 officers for reasonable medical charges usually provided by one of the county's employee medical insurance programs. Under the authorization of the LEOFF Disability Board, direct payment is made for other retiree medical expenses not covered by standard medical plan benefit provisions. Financial reporting for the LEOFF retiree healthcare plan is included in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

In 2017, 15 retirees received benefits under this act. As of December 31, 2017, there were no active officers.

# 2. Funding Policy

Funding for LEOFF retiree healthcare costs is provided entirely by the county as required by state law. The County's funding policy is based upon pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

# 3. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017, and two preceding years, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation. The net OPEB obligation of \$3,728,603 is reported as a non-current liability on the Statement of Net Position.

Year Ending Year Ending Year Ending

		ear Ending 12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
Determination of Annual Required Contribution	):			
Normal Cost at Year End	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Amortization of UAAL*		939,407	842,560	694,598
Annual Required Contribution	\$	939,407	\$ 842,560	\$ 694,598
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation:				
Annual Required Contribution	\$	939,407	\$ 842,560	\$ 694,598
Interest on Prior Year Net OPEB Obligation		104,370	123,762	138,972
Adjustment to ARC		(234,677)	(278,282)	(312,482)
Annual OPEB Cost		809,100	688,040	521,088
Contributions Made		(324,275)	(307,786)	(266,790)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	484,825	\$ 380,254	\$ 254,298
Net OPEB Obligation - End Of Year:				
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$	2,609,226	\$ 3,094,051	\$ 3,474,305
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		484,825	380,254	254,298
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year (NOO)	\$	3.094.051	\$ 3.474.305	\$ 3.728.603

<sup>\*</sup>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)

The County's OPEB cost, the percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

ſ						Percentage of					UAAL as a
	Fiscal Year	An	nual OPEB			OPEB Cost	N	let OPEB		Covered	Percentage of
	Ended	Cost		Contribution		Contributed	C	Obligation		Payroll	Covered Payroll
	12/31/2015	\$	809,100	\$	324,275	40.1%	\$	3,094,051	\$	133,718	7810.99%
	12/31/2016	\$	688,040	\$	307,786	44.7%	\$	3,474,305	\$	-	N/A
I	12/31/2017	\$	521,088	\$	266,790	51.2%	\$	3,728,603	\$	-	N/A

# 4. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2017 the plan was 0% funded. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for benefits was \$7,722,815 and the actuarial value of the assets was \$0 resulting in a UAAL of \$7,722,815.

The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized in the General Fund as claims are paid. For 2017, these costs total \$57,782 with a cost per retiree of \$3,852. Thurston County uses its General Fund to purchase additional long-term care insurance for LEOFF 1 retirees.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

## 5. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

We used the alternative measurement method permitted under GASB Statement No. 45. A single retirement age of 55.3 was assumed for all active members for the purpose of determining the AAL and normal cost. Retirement, disablement, termination, and mortality rates were assumed to follow the LEOFF 1 rates used in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation report issued by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). Healthcare costs and trends were determined by Milliman and used by OSA in the state-wide LEOFF 1 medical study performed in 2013. The results were based on grouped data with four active groupings and four inactive groupings. The actuarial cost method used to determine the AAL was Projected Unit Credit. The AAL and NOO are amortized on an open basis as a level dollar over 15 years. These assumptions are individually and collectively reasonable for the purposes of this valuation.

# B. PEBB

Thurston County provides to its retirees employer provided subsidies for post-employment medical and life insurance benefits provided through the Public Employee Benefits Board (PEBB). A liability for the accumulated unfunded actuarially required contribution is reported in the entity-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position. The actual medical costs are paid through annual fees and premiums to the PEBB.

# 1. Plan Description

The PEBB was created within the Washington State Health Care Authority to administer medical, dental, and life insurance plans for public employees and retirees and their dependents. The subsidies provided by PEBB to the County include the following:

- Explicit Medical Subsidy for Post-65 retirees
- Implicit Medical Subsidy for Pre-65 retirees

The explicit subsidies are monthly amounts per retiree. The implicit medical subsidy is the difference between the total cost of pre-65 medical benefits and the pre-65 contributions paid by retirees.

# 2. Eligibility

County members are eligible for PEBB after becoming eligible for retirement under the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) 1, 2, or 3 or under Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) 2. The eligibility for each plan is as follows:

#### ➤ PERS 1

- Age 60 with five years of service
- Age 55 with twenty-five years of service
- Any age with thirty years of service

## ➤ PERS 2

- Age 55 with twenty years of service
- Age 65 with five years of service

### ➤ PERS 3

- Age 55 with ten years of service
- Age 65 with five years of service
- In addition, PERS 3 members who terminate and are at least age 55 with twenty or more years of service gain pre-retirement access to PEBB

# > PSERS 2

- Age 65 with five years of service
- Age 60 with at least ten years of PSERS service
- Age 53 with twenty years of service

Former members who are entitled to a deferred vested pension benefit are not eligible to receive medical benefits after pension benefit commencement.

### 3. Medical Benefits

Upon retirement, members are permitted to receive medical benefits. The table below displays non-Medicare (pre-65) and Medicare (post-65) monthly premiums available for the 2017 calendar year:

		Re	etiree & Spouse	Retiree &	
Plan	Retiree		or SSDP*	Children	Full Family
Group Health Classic	\$ 676.52	\$	1,348.32	\$ 1,180.37	\$ 1,852.17
Group Health CDHP	\$ 563.28	\$	1,115.34	\$ 991.91	\$ 1,485.64
Group Health SoundChoice	\$ 575.80	\$	1,146.88	\$ 1,004.11	\$ 1,575.19
Group Health Value	\$ 598.81	\$	1,192.90	\$ 1,044.38	\$ 1,638.47
Kaiser Permanente Classic	\$ 661.10	\$	1,317.48	\$ 1,153.39	\$ 1,809.77
Kaiser Permanente CDHP	\$ 564.83	\$	1,117.94	\$ 994.25	\$ 1,489.03
Uniform Medical Plan Classic	\$ 623.65	\$	1,242.58	\$ 1,087.85	\$ 1,706.78
Uniform Medical Plan CDHP	\$ 562.91	\$	1,114.60	\$ 991.26	\$ 1,484.62
UMP Plus - PSHVN	\$ 595.49	\$	1,186.26	\$ 1,038.57	\$ 1,629.34
UMP Plus - UW Medicine CAN	\$ 595.49	\$	1,186.26	\$ 1,038.57	\$ 1,629.34

<sup>\*</sup> State-Registered Domestic Partner.

Explicit Medicare subsidies are capped at \$150 per month for 2017.

# 4. Funding Policy

The funding policy is based upon pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

## 5. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based upon the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities. At the suggestion of its actuary, the County modified its amortization period to a rolling 25-year period beginning in 2014. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net obligation.

		ear Ending	ear Ending	ear Ending
	1	2/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017
Determination of Annual Required Contribution:				
Normal Cost at Year End	\$	2,326,771	\$ 2,326,771	\$ 2,471,558
Amortization of UAAL*		1,734,344	1,734,344	2,018,242
Annual Required Contribution	\$	4,061,115	\$ 4,061,115	\$ 4,489,800
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation:				
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation:  Annual Required Contribution	\$	4,061,115	\$ 4,061,115	\$ 4,489,800
	\$	4,061,115 782,656	\$ 4,061,115 930,510	\$ 4,489,800 1,010,531
Annual Required Contribution	\$	· · ·		
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Prior Year Net OPEB Obligation	\$	782,656	930,510	1,010,531
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Prior Year Net OPEB Obligation Amortization of Net OPEB Obligation	\$	782,656 (798,155)	930,510 (957,632)	1,010,531 (1,097,925)

# Net OPEB Obligation - End Of Year:

Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$ 19,566,393	\$ 23,262,758	\$ 26,947,500
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	3,696,365	3,684,742	3,780,005
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year	\$ 23,262,758	\$ 26,947,500	\$ 30,727,505

<sup>\*</sup>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 were as follows:

Fiscal Year	An	nual OPEB			Percentage of OPEB Cost	Net OPEB	Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Ended		Cost	Co	ntribution	Contributed	Obligation	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/2015	\$	4,045,616	\$	349,251	8.63%	\$ 23,262,758	\$ 70,529,164	60.28%
12/31/2016	\$	4,033,993	\$	349,251	8.66%	\$ 26,947,500	\$ 72,992,734	58.25%
12/31/2017	\$	4,402,406	\$	622,401	14.14%	\$ 30,727,505	\$ 76,718,521	64.57%

# 6. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The accrued liability for benefits was \$49.5 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in a UAAL of \$49.5 million.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

# 7. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

All demographic assumptions, healthcare assumptions, and methods used match those disclosed in the 2017 PEBB OPEB Report published by the Office of the State Actuary. Specifically, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.75 percent discount rate, which is based upon the long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits. The healthcare cost inflation trends, which vary by medical plan and age, start at approximately 7 percent in 2017 and gradually decrease to 5 percent in 2070 and beyond. The inflation rate assumption used in the calculation is 3 percent. The data used for this valuation was identified by department number from the data disclosed in the 2017 OPEB Report.

The Supplemental Budget adopted during the 2018 Legislative Session increased the cap on the explicit subsidy for Medicare (post 65) retirees and their spouses. In 2017 and 2018, the cap is \$150 per month which will increase to \$168 on January 1, 2019. While the actuarial valuation assumes future increases to this cap, the increase to \$168 on January 1, 2019, is large than currently assumed. The Office of the State Actuary still believes the assumptions for projecting the cap are reasonable over the long-term and appropriate for financial reporting under GASB 45.

Thurston County selected the 25-year rolling average amortization period for the UAAL starting in 2014.

### NOTE XIII – JOINT VENTURES/JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Thurston County participates in two joint ventures and five jointly governed organizations as follows: Animal Control Services, the Inter-local Drug Control Unit, Olympic Region Clean Air Agency (ORCAA), Thurston Regional Planning Council (TRPC), the Thurston County Regional Health and Human Services Council and The Chehalis River Flood Control Authority.

Animal Control Services is a joint venture governed by a six-member board of which Thurston County is a member. Each member's contribution is based on a formula factoring population and basic service components. Thurston County's cost is based on their computed share of services in compliance with the interlocal agreement with Animal Control Services. The County contributed \$582,466 as its share of operations in 2017, which is 52.05% of the total contributions from participating agencies. The County's equity interest at December 31, 2017 is therefore \$1,722,806. The financial health of this joint venture remains strong mainly due to a steady stream of revenue received from the Cities of Olympia, Lacey, and Tumwater, and Thurston County. Net Position for Animal Control at the end of 2017 totaled \$3,431,710. Complete financial statements for Animal Control can be obtained from its administrative office at the City of Lacey, Post Office Box 3400, Lacey, Washington 98509-3400.

Animal Control	
Total Assets	\$ 4,029,935
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	68,087
Total Liabilities:	(561,009)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	(131,042)
Net Position	\$ 3,405,971
Total Revenues	\$ 1,768,896
Total Expenses	1,753,583
Change in Net Position	15,313
Net Position - Beginning 12/31/2016	3,416,397
Adjustment to - Net Position - Beginning 12/31/2016	\$ (25,739)
Adjusted Net Position - Beginning 12/31/2016	\$ 3,390,658
Net Position - Ending 12/31/2017	\$ 3,405,971

The Inter-local Drug Control Unit is a joint venture governed by a five member executive committee of which Thurston County is a member. Thurston County did not have a computable equity interest in the Inter-local Drug Control Unit in 2017. The Inter-local Drug Control Unit is funded by grants and seizures of drug funds. Financial information on the Inter-local Drug Control Unit can be obtained from its administrative office at the City of Lacey, Post Office Box 3400, Lacey, Washington 98509-3400.

Olympic Region Clean Air Agency is a jointly-governed organization governed by a nine member board of which Thurston County is a member. Thurston County contributed \$104,198 as its share of operations in 2017. The assessment was based on population and violation fees collected. Thurston County did not have an equity interest in ORCAA in 2017. Complete financial statements for ORCAA can be obtained from its administrative office at 2940 B Limited Lane NW, Olympia, Washington 98502.

Thurston Regional Planning Council is a jointly-governed organization governed by a fifteen-member council of which Thurston County is a member. Thurston County contributed \$197,808 as its share of operations in 2017 for intergovernmental professional services. The assessment was based on population and contractual commitments. Thurston County did not have an equity interest in TRPC in 2017. Complete financial statements for TRPC can be obtained from its administrative office at 2424 Heritage Court SE Suite A, Olympia, Washington 98502.

The Chehalis River Flood Control Authority is a jointly-governed organization governed by an eleven-member body of which Thurston County is a member. This Authority was formed for the purpose of study, analysis, and implementation of flood control projects to protect the Chehalis River Basin. In 2017, Thurston County contributed \$8,111 for the Operating and Maintenance of the Early Warning System. We do not have an equity interest in this Authority. More information regarding this Authority can be obtained from the Lewis County Community Development Department, at 2025 NE Kresky Ave., Chehalis, Washington 98532.

Thurston County Regional Health and Human Services Council is a jointly-governed organization formed by an interlocal agreement between Thurston County and the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater. The council was formed for the purpose of working together, joining resources, and consolidating services necessary to address common gaps in meeting basic health and human services needs within this region. The council is governed by one elected official from each participating jurisdiction. The required annual funding contribution from each jurisdiction shall not be less than one half of one percent of the last full year general sales and use tax collected as of the time each jurisdiction is preparing its budget. Thurston County provides administrative staffing for the Council. During 2017, the county contributed \$67,000 as its share of annual operations.

Thurston Mason Behavioral Health Organization (TMBHO) is a jointly governed organization that was formed on April 1, 2016. It was formed when the Regional Support Network of the Thurston County Public Health Department (along with the Health Department of Mason County, a neighboring county to the northwest) split off from the county and formed its own Behavioral Health Organization. The name of the organization is the Thurston Mason Behavioral Health Organization. On September 15, 2016, the Thurston County Board of County Commissioners passed resolution #15183 that officially created this joint operating agreement pursuant to State Law, RCW Chapters 71.24 and 39.34. The TMBHO's governing body is comprised of three members, two of which are appointed by the Thurston County Commissioners and one by the Mason County Commissioners. After several discussions with the Washington State Auditor's Office, it was determined that this newly formed organization was considered a jointly governed organization and the results of which were not included within the County's general-purpose financial statements. The main source of revenue for the TMBHO is Medicare payments from the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services.

### NOTE XIV – CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require Thurston County to perform landfill maintenance and monitoring activities for thirty years after closure. An expense provision and related liability for these activities was recognized in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund before the landfill was closed. This expense provision was based on estimated future post closure care costs after closure.

Cell No. 1, the last landfill cell used for waste disposal at the Hawke's Prairie landfill site, was closed on April 30, 2000. The County's long haul of waste to a regional landfill in Klickitat County was initiated on May 1, 2000. The post closure care period was therefore initiated on January 1, 2000. The estimated remaining liability for post closure care costs is \$14,910,873 on December 31, 2017.

Thurston County, as required by state and federal laws and regulations, made annual contributions to finance post closure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at December 31, 2017 and cash and pooled investments of \$13,711,812 are held for these purposes.

The post closure care cost was based on the amount that would have been paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill site were acquired as of December 31, 2000. However, the actual cost of post closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on the cash and investments. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that may arise from changes in post closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

# NOTE XV - FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following table discloses the specific purposes of restricted, committed, assigned and unrestricted fund balances for all governmental funds as of December 31, 2017.

# Specific Purpose Fund Balance Classifications Governmental Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

			Major Spe	cial Revenue		
ASSETS	General Fund	Roads	Medic One	Real Estate Excise Tax	Public Health & Social Services	Other Funds
Nonspendable:	I dild	Roaus	One	LACISE I AA	Jei vices	i ulius
Inventory	\$ -	\$ 582,836	T & _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepayments	85,705	1,000	6,028	-	250	1,480
Total Non-Spendable	85,705	583,836	6,028		250	1,480
Restricted for:	03,703	303,030	0,020		230	1,700
Capital Projects		-	_	13,251,942	_	368,173
Conservation Futures	-	-	-	-	-	4,370,257
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	41,501
Elections	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Obligation Debt	-	-	-	-	-	3,955
Health and Social Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Historic Preservation	-	-	-	-	-	789,470
Housing Services	-	-	-	-	-	86,074
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	605,922
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	188,997
Legislative/Admin/Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	7,150
Life Support and Transport Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mental Health	-	-	-	-	-	4,247,932
Noxious Weed Control	-	-	-	-	-	32,430
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	1,659,470
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	2,144
Purchases on Order	289,935	-	-	-	-	_
Roads Construction	-	-	-	-	-	4,895,661
Roads Operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	188,110
Veteran's Relief	-	-	-	-	-	115,263
Water Management	-	-	_	-	-	8,533
Total Restricted	289,935	-	-	13,251,942	-	17,611,042

# Specific Purpose Fund Balance Classifications Governmental Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

			Major Spec	cial Revenue		
				Real	Public Health	
	General		Medic	Estate	& Social	Other
ASSETS	Fund	Roads	One	Excise Tax	Services	Funds
Committed for:						
Elections	-	-	-	-	-	426,471
Total Committed	-	-	-		-	426,471
Assigned to:						
Capital Projects	-	-	-	1,501,768	-	2,040,168
Conservation Futures	-	-	-	-	-	491,864
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	3,079
Elections	-	-	-	-	-	37,135
General Obligation Debt	-	-	-	-	-	702,944
Health and Social Services	-	-	-	-	9,537,420	-
Historic Preservation	-	-	-	-	-	478,669
Housing Services	-	-	-	-	-	2,039,671
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	328,796
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	35,481
Legislative/Admin/Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	438,130
Life Support and Transport Services	-	-	12,685,039	-	-	-
Mental Health	-	-	-	-	-	835
Noxious Weed Control	-	-	-	-	-	162,528
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	1,817
Purchases on Order	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roads Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roads Operations	-	19,910,116	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	27,904
Veteran's Relief	-	-	-	-	-	112,132
Water Management	-	-	-		-	10,270
Total Assigned	-	19,910,116	12,685,039	1,501,768	9,537,420	6,911,423
Unassigned	11,509,260	-	-		-	(53)
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,884,900	\$ 20,493,952	\$ 12,691,067	\$ 14,753,710	\$ 9,537,670	\$ 24,950,363

### NOTE XVI - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes all capitalized assets, less outstanding obligations for current and long term bonds, and notes payable related to capital investments. These amounts are adjusted for unexpended bond proceeds, other borrowings, negative equities, debt incurred to finance capital acquisitions by outside parties, and non-capital financings as noted below.

# **Reconciliation of Net Investment in Capital Assets**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 464,579,272	\$ 33,081,137
Less: Total Reported Outstanding Debt	(64,966,090)	(3,372,478)
Net Investment in Capital Assets Before Adjustments	399,613,182	29,708,659
Adjustments: Non-County Agency Debt	208,638	-
Un-Expended Debt Proceeds	22,046	-
Loss on Refunding	2,094,670	78,173
Gain on Refunding	(427,875)	-
Non-Capital Debt	-	496,041
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 401,510,661	\$ 30,282,873

# **NOTE XVII – OTHER DISCLOSURES**

# A. Prior Period Adjustments

The county reported a (\$6,089,637) prior period adjustment in Governmental Activities. A detail discussion of this balance is as follows:

- An adjustment of (\$4,624,725) was recorded to correct an accounting error related to how the county had previously reported a portion of its Infrastructure and Machinery assets in its Public Works department.
- An adjustment of (\$1,418,974) was recorded in the General Fund and (\$297,062) recorded in two Non-Major Special Revenue Funds to correct an accounting error related to the reclassification of Unavailable Revenue to Deferred Inflows of Resources.
- An adjustment of \$305,430 was recorded in the Public Health Major Special Revenue Fund to correct an account coding error related to the classification of a working capital advance for a State Grant. Also in the Public Health fund, an adjustment of (\$54,306) was recorded to correct a prior year revenue accrual reversing error.

# B. Contingencies

Thurston County has other claims and lawsuits pending at this time that could be a liability to the County over the next few years. The amount of these other claims cannot be reasonably estimated.

# C. Accounting and Reporting Changes

During the year, the county implemented one GASB statement, GASB 82, *Pension Issues* – GASB Statement No. 82 addresses certain practice issues that arose with respect to the new pension standards. Specifically, RSI would present "covered payroll", which is the portion of compensation paid to active employees on which contributions to a pension plan are made. Also, plan member contributions made by the employer on-behalf of plan members would be treated as employee contributions.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

# **LEOFF 1 Retiree Medical Benefits**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/2015	\$ -	\$ 10,444,693	\$	10,444,693	0%	\$	133,718	7810.99%	
12/31/2016	\$ -	\$ 9,367,909	\$	9,367,909	0%	\$	-	N/A	
12/31/2017	\$ -	\$ 7,722,815	\$	7,722,815	0%	\$	-	N/A	

# **PEBB Retiree Medical Benefits**

			Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liabilities	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
12/31/2015	\$ -	\$ 42,516,604	\$ 42,516,604	0%	\$ 70,529,164	60.28%
12/31/2016	\$ -	\$ 42,516,605	\$ 42,516,605	0%	\$ 72,992,734	58.25%
12/31/2017	\$ -	\$ 49,535,777	\$ 49,535,777	0%	\$ 76,718,521	64.57%

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILIY – BY PLAN

# Thurston County Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS 1 As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.53694%	0.53414%	0.54111%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,478,222	\$ 28,685,834	\$ 28,305,295
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 66,896,398	\$ 62,772,447	\$ 60,498,584
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	38.09%	45.70%	46.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.24%	57.03%	59.10%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS 2/3 As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.56401%	0.56076%	0.56903%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,596,756	\$ 28,233,771	\$ 20,331,695
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 55,457,431	\$ 52,509,692	\$ 50,535,914
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	35.34%	53.77%	40.23%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.97%	85.82%	89.20%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PSERS As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017		2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2.98852	2%	2.83819%	2.97578%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 585,54	11 \$	1,206,174	\$ 543,139
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 10,622,02	21 \$	9,245,155	\$ 8,732,083
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.5°	%	13.05%	6.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.20	6%	90.41%	95.08%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability LEOFF 1 As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.05158%	0.05040%	0.04875%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)	\$ (782,506)	\$ (519,223)	\$ (587,485)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the employer	(5,292,853)	(3,512,011)	\$ (3,973,734)
TOTAL	\$ (6,075,359)	\$ (4,031,234)	\$ (4,561,219)
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ -	\$ 45,806	\$ 97,578
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	-1133.53%	-602.07%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	135.96%	123.74%	127.36%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

<sup>\*</sup> For covered payroll, as of the start of 2016, the County had no current employees active in the LEOFF 1 Plan.

# Thurston County Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability LEOFF 2 As of June 30, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.26170%	0.26031%	0.25764%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)	\$ (3,631,506)	\$ (1,514,065)	\$ (2,648,014)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the employer	(2,355,690)	(987,060)	\$ (1,750,899)
TOTAL	\$ (5,987,197)	\$ (2,501,125)	\$ (4,398,913)
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 8,160,872	\$ 7,909,406	\$ 7,505,894
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-44.50%	-19.14%	-35.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	113.36%	106.04%	111.67%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – BY PLAN

# Thurston County Schedule of Employer Contributions PERS 1 As of Decmeber 31, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,384,559	\$ 3,152,092	\$ 2,753,010
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	3,384,559	3,152,092	2,753,010
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 68,176,847	\$ 64,911,819	\$ 61,270,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.96%	4.86%	4.49%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Employer Contributions PERS 2/3 As of Decmeber 31, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,984,624	\$ 3,464,070	\$ 2,973,565
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	3,984,624	3,464,070	2,973,565
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 56,594,498	\$ 54,048,064	\$ 51,167,804
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.04%	6.41%	5.81%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Employer Contributions PSERS As of Decmeber 31, 2017

# Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	749,164	\$ 676,123	\$ 596,718
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		749,164	676,123	596,718
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 1	0,945,641	\$ 9,987,030	\$ 8,965,975
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		6.84%	6.77%	6.66%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Thurston County Schedule of Employer Contributions LEOFF 2 As of Decmeber 31, 2017 Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 458,853	\$ 422,633	\$ 401,274
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	458,853	422,633	401,274
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 8,541,674	\$ 8,080,915	\$ 7,672,529
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	5.37%	5.23%	5.23%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is to be built prospectively until it contains ten years of data.

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
ASSETS	 - unac	- undo	- undo	10141
Assets:				
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 16,978,483	\$ 708,110	\$ 9,777,101	\$ 27,463,694
Receivables:				
Taxes Receivable	34,078	-	-	34,078
Special Assessment Receivables	29,986	2,608	-	32,594
Accrued Interest & Penalties	104,214	1,594	23,321	129,129
Customer Account Receivables	474,425	-	-	474,425
Due from Other Funds	43,471	-	-	43,471
Due from Other Government Units	549,955	-	-	549,955
Prepayments	 1,480	-	-	1,480
Total Assets	\$ 18,216,092	\$ 712,312	\$ 9,800,422	\$ 28,728,826
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 678,038	\$ -	\$ 33,567	\$ 711,605
Due to Other Funds	1,143,374	-	654,264	1,797,638
Due to Other Government Units	753,309	-	-	753,309
Unearned Revenues	129,906	-	-	129,906
Total Liabilities	2,704,627	-	687,831	3,392,458
Deferred Inflow of Resources:				
Property Taxes	28,598	_	_	28,598
Special Assessments	29,986	2,737	_	32,723
Courts	324,684		_	324,684
Count	 02 1,00 1			02 1,00 1
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	 383,268	2,737	-	386,005
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	1,480	_	_	1,480
Restricted	10,683,333	4,405	6,923,304	17,611,042
Committed	426,471		-	426,471
Assigned	4,016,966	705,170	2,189,287	6,911,423
Unassigned	(53)	 -	 	 (53)
Total Fund Balance	15,128,197	709,575	9,112,591	24,950,363
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of				
Resources & Fund Balances	\$ 18,216,092	\$ 712,312	\$ 9,800,422	\$ 28,728,826

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Nonmajor Special Revenue		Nonmajor Debt Service		Nonmajor Capital Projects	
Peyenues		Funds		Funds		Funds	Total
Revenues: Taxes	\$	15,322,195	\$		\$	5,405,382 \$	20,727,577
Intergovernmental	φ	4,430,244	φ	236,559	φ	22,893	4,689,696
Charges for Services		4,492,230		230,339		2,186,243	6,678,473
Fines & Forfeits		33,534		_		2,100,245	33,534
Miscellaneous Revenue		956,644		26,740		41,960	1,025,344
Total Revenues		25,234,847		263,299		7,656,478	33,154,624
Expenditures:		-, - ,-		,		,,	
Current:							
General Government		457,135		-		77,082	534,217
Culture & Recreation		933,234		-		-	933,234
Economic Environment		5,945,044		-		-	5,945,044
Health & Human Services		8,209,815		-		-	8,209,815
Public Safety		2,959,764		-		103,248	3,063,012
Utilities & Environment		1,559,550		-		-	1,559,550
Capital Outlay		10,037		-		82,696	92,733
Debt Service:							
Principal		-		5,659,182		-	5,659,182
Interest & Fiscal Charges		-		2,536,155		-	2,536,155
Total Expenditures		20,074,579		8,195,337		263,026	28,532,942
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		5,160,268		(7,932,038)		7,393,452	4,621,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Sale of Capital Assets		17,324		-		1,607,775	1,625,099
Transfers In		137,261		7,939,072		400,000	8,476,333
Transfers Out		(3,418,010)		(27,715)		(7,687,152)	(11,132,877)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,263,425)		7,911,357		(5,679,377)	(1,031,445)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		1,896,843		(20,681)		1,714,075	3,590,237
Fund Balances as of January 1		13,528,416		730,256		7,398,516	21,657,188
Prior Period Adjustments		(297,062)		-		-	(297,062)
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated		13,231,354		730,256		7,398,516	21,360,126
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	15,128,197	\$	709,575	\$	9,112,591 \$	24,950,363

# NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established pursuant to state statutes or local ordinances to segregate resources designated for specific purposes.

**Anti-Profiteering** – A fund that uses proceeds from anti-profiteering cases to investigate and prosecute similar cases.

**Auditor - Election Reserve** – A fund that uses election service surcharges to acquire and replace election equipment.

**Auditor - Maintenance and Operations** – A fund that uses service charges (including election service surcharges, duplicating fees and document preservation fees) to purchase systems and equipment for preservation of County historic documents. The fund is also used to cover document imaging by other County departments.

**Basin Planning & Enhancement Projects** – A fund established to account for grant activity related to water quality.

Clerk's Legal Financial Obligations (LFO) Collections – A fund that uses intergovernmental service revenues to collect for court ordered financial obligations and the associated expenses.

**Conservation Futures** – A fund that uses property taxes to purchase land or the rights to future development of land. A land preservation program that protects, preserves, and improves open space, timberlands, wetlands, habitat areas, culturally significant sites, and agriculture farmlands.

**Emergency Management Council** – A fund established to use intergovernmental service and miscellaneous revenues from local jurisdictions to fund joint emergency management activities.

Family Court Services for Clerk & Superior Court – Two funds that use revenue from fees, marriage license surcharge and the sale of forms. These funds pay for the expenditures related to the Family Court Facilitator Program. The Family Court Facilitator provides assistance, coordination, direction and services related to family law issues for litigants not represented by an attorney.

**Housing & Community Renewal** – A fund that uses business, occupation and excise taxes, grants, recording surcharges and interfund payments to provide planning and grant management services for housing development and homelessness prevention.

**Investment Administration** – A fund that uses fees from pool participants which reimburse the Treasurer's Office for the actual expenses incurred in administering the investment function under a local pooling program.

**Lake Lawrence L. M. D.** – A fund established to levy assessments to manage water quality through the control of aquatic vegetation in Lake Lawrence.

**Law Library** – A fund that uses filing fees to fund a legal law library for Thurston County's Superior Courts.

**Long Lake L. M. D.** – A fund established to levy assessments to manage water quality through the control of aquatic vegetation at Long Lake.

**Noxious Weed** – A fund established to levy and use tax assessments and intergovernmental revenues to educate, consult and help landowners to protect lands from the impact of invasive noxious weeds.

**Sheriff's Special Programs** – A fund that uses vessel registration fees to fund boating enforcement and grants for boating safety.

**Stadium, Convention and Art Center** – A fund that uses lodging tax proceeds to promote tourism and acquisition or operation of tourism-related facilities.

**Tax Refunds** – A fund established to return taxes improperly collected as mandated by court order.

**Thurston Communications (T-COMM-9-1-1)** - A fund established to account for County collected 911 taxes on property and telephone lines and passes the funds to TCOMM which provides countywide emergency communication services within Thurston County.

**Tourism Promotion Area Fund** – A fund that uses a charge on hotel stays for tourism marketing and promotion.

**Treasurer's Maintenance and Operations** – A revolving fund that uses Treasurer's assessment collection fees for the foreclosing process of selling property due to delinquent property taxes.

**Treatment Sales Tax** – A sales and use tax established to provide new or expanded chemical dependency or mental health treatment services and therapeutic court programs.

**Trial Court Improvement** – A fund established to use judicial salary contributions from the state to fund improvements to Superior and District Court staffing, programs, facilities, or services.

**Veterans Assistance Revolving Fund**— A fund that uses property taxes to fund emergency assistance to eligible veterans and their families in Thurston County.

**Victim Advocate Program Fund** – A fund that uses court penalties and assessments from the County's crime victim/witness program and grant proceeds to fund services to victims of crimes.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 6

		Anti-		Auditor - Election	Auditor -		Basin Planning & Enhancement		
ASSETS	Pro	ofiteering		Reserve		M & O		Projects	
Assets:								_	
Cash & Pooled Investments  Receivables:	\$	21,700	\$	337,479	\$	1,269,987	\$	31,120	
Taxes Receivable		-		-		-		-	
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-		-		-	
Accrued Interest & Penalties		47		668		-		67	
Customer Account Receivables		-		-		-		-	
Due from Other Funds		-		35,149		-		-	
Due from Other Government Units		-		90,310		-		-	
Prepayments		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total Assets	\$	21,747	\$	463,606	\$	1,269,987	\$	31,187	
LIABILITIES Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,848	\$	-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		12,384	
Due to Other Government Units Unearned Revenues		-		- -		- -		<u>-</u>	
Total Liabilities		-		-		1,848		12,384	
Deferred Inflow of Resources:									
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-	
Courts		-		-		-			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		262		-		789,470		8,533	
Committed		-		426,471		-		-	
Assigned Unassigned		21,485 -		37,135 -		478,669 -		10,270 -	
Total Fund Balance		21,747		463,606		1,268,139		18,803	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources & Fund Balances	\$	21,747	\$	463,606	\$	1,269,987	\$	31,187	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 6

	Cle	erk's LFO	C	onservation	Er	nergency		Family Court Services -
ASSETS	C	ollection		Futures		nagement		Clerk
Assets:	•							
Cash & Pooled Investments  Receivables:	\$	52,853	\$	5,067,821	\$	3,961	\$	109,130
Taxes Receivable		_		27,275		_		_
Special Assessment Receivables		-		- ,- ,- ,- ,-		-		-
Accrued Interest & Penalties		100		11,237		-		295
Customer Account Receivables		205,612		-		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Government Units Prepayments		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	258,565	\$	5,106,333	\$	3,961	\$	109,425
	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	0,100,000	Ψ	0,001	Ψ	100,420
LIABILITIES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	7,966	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,880
Due to Other Funds	Ψ		Ψ	221,323	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Due to Other Government Units		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		7,966		221,323		-		8,880
Deferred Inflow of Resources:								
Property Taxes		-		22,889		-		-
Special Assessments		-		-		-		-
Courts		205,612		-		-		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		205,612		22,889		-		
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		44.007		4 270 257		-		-
Restricted Committed		44,987		4,370,257		2,144		-
Assigned		-		491,864		1,817		100,545
Unassigned		-	_			-		-
Total Fund Balance		44,987		4,862,121		3,961		100,545
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of	•		_		•		_	
Resources & Fund Balances	\$	258,565	\$	5,106,333	\$	3,961	\$	109,425

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 3 of 6

	Family				
	Court	Housing &			Lake
	Services -	Community	Investment	J	Lawrence -
ASSETS	Sup. Crt.	Renewal	Admin.		L. M. D.
Assets:					
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 117,942	\$ 2,191,168	\$ 222,429	\$	27,414
Receivables:					
Taxes Receivable	-	-	-		-
Special Assessment Receivables	-	-	-		3,435
Accrued Interest & Penalties	243	4,384	84,111		54
Customer Account Receivables	19,835	-	-		-
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-		-
Due from Other Government Units	-	393,418	-		-
Prepayments	 -	1,480	-		
Total Assets	\$ 138,020	\$ 2,590,450	\$ 306,540	\$	30,903
LIABILITIES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,190	\$ 463,225	\$ 20,874	\$	2,181
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-		70
Due to Other Government Units	-	-	-		-
Unearned Revenues	-	-	-		
Total Liabilities	5,190	463,225	20,874		2,251
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Property Taxes	-	-	-		-
Special Assessments	-	-	-		3,435
Courts	-	-	-		_
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	-	-	-		3,435
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	-	1,480	-		-
Restricted	-	86,074	-		23,314
Committed	-	-	-		-
Assigned	132,830	2,039,671	285,666		1,903
Unassigned	 -	-	-		-
Total Fund Balance	132,830	2,127,225	285,666		25,217
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of					
Resources & Fund Balances	\$ 138,020	\$ 2,590,450	\$ 306,540	\$	30,903

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 4 of 6

ASSETS	Law Library		Long Lake - L. M. D.	Noxious Weed		Sheriff's Special Programs	
Assets:							
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	186,740	\$ 189,796	\$ 207,817	\$	202,207	
Receivables:							
Taxes Receivable		-	4.040	-		-	
Special Assessment Receivables Accrued Interest & Penalties		-	4,640	21,911		- 450	
Customer Account Receivables		-	392	378		459	
Due from Other Funds		-	-	-		100	
Due from Other Government Units		_	_	_		-	
Prepayments		-	-	-		-	
Total Assets	\$	186,740	\$ 194,828	\$ 230,106	\$	202,766	
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	17,622	\$ 1,922	\$ 12,654	\$	35	
Due to Other Funds		-	145	583		-	
Due to Other Government Units		-	-	-		-	
Unearned Revenues		-	-	-			
Total Liabilities		17,622	2,067	13,237		35	
Deferred Inflow of Resources:							
Property Taxes		-	-	-		-	
Special Assessments		-	4,640	21,911		-	
Courts		-	-	-			
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-	4,640	21,911		-	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-	-	-		-	
Restricted		166,305	164,346	32,430		188,735	
Committed		-	-	-		-	
Assigned		2,813	23,775	162,528		13,996	
Unassigned		-	-	-			
Total Fund Balance		169,118	188,121	194,958		202,731	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of							
Resources & Fund Balances	\$	186,740	\$ 194,828	\$ 230,106	\$	202,766	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 5 of 6

Stadium Convention

	& Arts			Tax	т	СОММ	Tourism	
ASSETS		Center		Refunds		Excise Tax	Promotion	
Assets:								
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	63,455	\$	10,472	\$	-	\$ -	
Receivables:								
Taxes Receivable		-		35		-	-	
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-		-	-	
Accrued Interest & Penalties		125		23		-	-	
<b>Customer Account Receivables</b>		-		-		-	-	
Due from Other Funds		-		-		-	-	
Due from Other Government Units		-		-		-	-	
Prepayments		-		-		-	-	
Total Assets	\$	63,580	\$	10,530	\$	-	\$ -	
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Due to Other Funds		19,000		-		-	-	
Due to Other Government Units		-		-		-	-	
Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities		19,000		-		-	-	
Deferred Inflow of Resources:								
Property Taxes		-		35		-	-	
Special Assessments		-		-		-	-	
Courts		-		-		-	-	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		35		-	-	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-	-	
Restricted		41,501		7,150		-	-	
Committed		-		-		-	-	
Assigned		3,079		3,345		-	-	
Unassigned		-		-		-		
Total Fund Balance		44,580		10,495		-		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of								
Resources & Fund Balances	\$	63,580	\$	10,530	\$	-	\$ -	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 Page 6 of 6

	T	Tuestuesut	Trial		Victim	
ASSETS	Treasurer M & O	Treatment Sales Tax	Court Improve	Veterans	Advocate Program	Total
Assets:		Juios Tux	p.rovo	701014110	o g. a	10141
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 59,434	\$ 5,909,158	\$ 419,599	\$ 252,555	\$ 24,246	\$ 16,978,483
Receivables:	* 55,151	<b>+</b> -,,	<b>+</b> ,	¥ ===,===	<b>*</b> -1,-10	<b>+</b> 12,212,122
Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	6,768	-	34,078
Special Assessment Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	29,986
Accrued Interest & Penalties	71	-	909	551	100	104,214
Customer Account Receivables	129,906	-	-	-	119,072	474,425
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	8,222	-	43,471
Due from Other Government Units	-	-	-	-	66,227	549,955
Prepayments		-	-	-	-	1,480
Total Assets	\$ 189,411	\$ 5,909,158	\$ 420,508	\$ 268,096	\$ 209,645	\$ 18,216,092
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 57,464	\$ 19,307	\$ -	\$ 35,027	\$ 23,843	\$ 678,038
Due to Other Funds	2,094	887,775	-	-	-	1,143,374
Due to Other Government Units	-	753,309	-	-	-	753,309
Unearned Revenues	129,906	-	-	-	-	129,906
Total Liabilities	189,464	1,660,391	-	35,027	23,843	2,704,627
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Property Taxes	-	-	-	5,674	-	28,598
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	29,986
Courts		-	-	-	119,072	324,684
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-	-	5,674	119,072	383,268
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	1,480
Restricted	-	4,247,932	394,630	115,263	-	10,683,333
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	426,471
Assigned	-	835	25,878	112,132	66,730	4,016,966
Unassigned	(53)	-	-	-	-	(53)
Total Fund Balance	(53)	4,248,767	420,508	227,395	66,730	15,128,197
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of						
Resources & Fund Balances	\$ 189,411	\$ 5,909,158	\$ 420,508	\$ 268,096	\$ 209,645	\$ 18,216,092

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 6

	Ar	nti-		uditor- Election	,	Auditor -	Pla	Basin nning & ancement
	Profite	eering	F	Reserve		M & O	Pı	rojects
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		108,550		8,827
Charges for Services		-		196,670		194,110		-
Fines & Forfeits		<b>-</b>		-		-		-
Miscellaneous Revenue		71		467		11,761		88
Total Revenues		71		197,137		314,421		8,915
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		-		2,827		133,379		-
Culture & Recreation		-		-		-		-
Economic Environment		-		-		-		-
Health & Human Services		- 256		-		-		-
Public Safety Utilities & Environment		230		-		-		- 19,224
Capital Outlay		_		_		10,037		19,224
Total Expenditures		256		2,827		143,416		19,224
		250		2,021		143,410		19,224
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues  Over Expenditures		(185)		194,310		171,005		(10,309)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of Capital Assets		_		_		_		_
Transfers In		-		_		-		_
Transfers Out		-		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(185)		194,310		171,005		(10,309)
Fund Balances as of January 1		21,932		269,296		1,097,134		29,112
Prior Period Adjustments		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated		21,932		269,296		1,097,134		29,112
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	21,747	\$	463,606	\$	1,268,139	\$	18,803

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 6

	Clerk's LFO	C	onservation	Emergency	Family Court Services -
	Collection		Futures	Management	Clerk
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	1,338,300	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	144,670		5,484	-	-
Charges for Services	-		-	30,379	159,272
Fines & Forfeits	20,500		-	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	24		15,505	-	815
Total Revenues	165,194		1,359,289	30,379	160,087
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	-		-	-	-
Culture & Recreation	-		-	-	-
Economic Environment	-		-	-	-
Health & Human Services	-		-	-	-
Public Safety	144,240		-	28,235	220,121
Utilities & Environment	-		758,585	-	-
Capital Outlay			-	-	
Total Expenditures	144,240		758,585	28,235	220,121
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	20,954		600,704	2,144	(60,034)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	_		13,814	-	-
Transfers In	-		-	-	-
Transfers Out			(338,155)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(324,341)	-	-
Net Changes In Fund Balances	20,954		276,363	2,144	(60,034)
Fund Balances as of January 1	212,137		4,585,758	1,817	160,579
Prior Period Adjustments	(188,104)				
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	24,033		4,585,758	1,817	160,579
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 44,987	\$	4,862,121	\$ 3,961	\$ 100,545

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 3 of 6

	Family Court	Housing &		Lake
	Services -	Community	Investment	Lawrence -
	Sup. Crt.	Renewal	Admin.	L. M. D.
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	3,616,555	-	5,500
Charges for Services	34,740	2,487,391	-	-
Fines & Forfeits	-	-	-	172
Miscellaneous Revenue	290	4,512	115,334	95,000
Total Revenues	35,030	6,108,458	115,334	100,672
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	-	-	90,384	-
Culture & Recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic Environment	-	5,605,285	-	-
Health & Human Services	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	28,073	-	-	-
Utilities & Environment	-	-	-	104,171
Capital Outlay		-	-	
Total Expenditures	28,073	5,605,285	90,384	104,171
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	6,957	503,173	24,950	(3,499)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	117,607	-	-
Transfers Out		(27,276)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	90,331	-	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	6,957	593,504	24,950	(3,499)
Fund Balances as of January 1	125,873	1,533,721	260,716	28,716
Prior Period Adjustments				
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	125,873	1,533,721	260,716	28,716
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 132,830	\$ 2,127,225	\$ 285,666	\$ 25,217

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 4 of 6

	Law Library	Long Lake - L. M. D.	Noxious Weed	Sheriff's Special Programs
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	49,458	59,549
Charges for Services	101,947	5,702	578	-
Fines & Forfeits	-	291	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	 -	175,111	529,311	779
Total Revenues	101,947	181,104	579,347	60,328
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	-	-	-	-
Culture & Recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic Environment	-	-	-	-
Health & Human Services	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	49,724	-	-	52,897
Utilities & Environment	-	151,418	526,152	-
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	49,724	151,418	526,152	52,897
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	52,223	29,686	53,195	7,431
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	 -	-	(20,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	(20,000)	-
Net Changes In Fund Balances	52,223	29,686	33,195	7,431
Fund Balances as of January 1	116,895	158,435	161,763	195,300
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	116,895	158,435	161,763	195,300
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 169,118	\$ 188,121	\$ 194,958	\$ 202,731

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 5 of 6

Stadium Convention

	& Arts	Tax		TCOMM	Tourism
	Center	Refunds	91	1 Excise Tax	Promotion
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 35,335	\$ 18	\$	8,207,418	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-		-	-
Charges for Services	-	-		-	921,384
Fines & Forfeits	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	 88	34		2,397	570
Total Revenues	35,423	52		8,209,815	921,954
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	-	-		-	-
Culture & Recreation	11,280	-		-	921,954
Economic Environment	-	-		-	-
Health & Human Services	-	-		8,209,815	-
Public Safety	-	-		-	-
Utilities & Environment	-	-		-	-
Capital Outlay	 -	-		-	-
Total Expenditures	11,280	-		8,209,815	921,954
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	24,143	52		-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-		-	-
Transfers In	-	-		-	-
Transfers Out	 (19,000)	-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(19,000)	-		-	-
Net Changes In Fund Balances	5,143	52		-	-
Fund Balances as of January 1	39,437	10,443		-	-
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-		-	-
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	39,437	10,443		-	-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 44,580	\$ 10,495	\$		\$ -

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 6 of 6

	Treasurer M & O	Treatment Sales Tax	Trial Court Improveme	Veterans	Victim Advocate Program	Total
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 5,401,298	\$ -	\$ 339,826	\$ -	\$ 15,322,195
Intergovernmental	-	-	70,346	1,393	359,912	4,430,244
Charges for Services	191,300	-	-	-	168,757	4,492,230
Fines & Forfeits	-	-	_	-	12,571	33,534
Miscellaneous Revenue		-	1,222	2,893	372	956,644
Total Revenues	191,300	5,401,298	71,568	344,112	541,612	25,234,847
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	230,545	-	-	-	-	457,135
Culture & Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	933,234
Economic Environment	-	-	-	339,759	-	5,945,044
Health & Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	8,209,815
Public Safety	-	1,866,693	24,081	-	545,444	2,959,764
Utilities & Environment	-	-	-	-	-	1,559,550
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	10,037
Total Expenditures	230,545	1,866,693	24,081	339,759	545,444	20,074,579
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(39,245)	3,534,605	47,487	4,353	(3,832)	5,160,268
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	3,510	-	17,324
Transfers In	-	-	-	19,654	-	137,261
Transfers Out	_	(2,991,544)	(7,348	(14,687)	-	(3,418,010)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(2,991,544)	(7,348	) 8,477	-	(3,263,425)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(39,245)	543,061	40,139	12,830	(3,832)	1,896,843
Fund Balances as of January 1	39,192	3,705,706	380,369	214,565	179,520	13,528,416
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	-	-	(108,958)	(297,062)
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	39,192	3,705,706	380,369	214,565	70,562	13,231,354
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ (53)	\$ 4,248,767	\$ 420,508	\$ 227,395	\$ 66,730	\$ 15,128,197

## Anti-Profiteering Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original	Final			ariance with Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	•	Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017		(Negative)
Revenues:					
Fines & Forfeits	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ -	\$	(100)
Miscellaneous Revenue	200	200	71		(129)
Total Revenues	300	300	71		(229)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	 20,256	20,256	256		20,000
Total Expenditures	20,256	20,256	256		20,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 (19,956)	(19,956)	(185)		19,771
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(19,956)	(19,956)	(185)		19,771
Fund Balances as of January 1	 21,985	21,932	21,932		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 2,029	\$ 1,976	\$ 21,747	\$	19,771

#### Auditor - Election Reserve Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

					ariance with	
	Original	Final		ı	Final Budget	
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or		
	Budget	Budget	2017		(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 196,670	\$	131,670	
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	467		467	
Total Revenues	65,000	65,000	197,137		132,137	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	51,798	51,798	2,827		48,971	
Capital Outlay	 40,000	40,000	-		40,000	
Total Expenditures	91,798	91,798	2,827		88,971	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	 (26,798)	(26,798)	194,310		221,108	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(26,798)	(26,798)	194,310		221,108	
Fund Balances as of January 1	100,000	269,296	269,296		-	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 73,202	\$ 242,498	\$ 463,606	\$	221,108	

Auditor - M & O
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017	Final 2017	Actual	_	ariance with Final Budget Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017		(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 90,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 108,550	\$	18,550
Charges for Services	166,500	166,500	194,110		27,610
Miscellaneous Revenue	11,200	11,200	11,761		561
Total Revenues	267,700	267,700	314,421		46,721
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government	227,967	255,967	133,379		122,588
Capital Outlay	7,500	7,500	10,037		(2,537)
Total Expenditures	235,467	263,467	143,416		120,051
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	32,233	4,233	171,005		166,772
Net Changes In Fund Balances	32,233	4,233	171,005		166,772
Fund Balances as of January 1	900,000	1,097,134	1,097,134		-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 932,233	\$ 1,101,367	\$ 1,268,139	\$	166,772

#### Basin Planning & Enhancement Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original	Final		ariance with inal Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,427,140	\$ 1,427,140	\$ 8,827	\$ (1,418,313)
Miscellaneous Revenue	 -	-	88	88
Total Revenues	1,427,140	1,427,140	8,915	(1,418,225)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Utilities & Environment	552,587	552,587	19,224	533,363
Capital Outlay	 874,553	874,553	-	874,553
Total Expenditures	1,427,140	1,427,140	19,224	1,407,916
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	-	-	(10,309)	(10,309)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	-	-	(10,309)	(10,309)
Fund Balances as of January 1	 30,863	29,112	29,112	-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 30,863	\$ 29,112	\$ 18,803	\$ (10,309)

#### Clerk's LFO Collections Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

					ariance with	
	Original	Final			Final Budget	
	2017	2017	Actual		Positive or	
	 Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 144,670	\$	(40,330)	
Fines & Forfeits	195,000	195,000	20,500		(174,500)	
Miscellaneous Revenue	 500	500	24		(476)	
Total Revenues	380,500	380,500	165,194		(215,306)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	312,453	312,453	144,240		168,213	
Total Expenditures	312,453	312,453	144,240		168,213	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	68,047	68,047	20,954		(47,093)	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	68,047	68,047	20,954		(47,093)	
Fund Balances as of January 1	29,738	24,034	212,137		188,103	
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	(188,104)		(188,104)	
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	 29,738	24,034	24,033		(1)	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 97,785	\$ 92,081	\$ 44,987	\$	(47,094)	

## Conservation Futures Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017	Final 2017	Actual	/ariance with Final Budget Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 1,360,500	\$ 1,360,500	\$ 1,338,300	\$ (22,200)
Intergovernmental	9,500	9,500	5,484	(4,016)
Miscellaneous Revenue	 11,600	11,600	15,505	3,905
Total Revenues	1,381,600	1,381,600	1,359,289	(22,311)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Utilities & Environment	-	-	758,585	(758,585)
Capital Outlay	 1,036,961	1,036,961	-	1,036,961
Total Expenditures	1,036,961	1,036,961	758,585	278,376
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	344,639	344,639	600,704	256,065
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	10,000	10,000	13,814	3,814
Transfers Out	 (246,002)	(336,002)	(338,155)	(2,153)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(236,002)	(326,002)	(324,341)	1,661
Net Changes In Fund Balances	108,637	18,637	276,363	257,726
Fund Balances as of January 1	2,270,000	4,585,758	4,585,758	_
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 2,378,637	\$ 4,604,395	\$ 4,862,121	\$ 257,726

#### Emergency Management Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017	Final 2017	Actual	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017		(Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 28,288	\$ 28,288	\$ 30,379	\$	2,091
Miscellaneous Revenue	 10	10	-		(10)
Total Revenues	28,298	28,298	30,379		2,081
Expenditures: Current:					
Public Safety	28,340	28,340	28,235		105
Total Expenditures	28,340	28,340	28,235		105
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(42)	(42)	2,144		2 196
Over Experialtures	 (42)	(42)	2,144		2,186
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(42)	(42)	2,144		2,186
Fund Balances as of January 1	 2,499	1,817	1,817		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 2,457	\$ 1,775	\$ 3,961	\$	2,186

#### Family Court Services - Clerk Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

					ariance with
	Original	Final		F	Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual		Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017		(Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 305,000	\$ 305,000	\$ 159,272	\$	(145,728)
Miscellaneous Revenue	 1,200	1,200	815		(385)
Total Revenues	306,200	306,200	160,087		(146,113)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	 436,829	436,829	220,121		216,708
Total Expenditures	436,829	436,829	220,121		216,708
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(130,629)	(130,629)	(60,034)		70,595
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(130,629)	(130,629)	(60,034)		70,595
Fund Balances as of January 1	143,000	160,579	160,579		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 12,371	\$ 29,950	\$ 100,545	\$	70,595

#### Family Court Services - Superior Court Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 27,000 -	\$ 27,000 -	\$ 34,740 290	\$	7,740 290
Total Revenues	27,000	27,000	35,030		8,030
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety	53,369	53,369	28,073		25,296_
Total Expenditures	53,369	53,369	28,073		25,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(26,369)	(26,369)	6,957		33,326
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(26,369)	(26,369)	6,957		33,326
Fund Balances as of January 1	125,068	125,873	125,873		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 98,699	\$ 99,504	\$ 132,830	\$	33,326

#### Housing & Community Renewal Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	/ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:				<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,312,819	\$ 4,312,819	\$ 3,616,555	\$ (696,264)
Charges for Services	1,926,216	1,926,216	2,487,391	561,175
Miscellaneous Revenue	 25,000	25,000	4,512	(20,488)
Total Revenues	6,264,035	6,264,035	6,108,458	(155,577)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Economic Environment	6,494,710	6,503,204	5,605,285	897,919
Total Expenditures	6,494,710	6,503,204	5,605,285	897,919
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(230,675)	(239,169)	503,173	742,342
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	113,607	113,607	117,607	4,000
Transfers Out	 (27,276)	(27,276)	(27,276)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	86,331	86,331	90,331	4,000
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(144,344)	(152,838)	593,504	746,342
Fund Balances as of January 1	1,259,974	1,533,722	1,533,721	(1)
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 1,115,630	\$ 1,380,884	\$ 2,127,225	\$ 746,341

#### Lake Lawrence - L.M.D. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

				/ariance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,500	\$ -
Fines & Forfeits	300	300	172	(128)
Miscellaneous Revenue	 98,715	98,715	95,000	(3,715)
Total Revenues	99,015	104,515	100,672	(3,843)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Utilities & Environment	 110,825	116,325	104,171	12,154
Total Expenditures	110,825	116,325	104,171	12,154
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(11,810)	(11,810)	(3,499)	8,311
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(11,810)	(11,810)	(3,499)	8,311
Fund Balances as of January 1	 32,251	28,716	28,716	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 20,441	\$ 16,906	\$ 25,217	\$ 8,311

#### Law Library Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original	Final		ariance with inal Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 107,000	\$ 107,000	\$ 101,947	\$ (5,053)
Total Revenues	107,000	107,000	101,947	(5,053)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety	 103,028	103,028	49,724	53,304
Total Expenditures	103,028	103,028	49,724	53,304
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	3,972	3,972	52,223	48,251
Net Changes In Fund Balances	3,972	3,972	52,223	48,251
Fund Balances as of January 1	 60,143	116,895	116,895	-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 64,115	\$ 120,867	\$ 169,118	\$ 48,251

#### Long Lake - L.M.D. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

							/ariance with		
		Original		Final				Final Budget	
	2017			2017		Actual	Positive or		
	Budget Budget		Budget		2017	(Negative)			
Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$	5,575	\$	5,575	\$	5,702	\$	127	
Fines & Forfeits		150		150		291		141	
Miscellaneous Revenue		169,698		169,698		175,111		5,413	
Total Revenues		175,423		175,423		181,104		5,681	
Expenditures: Current:									
Utilities & Environment		251,174		251,174		151,418		99,756	
Total Expenditures		251,174		251,174		151,418		99,756	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(75,751)		(75,751)		29,686		105,437	
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(75,751)		(75,751)		29,686		105,437	
Fund Balances as of January 1		175,962		158,435		158,435			
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	100,211	\$	82,684	\$	188,121	\$	105,437	

#### Noxious Weed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017			Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 29,770	\$ 29,770	\$	49,458	\$	19,688
Charges for Services	15,632	15,632		578		(15,054)
Miscellaneous Revenue	523,429	523,429		529,311		5,882
Total Revenues	568,831	568,831		579,347		10,516
Expenditures: Current:						
Utilities & Environment	592,290	592,290		526,152		66,138
Total Expenditures	592,290	592,290		526,152		66,138
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(23,459)	(23,459)		53,195		76,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	(20,000)	(20,000)		(20,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,000)	(20,000)		(20,000)		-
Net Changes In Fund Balances Fund Balances as of January 1	(43,459) 154,807	(43,459) 161,763		33,195 161,763		76,654 -
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 111,348	\$ 118,304	\$	194,958	\$	76,654

#### Sheriff's Special Programs Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

				<b>-</b>			ariance with		
	(	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
	2017			2017		Actual	Positive or		
	Budget			Budget		2017	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	61,789	\$	61,789	\$	59,549	\$	(2,240)	
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,600		1,600		779		(821)	
Total Revenues		63,389		63,389		60,328		(3,061)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public Safety		30,131		78,000		52,897		25,103	
Total Expenditures		30,131		78,000		52,897		25,103	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		33,258		(14,611)		7,431		22,042	
Net Changes In Fund Balances		33,258		(14,611)		7,431		22,042	
Fund Balances as of January 1		229,356		195,300		195,300		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	262,614	\$	180,689	\$	202,731	\$	22,042	

#### Stadium, Convention & Arts Center Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Final 2017 2017					Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive or	
	Budget			Budget		2017	(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	28,000	\$	28,000	\$	35,335	\$	7,335	
Miscellaneous Revenue		25		25		88		63	
Total Revenues		28,025		28,025		35,423		7,398	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Culture & Recreation		30,280		30,280		11,280		19,000	
Total Expenditures		30,280		30,280		11,280		19,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(2,255)		(2,255)		24,143		26,398	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers Out		-		-		(19,000)		(19,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(19,000)		(19,000)	
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(2,255)		(2,255)		5,143		7,398	
Fund Balances as of January 1		30,000		39,437		39,437			
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	27,745	\$	37,182	\$	44,580	\$	7,398	

#### TCOMM 911 Excise Tax Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues:					(***• <b>g</b> ****)	
Taxes	\$ 7,770,751	\$ 8,270,751	\$ 8,207,418	\$	(63,333)	
Miscellaneous Revenue	900	900	2,397		1,497	
Total Revenues	7,771,651	8,271,651	8,209,815		(61,836)	
Expenditures: Current:						
Health & Human Services	 7,771,651	8,271,651	8,209,815		61,836	
Total Expenditures	7,771,651	8,271,651	8,209,815		61,836	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	-		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances as of January 1	-	-	-			
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	

#### Tourism Promotion Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 977,186	\$ 977,186	\$ 921,384	\$	(55,802)	
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	570		570	
Total Revenues	977,186	977,186	921,954		(55,232)	
Expenditures: Current:						
Culture & Recreation	 977,186	977,186	921,954		55,232	
Total Expenditures	977,186	977,186	921,954		55,232	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 -	-	-		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances as of January 1	-	-	-		-	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$		

#### Trial Court Improvement Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

						_	ariance with
	(	Original	Final		Astual		Final Budget
		2017 Budget	2017 Budget		Actual 2017		Positive or (Negative)
		Duuget	Duuget	2017			(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	70,000	\$ 70,000	\$	70,346	\$	346
Miscellaneous Revenue		2,000	2,000		1,222		(778)
Total Revenues		72,000	72,000		71,568		(432)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety		100,491	100,491		24,081		76,410
Total Expenditures		100,491	100,491		24,081		76,410
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(28,491)	(28,491)		47,487		75,978
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out		(75,000)	(75,000)		(7,348)		67,652
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(75,000)	(75,000)		(7,348)		67,652
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(103,491)	(103,491)		40,139		143,630
Fund Balances as of January 1		299,000	380,369		380,369		-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	195,509	\$ 276,878	\$	420,508	\$	143,630

Veterans
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Final 2017 2017				Actual		/ariance with Final Budget Positive or	
		Budget		Budget	2017	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	342,100	\$	342,100	\$ 339,826	\$	(2,274)	
Intergovernmental		2,360		2,360	1,393		(967)	
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,375		1,375	2,893		1,518	
Total Revenues		345,835		345,835	344,112		(1,723)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic Environment		306,675		366,675	339,759		26,916	
Total Expenditures		306,675		366,675	339,759		26,916	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		39,160		(20,840)	4,353		25,193	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of Capital Assets		1,500		1,500	3,510		2,010	
Transfers In		30,000		30,000	19,654		(10,346)	
Transfers Out		(14,687)		(14,687)	(14,687)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		16,813		16,813	8,477		(8,336)	
Net Changes In Fund Balances		55,973		(4,027)	12,830		16,857	
Fund Balances as of January 1		159,301		207,065	214,565		7,500	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	215,274	\$	203,038	\$ 227,395	\$	24,357	

#### Victim Advocate Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

				ariance with
	Original	Final		inal Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	 Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 258,488	\$ 376,661	\$ 359,912	\$ (16,749)
Charges for Services	175,000	175,000	168,757	(6,243)
Fines & Forfeits	12,000	12,000	12,571	571
Miscellaneous Revenue	400	400	372	(28)
Total Revenues	445,888	564,061	541,612	(22,449)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety	499,347	610,989	545,444	65,545
Total Expenditures	499,347	610,989	545,444	65,545
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	 (53,459)	(46,928)	(3,832)	43,096
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(53,459)	(46,928)	(3,832)	43,096
Fund Balances as of January 1	83,090	70,561	179,520	108,959
Prior Period Adjustments	-	-	(108,958)	(108,958)
Fund Balances as of January 1 - Restated	83,090	70,561	70,562	1
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 29,631	\$ 23,633	\$ 66,730	\$ 43,097

#### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of current principal and interest on general obligation debt. All general obligation debt issues are funded by local option sales taxes and/or real estate excise taxes.

- **G. O. Bonds 2004** A fund that accounts for current annual principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued in 2004 for the acquisition and construction of additional office space, land acquisition for the justice center and for parks, repairs to the juvenile detention facility and for the acquisition of a phone system for the courthouse complex.
- **G. O. Bonds 2005** A fund that accounts for current annual principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued in 2005 for a partial advance refunding of outstanding 1997 bonds, an advance refunding of outstanding 1999 bonds and for park acquisition and other capital improvements.
- **G. O. Bonds 2007** A fund that accounts for current annual principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued in 2007 to fund a second county jail and to remodel a fish processing warehouse into office space.
- **G. O. Bonds 2009** A fund that accounts for current annual principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued in 2009 to fund the Accountability Restitution Center, communication system upgrades, and other approved capital projects.
- **G. O. Bonds 2010** A fund that accounts for current annual principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds issued in 2010 for a partial advance refunding of 1999 and 2002 bonds and for taxable Build America and energy conservation bonds for the Tilley Road project and other communication system and building improvements.
- **G. O. Bonds 2015** A fund that accounts for bonds issued to refund the 2004 limited general obligation bonds and the partial refunding of the 2005 limited general obligation bonds. These bonds fund construction of additional office space, land acquisition for the justice center, parks and park acquisition, repairs to the juvenile detention facility, acquisition of a phone system for the courthouse complex, and other capital improvements.
- **G. O. Bonds 2016** A fund that accounts for bonds issued to partially refund the 2007 and 2009 limited general obligation bonds. These bonds fund an Accountability Restitution Center (second jail), remodeling a fish processing warehouse into office space, communication system upgrades, and other approved capital projects.

**Road Improvement District No. 2** - A fund that uses special assessments for principal and interest payments that were used to finance a landslide stabilization project on Sunrise Beach Road.

**2010C Debt Sinking Fund** – A fund that uses transfers from the General and Roads Funds to fund Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds issued in 2010 for building and energy efficiency modifications at Tilley and for other County buildings.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

ASSETS	G. Boı 20	nds	G. O. Bond 2005	s	Вс	. O. onds 007		G. O. Bonds 2009	E	G. O. Bonds 2010
		<del></del>	2000					2000		2010
Assets:					_		_		_	
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64
Receivables:										
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Interest & Penalties		-		-		-		-		39
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103
Deferred Inflow of Resources: Special Assessments		-		-		-		-		
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for Debt Service		-		-		-		-		103
Total Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		103
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of										
Resources & Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	103

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

						Road				
	G.	Ο.		G. O.	In	nprovement	20	010C Debt		
	Bor	nds	E	Bonds		District	Sinking			
ASSETS	20	15		2016		No. 2		Fund		Total
Assets:										
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,639	\$	705,407	\$	708,110
Receivables:										
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-		2,608		-		2,608
Accrued Interest & Penalties				-		166		1,389		1,594
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,413	\$	706,796	\$	712,312
Deferred Inflow of Resources:										
Special Assessments		-		-		2,737		-		2,737
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-		2,737		-		2,737
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for Debt Service		-		-		450		3,955		4,405
Assigned for Debt Service		-		-		2,226		702,841		705,170
Total Fund Balance		-		-		2,676		706,796		709,575
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,413	\$	706,796	\$	712,312

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

	G. O. Bonds 2004	G. O. Bonds 2005	G. O. Bonds 2007	G. O. Bonds 2009	G. O. Bonds 2010
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 236,559
Miscellaneous Revenue	 -	-	-	-	11,073
Total Revenues	-	-	-	-	247,632
Expenditures:					
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	235,000	1,455,000	1,382,916
Interest & Fiscal Charges	 -	-	9,530	115,670	766,465
Total Expenditures	-	-	244,530	1,570,670	2,149,381
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 -	-	(244,530)	(1,570,670)	(1,901,749)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	-	-	244,039	1,570,591	1,796,730
Transfers Out	(234)	(13)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(234)	(13)	244,039	1,570,591	1,796,730
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(234)	(13)	(491)	(79)	(105,019)
Fund Balances as of January 1	 234	13	491	79	105,122
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

					Road		
	G. O.		G. O.	Ir	mprovement	2010C Debt	
	Bonds		Bonds		District	Sinking	
	2015		2016		No. 2	Fund	Total
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 236,559
Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-		14,371	1,296	26,740
Total Revenues		-	-		14,371	1,296	263,299
Expenditures:							
Debt Service:							
Principal	2,586,26	6	-		-	-	5,659,182
Interest & Fiscal Charges	346,70	0	1,297,790		-	-	2,536,155
Total Expenditures	2,932,96	6	1,297,790		-	-	8,195,337
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(2,932,96	66)	(1,297,790)		14,371	1,296	(7,932,038)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	2,932,93	88	1,294,774		-	100,000	7,939,072
Transfers Out		-	-		(27,468)	-	(27,715)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,932,93	8	1,294,774		(27,468)	100,000	7,911,357
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(2	28)	(3,016)		(13,097)	101,296	(20,681)
Fund Balances as of January 1	2	28	3,016		15,773	605,500	730,256
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	- \$	-	\$	2,676	\$ 706,796	\$ 709,575

## G. O. Bonds 2004 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Orig 20 Buc	17	2	inal 017 udget	Actual 2017	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (234) (234)	\$	(234) (234)
Net Changes In Fund Balances Fund Balances as of January 1		-		-	(234) 234		(234) 234
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

## G. O. Bonds 2005 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	20	jinal 17 Iget	2	Final 2017 udget	Actual 2017	Variance witl Final Budge Positive or (Negative)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (13)	\$ (1	3)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	(13)	(1	3)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		-		-	(13)	(1	3)
Fund Balances as of January 1		-		-	13	1	3
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

G. O. Bonds 2007
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	/ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Expenditures: Debt Service:				
Principal Interest & Fiscal Charges	\$ 235,000 9,900	\$ 235,000 9,900	\$ 235,000 9,530	\$ 370
Total Expenditures	244,900	244,900	244,530	370
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(244,900)	(244,900)	(244,530)	370
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	244,900	244,900	244,039	(861)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	244,900	244,900	244,039	(861)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	-	-	(491)	(491)
Fund Balances as of January 1	 67	491	491	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 67	\$ 491	\$ -	\$ (491)

G.O. Bonds - 2009
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

							Va	riance with
	C	riginal		Final				nal Budget
	_	2017	2017			Actual		Positive or
		Budget		Budget		2017		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	13,650	\$	13,650	\$	-	\$	(13,650)
Total Revenues		13,650		13,650		-		(13,650)
Expenditures:								
Debt Service:								
Principal	1	,455,000	•	1,455,000		1,455,000		-
Interest & Fiscal Charges		115,825		115,825		115,670		155
Total Expenditures	1	,570,825	•	1,570,825		1,570,670		155
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(1	,557,175)	('	1,557,175)		(1,570,670)		(13,495)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	1	,570,825	•	1,570,825		1,570,591		(234)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1	,570,825	•	1,570,825		1,570,591		(234)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		13,650		13,650		(79)		(13,729)
Fund Balances as of January 1		230,179		79		79		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	243,829	\$	13,729	\$	-	\$	(13,729)

G.O. Bonds - 2010
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	(	Original		Final		/ariance with Final Budget
		2017		2017	Actual	Positive or
		Budget		Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	236,050	\$	236,050	\$ 236,559	\$ 509
Miscellaneous Revenue		17,330		17,330	11,073	(6,257)
Total Revenues		253,380		253,380	247,632	(5,748)
Expenditures:						
Debt Service:						
Principal	1	1,420,000	•	1,420,000	1,382,916	37,084
Interest & Fiscal Charges		766,750		766,750	766,465	285
Total Expenditures	2	2,186,750	2	2,186,750	2,149,381	37,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(1	,933,370)	(′	1,933,370)	(1,901,749)	31,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		2,033,756	2	2,033,756	1,796,730	(237,026)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2	2,033,756	2	2,033,756	1,796,730	(237,026)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		100,386		100,386	(105,019)	(205,405)
Fund Balances as of January 1		105,000		105,122	105,122	-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	205,386	\$	205,508	\$ 103	\$ (205,405)

G.O. Bonds - 2015
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

				Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Expenditures:				
Debt Service:				
Principal	\$ 2,586,300	\$ 2,586,300	\$ 2,586,266	\$ 34
Interest & Fiscal Charges	346,880	346,880	346,700	180
Total Expenditures	2,933,180	2,933,180	2,932,966	214
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(2,933,180	) (2,933,180	) (2,932,966)	214
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	2,933,069	2,933,069	2,932,938	(131)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,933,069	2,933,069	2,932,938	(131)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(111	) (111	) (28)	83
Fund Balances as of January 1	6,235	5 275	28	(247)
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 6,124	\$ 164	\$ -	\$ (164)

#### G.O. Bonds - 2016 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Debt Service:				
Interest & Fiscal Charges	\$1,297,800	\$ 1,297,800	\$ 1,297,790	\$ 10
Total Expenditures	1,297,800	1,297,800	1,297,790	10
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,297,800)	(1,297,800)	(1,297,790)	10
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	1,297,800	1,297,800	1,294,774	(3,026)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,297,800	1,297,800	1,294,774	(3,026)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	-	-	(3,016)	(3,016)
Fund Balances as of January 1		3,016	3,016	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ -	\$ 3,016	\$ -	\$ (3,016)

### Road Improvement District No. 2 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	I	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:						
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 9,740	\$	9,740	\$ 14,371	\$	4,631
Total Revenues	9,740		9,740	14,371		4,631
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	9,740		9,740	14,371		4,631
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						()
Transfers In Transfers Out	- (27 E00)		2,000	(27.460)		(2,000)
Transfers Out	 (27,500)		(27,500)	(27,468)		32
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,500)		(25,500)	(27,468)		(1,968)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(17,760)		(15,760)	(13,097)		2,663
Fund Balances as of January 1	 18,000		15,773	15,773		-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 240	\$	13	\$ 2,676	\$	2,663

#### 2010C Debt Sinking Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Fii P	riance with nal Budget ositive or Negative)
Revenues:					
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,296	\$	1,296
Total Revenues	-	-	1,296		1,296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	1,296		1,296
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	100,000	100,000	100,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000	100,000	100,000		_
Net Changes In Fund Balances	100,000	100,000	101,296		1,296
Fund Balances as of January 1	501,402	605,500	605,500		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 601,402	\$ 705,500	\$ 706,796	\$	1,296

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#### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital project funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources used to develop and construct additions and improvements to capital facilities and associated systems and equipment.

**Debt Holding** – A holding fund established for general obligation debt proceeds, pending transfer to construction funds, to fund construction of public safety and other approved capital projects.

**Detention Facilities Sales Tax Holding** – A holding fund established for local option sales taxes levied to construct, maintain, and operate adult and juvenile detention facilities.

**Jail Capital Projects** – A fund used to accumulate the costs related to the construction of the accountability and restitution center.

**Parks Impact Fees** – A holding fund that collects fees from residential building permits issued, for new developments dedicated to parks capital projects.

**REET Technology** – A fund established to use real estate excise taxes and treasurer surcharge fees to develop and implement technology to process real estate excise tax affidavits.

**Transportation Impact Fees** - A holding fund that collects Road Fund impact fees from building permits issued, for new developments dedicated to transportation capital projects.

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

	Detention							
				Facility		Jail		Parks
		Debt	,	Sales Tax	Capital			Impact
		Holding		Holding		Projects	Fees	
ASSETS								
Assets:								
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	21,514	\$	2,628,299	\$	330,277	\$	1,669,831
Receivables:								
Accrued Interest & Penalties		532		8,724		-		3,516
Total Assets	\$	22,046	\$	2,637,023	\$	330,277	\$	1,673,347
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$	618	\$	_
Due to Other Funds	•	-		538,032		12,355	-	13,877
Total Liabilities				568,032		•		
Total Liabilities		-		500,032		12,973		13,877
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for Capital Projects		18,985		349,188		-		1,659,470
Assigned for Capital Projects		3,061		1,719,803		317,304		-
Total Fund Balance		22,046		2,068,991		317,304		1,659,470
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	22,046	\$	2,637,023	\$	330,277	\$	1,673,347

## Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

		DEET							
		REET Technology		Impact Fees					
ASSETS									
Assets:			_		_				
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	151,725	\$	4,975,455	\$	9,777,101			
Receivables: Accrued Interest & Penalties		343		10,206		23,321			
	_		_	·	_				
Total Assets	\$	152,068	\$	4,985,661	\$	9,800,422			
LIABILITIES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	2,949	\$	-	\$	33,567			
Due to Other Funds		-		90,000		654,264			
Total Liabilities		2,949		90,000		687,831			
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for Capital Projects		-		4,895,661		6,923,304			
Assigned for Capital Projects		149,119		-		2,189,287			
Total Fund Balance		149,119		4,895,661		9,112,591			
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$	152,068	\$	4,985,661	\$	9,800,422			

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

			I	Detention				
				Facility		Jail	ı	Parks
		Debt	;	Sales Tax		Capital	lı	mpact
	H	olding		Holding	Projects			Fees
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	5,405,382	\$	- ;	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		592,588
Miscellaneous Revenue		993		26,903		-		3,670
Total Revenues		993		5,432,285		-		596,258
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		103,248		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		82,696		
Total Expenditures		-		103,248		82,696		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		993		5,329,037		(82,696)		596,258
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Sale of Capital Assets		-		1,607,775		-		-
Transfers In		-		-		400,000		-
Transfers Out		-		(7,157,303)		-		(179,849)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(5,549,528)		400,000		(179,849)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		993		(220,491)		317,304		416,409
Fund Balances as of January 1		21,053		2,289,482		-	1	,243,061
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	22,046	\$	2,068,991	\$	317,304	\$ 1	,659,470

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

	 REET Technology	Total	
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,405,382
Intergovernmental	22,893	-	22,893
Charges for Services	28,920	1,564,735	2,186,243
Miscellaneous Revenue	 637	9,757	41,960
Total Revenues	52,450	1,574,492	7,656,478
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	77,082	-	77,082
Public Safety	-	-	103,248
Capital Outlay	 -	-	82,696
Total Expenditures	77,082	-	263,026
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	 (24,632)	1,574,492	7,393,452
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	1,607,775
Transfers In	-	-	400,000
Transfers Out	 -	(350,000)	(7,687,152)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(350,000)	(5,679,377)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(24,632)	1,224,492	1,714,075
Fund Balances as of January 1	173,751	3,671,169	7,398,516
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 149,119	\$ 4,895,661	\$ 9,112,591

## Debt Holding Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Final 2017 2017 / Budget Budget		Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)			
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	- (	\$ -	\$	993	\$	993
Total Revenues		-	-		993		993
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	-		993		993
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out		(20,347)	(20,347)		-		20,347
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(20,347)	(20,347)		-		20,347
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(20,347)	(20,347)		993		21,340
Fund Balances as of January 1		20,347	21,053		21,053		-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	- (	\$ 706	\$	22,046	\$	21,340

#### Detention Facilities Sales Tax Holding Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original	Final		Variance with Final Budget
	2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
	Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 5,047,000	\$ 5,047,000	\$ 5,405,382	\$ 358,382
Miscellaneous Revenue	14,620	14,620	26,903	12,283
Total Revenues	5,061,620	5,061,620	5,432,285	370,665
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Safety	6,248	156,248	103,248	53,000
Total Expenditures	6,248	156,248	103,248	53,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	5,055,372	4,905,372	5,329,037	423,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	1,607,775	1,607,775	-
Transfers Out	(6,240,108)	(7,165,108)	(7,157,303)	7,805
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,240,108)	(5,557,333)	(5,549,528)	7,805
Total Cine I manoning Council (Cooc)	(0,= 10, 100)	(0,001,000)	(0,010,020)	.,000
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(1,184,736)	(651,961)	(220,491)	431,470
Fund Balances as of January 1	2,466,000	2,289,482	2,289,482	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 1,281,264	\$ 1,637,521	\$ 2,068,991	\$ 431,470

#### Jail Capital Projects Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Final 2017 2017 Budget Budget		Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)				
Expenditures:	•	000 044	•	000 044	•	00.000	•	044.045
Capital Outlay	\$	396,911	\$	396,911	\$	82,696	\$	314,215
Total Expenditures		396,911		396,911		82,696		314,215
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(396,911)		(396,911)		(82,696)		314,215
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Other Fin. Sources - Bond Proceeds	13	3,000,000		-		-		-
Transfers In		-	1	3,000,000		400,000		(12,600,000)
Transfers Out		-		400,000		-		(400,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13	3,000,000	1	3,400,000		400,000		(13,000,000)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	12	2,603,089	1	3,003,089		317,304		(12,685,785)
Fund Balances as of January 1		-		-		-		
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 12	2,603,089	\$ 1	3,003,089	\$	317,304	\$	(12,685,785)

#### Parks Impact Fees Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original		Final			_	ariance with	
	2017		2017		Actual	Positive or		
	Budget Budge		Budget		2017		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	592,588	\$	342,588	
Miscellaneous Revenue	 -		-		3,670		3,670	
Total Revenues	250,000		250,000		596,258		346,258	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	250,000		250,000		596,258		346,258	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out	 (120,000)		(190,000)		(179,849)		10,151	
Total Office Financian October (Uses)	(400,000)		(400 000)		(470.040)		40.454	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(120,000)		(190,000)		(179,849)		10,151	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	130,000		60,000		416,409		356,409	
Fund Balances as of January 1	 732,098		1,243,061		1,243,061		_	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 862,098	\$	1,303,061	\$	1,659,470	\$	356,409	

### Real Estate Excise Tax Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 3,864,000	\$ 3,864,000	\$ 5,764,944	\$ 1,900,944
Miscellaneous Revenue	9,683	9,683	53,358	43,675
Total Revenues	3,873,683	3,873,683	5,818,302	1,944,619
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Economic Environment	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Total Expenditures	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	3,872,683	3,872,683	5,818,302	1,945,619
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	-	1,425,763	1,425,763	-
Transfers Out	(5,810,168)	(6,705,072)	(5,385,084)	1,319,988
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,810,168)	(5,279,309)	(3,959,321)	1,319,988
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(1,937,485)	(1,406,626)	1,858,981	3,265,607
Fund Balances as of January 1	11,510,000	12,894,729	12,894,729	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 9,572,515	\$ 11,488,103	\$ 14,753,710	\$ 3,265,607

## REET Technology Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

						ariance with
	(	Original	Final			inal Budget
		2017	2017	Actual	Positive or	
		Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 22,893	\$	2,893
Charges for Services		25,000	25,000	28,920		3,920
Miscellaneous Revenue		700	700	637		(63)
Total Revenues		45,700	45,700	52,450		6,750
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government		105,231	105,231	77,082		28,149
Total Expenditures		105,231	105,231	77,082		28,149
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(59,531)	(59,531)	(24,632)		34,899
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(59,531)	(59,531)	(24,632)		34,899
Fund Balances as of January 1		175,000	173,751	173,751		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	115,469	\$ 114,220	\$ 149,119	\$	34,899

#### Transportation Impact Fees Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

				٧	ariance with		
	Original	Final			F	inal Budget	
	2017	2017		Actual	Positive or		
	 Budget	Budget		2017		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$	1,564,735	\$	1,064,735	
Miscellaneous Revenue	 -	-		9,757		9,757	
Total Revenues	500,000	500,000		1,574,492		1,074,492	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	500,000	500,000		1,574,492		1,074,492	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out	(350,000)	(500,000)		(350,000)		150,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(350,000)	(500,000)		(350,000)		150,000	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	150,000	-		1,224,492		1,224,492	
Fund Balances as of January 1	 2,671,638	3,671,169		3,671,169			
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 2,821,638	\$ 3,671,169	\$	4,895,661	\$	1,224,492	

#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are established to account for the financing of goods and services provided by Thurston County to the County's residents and customers primarily through user charges on a cost reimbursement basis. All enterprise utilities and programs are funded by user fees and charges, including the Storm Water Utility which is funded by storm water tax assessments, except for Utility Planning which is funded by real estate excise taxes and interfund service payments.

**Boston Harbor Utility** – Funds established to account for user fees and charges for the maintenance and operation of the Boston Harbor water and wastewater systems.

**Community Loan Programs** – Funds established to account for loans provided to Thurston County residents to upgrade and improve failing septic systems.

**Olympic View Utility** – Funds established to account for user fees and charges for the maintenance, operations, and capital projects of the sewer utility in the Olympic View subdivision.

**Tamoshan Utility** – Funds established to account for user fees and charges for the maintenance and operation of the Tamoshan water and wastewater system and the wastewater system serving Beverly Beach.

#### Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

400570		Boston Harbor		ommunity Loan
ASSETS		Utility	Р	rograms
Current Assets:	_		_	
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	654,562	\$	374,519
Receivables:				
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-
Accrued Interest & Penalties		1,423		837
Customer Account Receivables		37,356		15,388
Due From Other Funds		510		-
Due From Other Government Units		857		-
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Pooled Investments		-		-
Long-Term Assets:				4.40.044
Community Loans Receivable		-		148,344
Special Assessment Receivables		-		-
Capital Assets:		00.004		
Non-Depreciable		63,081		-
Depreciable, Net		899,600		
Total Assets		1,657,389		539,088
Deferred Outflow of Resources:				
Pensions		17,879		
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		47,040		-
Notes/Leases Payable		-		47,198
Due To Other Funds		108		-
Compensated Absences		592		-
Unearned Revenue		6,100		-
Spec Assessment Debt With Govern. Commitment		-		-
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Spec Assessment Debt With Govern. Commitment		-		-
Compensated Absences		10,611		-
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable		67,257		-
Notes/Leases Payable		-		448,843
Net Pension Liability		129,307		-
Total Liabilities		261,015		496,041
Deferred Inflow of Resources:				
Pensions		20,765		-
NET POSITION		•		_
		062 681		_
Net Investment in Capital Assets  Restricted For:		962,681		-
Debt Service				
Unrestricted (Deficit)		430,807		- 43,047
,				
Total Net Position	\$	1,393,488	\$	43,047

#### Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

	Olympic View	Tamoshan	
ASSETS	 Utility	Utility	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 54,644	\$ 378,784	\$ 1,462,509
Receivables:			
Special Assessment Receivables	-	46,314	46,314
Accrued Interest & Penalties	129	1,476	3,865
Customer Account Receivables	2,595	23,888	79,227
Due From Other Funds	-	-	510
Due From Other Government Units	-	-	857
Restricted Assets:			
Cash and Pooled Investments	433	77,452	77,885
Long-Term Assets:			
Community Loans Receivable	-	-	148,344
Special Assessment Receivables	-	210,249	210,249
Capital Assets:			
Non-Depreciable	-	5,900	68,981
Depreciable, Net	 11,000	2,089,033	2,999,633
Total Assets	 68,801	2,833,096	5,098,374
Deferred Outflow of Resources:			
Pensions	1,000	9,453	28,332
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	1,498	8,501	57,039
Notes/Leases Payable	-	-	47,198
Due To Other Funds	-	27	135
Compensated Absences	63	118	773
Unearned Revenue	-	2,900	9,000
Spec Assessment Debt With Govern. Commitment	-	78,282	78,282
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Spec Assessment Debt With Govern. Commitment	-	191,412	191,412
Compensated Absences	1,126	2,125	13,862
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable	4,503	31,799	103,559
Notes/Leases Payable	-	-	448,843
Net Pension Liability	 7,241	68,364	204,912
Total Liabilities	14,431	383,528	1,155,015
Deferred Inflow of Resources:			
Pensions	1,163	10,977	32,905
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,000	1,825,239	2,798,920
Restricted For:			
Debt Service	562	335,491	336,053
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 42,645	 287,314	803,813
Total Net Position	\$ 54,207	\$ 2,448,044	\$ 3,938,786

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes In Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

	 Boston Harbor Utility	Community Loan Programs		
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 426,213	\$ -		
Miscellaneous	6,910	5,112		
Total Operating Revenues	433,123	5,112		
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and Benefits	243,765	-		
Other Supplies and Expenses	24,913	-		
Contractual Services	114,206	271		
Interfund Services and Charges	66,942	1,326		
Depreciation/Amortization	 63,378			
Total Operating Expenses	513,204	1,597		
Operating Income (Loss)	 (80,081)	3,515		
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):				
Interest Revenue	2,206	19,255		
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges	 -	(12,601)		
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	 2,206	6,654		
Income Before Contributions and Transfers:	(77,875)	10,169		
Net Position as of January 1	 1,471,363	32,878		
Net Position as of December 31	\$ 1,393,488	\$ 43,047		

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes In Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

	 Olympic View Utility	Tamoshan Utility	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$ 31,140	\$ 269,236	\$ 726,589
Miscellaneous	 -	(3,455)	•
Total Operating Revenues	31,140	265,781	735,156
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and Benefits	18,000	111,099	372,864
Other Supplies and Expenses	728	37,894	63,535
Contractual Services	16,913	66,162	197,552
Interfund Services and Charges	7,672	45,970	121,910
Depreciation/Amortization	 11,000	109,886	184,264
Total Operating Expenses	54,313	371,011	940,125
Operating Income (Loss)	(23,173)	(105,230)	(204,969)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):			
Interest Revenue	254	1,618	23,333
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges	-	-	(12,601)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	254	1,618	10,732
Income Before Contributions and Transfers:	(22,919)	(103,612)	(194,237)
Net Position as of January 1	 77,126	2,551,656	4,133,023
Net Position as of December 31	\$ 54,207	\$ 2,448,044	\$ 3,938,786

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 4

	Boston Harbor Utility		Community Loan Programs	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid for Goods & Services Cash Paid to Employees	\$	467,412 (204,643) (248,808)	\$	5,112 (1,628)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		13,961		3,484
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Grant Proceeds Community Loans Issued to Homeowners Community Loan Financing Payments Interest Payments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities  Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities: Capital Asset Purchases Bond/Loan Payments Assessment Receipts		237 - - - 237 (38,090) -		- 14,995 (44,697) (12,601) (42,303)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activities		(38,090)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Receipts		1,958		19,118
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		1,958		19,118
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(21,934)		(19,701)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of January 1		676,496		394,220
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of December 31	\$	654,562	\$	374,519

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 4

		Olympic View Utility	Tamoshan Utility	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$	31,995	\$ 303,059 \$	807,578
Cash Paid for Goods & Services		(25,274)	(153,875)	(385,420)
Cash Paid to Employees		(14,059)	(140,481)	(403,348)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(7,338)	8,703	18,810
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Grant Proceeds		-	-	237
Community Loans Issued to Homeowners		-	-	14,995
Community Loan Financing Payments		-	-	(44,697)
Interest Payments		-	-	(12,601)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	•			
Noncapital Financing Activities		-	-	(42,066)
Cash Flows from Capital &				
Related Financing Activities:				
Capital Asset Purchases		-	-	(38,090)
Bond/Loan Payments		-	(78,276)	(78,276)
Assessment Receipts		393	50,413	50,806
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital &				
Related Financing Activities		393	(27,863)	(65,560)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest Receipts		271	1,454	22,801
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		271	1,454	22,801
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(6,674)	(17,706)	(66,015)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of January 1		61,751	473,942	1,606,409
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of December 31	\$	55,077	\$ 456,236 \$	1,540,394

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 3 of 4

	Boston Harbor	Community Loan	
	 Utility	Programs	
Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Income:			
Operating Income	\$ (80,081)	\$ 3,515	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	63,378	-	
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Customer Account Receivables	6,375	-	
Due from Other Funds	1,465	-	
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Accounts Payable	13,491	(31)	
Due to Other Funds	(12,073)	-	
Unearned Revenue	2,741	-	
Compensated Absences Payable	19,245	-	
Net Pension Liability	(580)		
Total Adjustments	94,042	(31)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 13,961	\$ 3,484	

## Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 4 of 4

	 Olympic View Utility	Tamoshan Utility	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Income:			
Operating Income	\$ (23,173) \$	\$ (105,230) \$	(204,969)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	11,000	109,886	184,264
(Increase) Decrease in:			
Customer Account Receivables	(109)	19,002	25,268
Due from Other Funds	-	1,762	3,227
Increase (Decrease) in:			
Accounts Payable	273	(3,567)	10,166
Due to Other Funds	(234)	(282)	(12,589)
Unearned Revenue	-	1,300	4,041
Compensated Absences Payable	2,615	3,230	25,090
Net Pension Liability	2,290	(17,398)	(15,688)
Total Adjustments	15,835	113,933	223,779
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (7,338) \$	8,703 \$	18,810

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#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are established to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department, agency, or government unit to other departments, agencies or other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

**Central Services** – A fund established to account for technology and building and maintenance service charges and fees to maintain, acquire and service equipment and facilities and to provide associated services including information technology, telecommunications, records, mail, facility maintenance and operations, utilities, surplus, lease administration, and contracted landscaping and custodial services.

**Equipment Rental and Revolving** – Funds established to account for equipment usage and replacement charges used to finance the maintenance, operation and acquisition of vehicles and equipment.

**Insurance Risk Management** – A fund established to account for risk service charges used to finance the costs of insurance coverage for Thurston County.

**Benefits Administration** – A fund established to account for interfund contributions used to finance the benefits administration costs of County employees.

**Unemployment Compensation** – A fund established to account for interfund contributions used to self insure the County against unemployment claims and settlements from former County employees.

### Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

ACCETC		Central		Equipment Rental &		Insurance Risk
ASSETS		Services		Revolv.		Management
Current Assets:	•	10 0 10 0 11	•	40.400.007	•	5 000 000
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$	12,949,944	\$	18,133,027	\$	5,923,328
Receivables:		16 420				
Accrued Interest & Penalties Customer Account Receivables		16,439		-		-
Due From Other Funds		64,349		32,452		_
Due From Other Government Units		7,750		30		_
Inventory				337,467		_
Prepayments		30,048		4,296		_
Capital Assets:		,-		,		
Non-Depreciable		5,184,272		9,385		-
Depreciable, Net		21,699,565		15,361,347		1,358
Total Assets		39,952,367		33,878,004		5,924,686
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Pensions		529,239		103,037		29,902
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		1,033,968		258,748		35,875
Notes/Leases Payable		2,444		-		-
Due To Other Funds		3,682		2,066		30
Compensated Absences		34,049		4,532		3,367
Claims and Judgments Payable		-		-		380,227
Lim. Tax G. O. Bond - Current Portion		-		107,250		-
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Limited G.O. Bonds Payable		-		1,747,350		-
Compensated Absences		609,999		81,190		60,312
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable		1,913,592		393,976		87,237
Claims and Judgments Payable		-		-		4,128,995
Notes/Leases Payable		7,769		-		-
Net Pension Liability		3,827,746		745,224		216,268
Total Liabilities		7,433,249		3,340,336		4,912,311
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Pensions		614,665		119,668		34,730
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,873,624		13,516,132		1,358
Unrestricted (Deficit)		5,560,068		17,004,905		1,006,189
Total Net Position	\$	32,433,692	\$	30,521,037	\$	1,007,547

### Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

ASSETS	Benefits Admin	Unempl. Comp.	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 658,959	\$ 4,633,636	\$ 42,298,894
Receivables:			
Accrued Interest & Penalties	1,358	9,888	27,685
Customer Account Receivables	1,196	-	1,196
Due From Other Funds	-	-	96,801
Due From Other Government Units	-	-	7,780
Inventory Prepayments	- -	-	337,467 34,344
Capital Assets:	_	_	34,344
Non-Depreciable	_	_	5,193,657
Depreciable, Net	-	-	37,062,270
Total Assets	661,513	4,643,524	85,060,094
Deferred Outflow of Resources:			
Pensions	17,865	6,700	686,743
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	11,328	36,596	1,376,515
Notes/Leases Payable	-	-	2,444
Due To Other Funds	-	-	5,778
Compensated Absences	979	490	43,417
Claims and Judgments Payable	-	-	380,227
Lim. Tax G. O. Bond - Current Portion  Long-Term Liabilities:	-	-	107,250
Limited G.O. Bonds Payable			1,747,350
Compensated Absences	- 17,545	8,787	777,833
•	75,981	16,885	2,487,671
Other Post Employment Benefits Payable Claims and Judgments Payable	75,961	10,000	4,128,995
Notes/Leases Payable	-	-	4,126,993 7,769
•	400.000	40.450	•
Net Pension Liability	 129,208	48,459	4,966,905
Total Liabilities	235,041	111,217	16,032,154
Deferred Inflow of Resources:			
Pensions	20,748	7,781	797,592
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	-	40,391,114
Unrestricted (Deficit)	 423,589	4,531,226	28,525,977
Total Net Position	\$ 423,589	\$ 4,531,226	\$ 68,917,091

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes In Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 2

		Central Services	Equipment Rental & Revolv.	Insurance Risk Management		
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services Equipment Rental		17,029,730	\$ - 8,359,809	\$ 1,760,147 -		
Miscellaneous		1,492	1,579			
Total Operating Revenues		17,031,222	8,361,388	1,760,147		
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and Benefits		7,028,783	1,365,170	371,316		
Other Supplies and Expenses		653,181	2,001,836	684		
Contractual Services		6,149,704	125,747	221,797		
Interfund Services and Charges		1,211,756	373,358	207,612		
Depreciation/Amortization		1,652,129	3,057,661	100		
Claims Payments		2,033		1,355,271		
Total Operating Expenses		16,697,586	6,923,772	2,156,780		
Operating Income (Loss)		333,636	1,437,616	(396,633)		
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):						
Interest Revenue		6,282	-	-		
Operating Grants & Contributions		1,113	-	-		
Gain/Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets		(4,640,615)	445,024	(8,248)		
Insurance Recoveries		9,602	2,074	104,284		
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges		(2,378)	(58,042)	-		
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(4,625,996)	389,056	96,036		
Income Before Contributions and Transfers:		(4,292,360)	1,826,672	(300,597)		
Interfund Capital Contributions		191,276	12,279	-		
Transfers In		2,673,202	1,512,173	-		
Transfers Out		(82,027)	(402,475)	(43,000)		
Change in Net Position		(1,509,909)	2,948,649	(343,597)		
Net Position as of January 1		33,943,601	27,572,388	1,351,144		
Net Position as of December 31	\$	32,433,692	\$ 30,521,037	\$ 1,007,547		

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses And Changes In Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 2

	Benefits	Unempl.	
	 Admin	Comp.	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 335,542	\$ 237,920	\$ 19,363,339
Equipment Rental	-	-	8,359,809
Miscellaneous	 12,252	-	15,323
Total Operating Revenues	347,794	237,920	27,738,471
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and Benefits	228,527	177,413	9,171,209
Other Supplies and Expenses	2,654	-	2,658,355
Contractual Services	9,459	-	6,506,707
Interfund Services and Charges	12,737	5,915	1,811,378
Depreciation/Amortization	-	-	4,709,890
Claims Payments	-	-	1,357,304
Total Operating Expenses	253,377	183,328	26,214,843
Operating Income (Loss)	 94,417	54,592	1,523,628
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):			
Interest Revenue	1,518	14,031	21,831
Operating Grants & Contributions	-	-	1,113
Gain/Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	-	-	(4,203,839)
Insurance Recoveries	-	-	115,960
Interest Expense & Fiscal Charges	 -	-	(60,420)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	1,518	14,031	(4,125,355)
Income Before Contributions and Transfers:	95,935	68,623	(2,601,727)
Interfund Capital Contributions	-	-	203,555
Transfers In	-	-	4,185,375
Transfers Out	 -	-	(527,502)
Change in Net Position	95,935	68,623	1,259,701
Net Position as of January 1	 327,654	4,462,603	67,657,390
Net Position as of December 31	\$ 423,589	\$ 4,531,226	\$ 68,917,091

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 1 of 4

	Central Services	I	Equipment Rental & Revolv.	nsurance Risk anagement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 18,143,777	\$	8,547,487	\$ 1,801,359
Cash Paid for Goods & Services	(7,671,815)		(2,677,460)	(1,644,655)
Cash Paid to Employees	 (7,565,660)		(1,522,823)	(420,290)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,906,302		4,347,204	(263,586)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers In	2,667,508		1,160,929	-
Transfers Out	(28,000)		(402,475)	(43,000)
Grant Proceeds	1,113		-	-
Insurance Recoveries	 9,602		2,074	104,284
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Noncapital Financing Activities	2,650,223		760,528	61,284
Cash Flows from Capital &				
Related Financing Activities:				
Cash Proceeds (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	-		622,762	-
Capital Asset Purchases	(3,016,039)		(4,020,678)	-
Bond/Loan Payments	(1,985)		(105,000)	-
Interest Payments	 (2,378)		(58,042)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital &				
Related Financing Activities	(3,020,402)		(3,560,958)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest Receipts	 1,920		-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,920		-	-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	2,538,043		1,546,774	(202,302)
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of January 1	10,411,901		16,586,253	6,125,630
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of December 31	\$ 12,949,944	\$	18,133,027	\$ 5,923,328

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 2 of 4

	Benefits Admin	Unempl. Comp.	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 373,447	\$ 247,338	\$ 29,113,408
Cash Paid for Goods & Services	(31,354)	13,058	(12,012,226)
Cash Paid to Employees	 (253,506)	(187,248)	(9,949,527)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	88,587	73,148	7,151,655
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Transfers In	-	-	3,828,437
Transfers Out	-	-	(473,475)
Grant Proceeds	-	-	1,113
Insurance Recoveries	 -	-	115,960
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Noncapital Financing Activities	-	-	3,472,035
Cash Flows from Capital &			
Related Financing Activities:			
Cash Proceeds (Loss) from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	622,762
Capital Asset Purchases	-	-	(7,036,717)
Bond/Loan Payments	-	-	(106,985)
Interest Payments	-	-	(60,420)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital &			
Related Financing Activities	-	-	(6,581,360)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest Receipts	 1,188	12,146	15,254
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,188	12,146	15,254
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	89,775	85,294	4,057,584
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of January 1	569,184	4,548,342	38,241,310
Cash & Cash Equivalents as of December 31	\$ 658,959	\$ 4,633,636	\$ 42,298,894

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 3 of 4

	Central Services			Equipment Rental & Revolv.	Insurance Risk Management		
Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net Cash							
Provided (Used) by Operating Income:							
Operating Income	\$	333,636	\$	1,437,616	\$	(396,633)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to							
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation Expense		1,652,129		3,057,661		100	
(Increase) Decrease in:							
Customer Account Receivables		3,646		-		-	
Due from Other Funds		385,339		24,033		-	
Due from Other Government Units		(1,076)		16,951		-	
Inventories		-		(27,333)		-	
Prepaid Expense		6,136		(2,384)		-	
Increase (Decrease) in:							
Accounts Payable		336,998		38,688		6,382	
Due to Other Funds		2,070		(185,490)		30	
Due to Other Government Units		(345)		-		-	
Claims and Judgments		-		-		134,297	
Compensated Absences Payable		350,600		44,886		3,151	
Net Pension Liability		(162,831)		(57,424)		(10,913)	
Total Adjustments		2,572,666		2,909,588		133,047	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,906,302	\$	4,347,204	\$	(263,586)	
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Disposition of Capital Assets:							
Loss on Disposition	æ	(4 640 645)	Ф	(177 720)	Ф	(0.240)	
Transfers In	\$	(4,640,615) 5,694		(177,738)		(8,248)	
Transfers Out	\$	•	\$	351,244	\$	-	
Contributions	\$	(54,027)		40.070	\$	-	
Contributions	\$	191,276	\$	12,279	\$	-	

### Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017 Page 4 of 4

	Benefits Admin		Unempl. Comp.	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income To Net Cash			•	
Provided (Used) by Operating Income:				
Operating Income	\$	94,417	\$ 54,592	\$ 1,523,628
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		-	-	4,709,890
(Increase) Decrease in:				
Customer Account Receivables		(157)	-	3,489
Due from Other Funds		-	-	409,372
Due from Other Government Units		-	-	15,875
Inventories		-	-	(27,333)
Prepaid Expense		147	-	3,899
Increase (Decrease) in:				
Accounts Payable		(6,651)	18,973	394,390
Due to Other Funds		-	-	(183,390)
Due to Other Government Units		-	-	(345)
Claims and Judgments		-	-	134,297
Compensated Absences Payable		14,928	3,198	416,763
Net Pension Liability		(14,097)	(3,615)	(248,880)
Total Adjustments		(5,830)	18,556	5,628,027
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	88,587	\$ 73,148	\$ 7,151,655
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:				
Disposition of Capital Assets:				
Loss on Disposition	\$	- 3	-	\$ (4,826,601)
Transfers In	\$	- 3	-	\$ 356,938
Transfers Out	\$	- 9	-	\$ (54,027)
Contributions	\$	- \$	-	\$ 203,555

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#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for monies held by Thurston County as an agent or trustee. Amounts held for other governmental units are invested in Thurston County's Investment Pool. Amounts are also held for private parties within the Clerk's expendable trust fund. These amounts were reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The County also manages five other agency funds, as noted below, with deposits held in suspense prior to transfer and distribution to other governmental units, private parties or the County.

**Payroll and Claims Clearing** – A fund used to process payroll and claims expenditures for County funds prior to disbursement to other private parties and governmental units.

**Taxes & Refunds Pending** – A fund used to hold primarily tax refunds prior to distribution to the appropriate party.

**Treasurer's Fiscal Agent –** Funds used to account for deposits with the County's fiscal agent for agency debt service payments.

**Treasurer's Trust** – A fund used to hold primarily advance and partial payments on taxes in suspense prior to distribution to the appropriate account.

### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds December 31, 2017

	Payroll &		-	Taxes and	Tr	easurer's			
	Claims	Refunded	ł	Refunds		Fiscal	Tr	easurer's	
ASSETS	Clearing	GO Bonds	S	Pending		Agent		Trust	Total
Assets:									
Cash & Pooled Investments	\$ 13,825,140	\$ -		\$ 22,131	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,847,271
Cash and Investments in Trust	-	-		-		-		337,904	337,904
Cash and Deposits with Fiscal Agent		-	-	-		10,000		-	10,000
Total Assets	\$ 13,825,140	\$ -	-	\$ 22,131	\$	10,000	\$	337,904	\$ 14,195,175
LIABILITIES									
Liabilities:									
Warrant Payable	\$ 12,483,782	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,483,782
Accounts Payable	616,353	-		22,131		-		-	638,484
Payroll Payable	725,005	-	-	-		-		-	725,005
Due to Other Governments	-	-	•	-		10,000		337,904	347,904
Total Liabilities	\$ 13,825,140	\$ -	-	\$ 22,131	\$	10,000	\$	337,904	\$ 14,195,175

### Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Balance				
	J	anuary 1-				Balance
		Restated	Additions	Deductions	D	ecember 31
Payroll & Claims Clearing						
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 1	3,216,742	\$ 854,909,142	\$ 854,300,744	\$	13,825,140
Total Assets	\$ 1	3,216,742	\$ 854,909,142	\$ 854,300,744	\$	13,825,140
Warrants Payable	\$ 1	1,987,828	\$ 615,705,721	\$ 615,209,767	\$	12,483,782
Accounts Payable		(98)	120,004,948	119,388,497		616,353
Payroll Payable		1,229,012	119,198,473	119,702,480		725,005
Total Liabilities	\$ 1	3,216,742	\$ 854,909,142	\$ 854,300,744	\$	13,825,140
Taxes & Refunds Pending						
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$	34,172	316,079,757	\$ 316,091,798	\$	22,131
Total Assets	\$	34,172	\$ 316,079,757	\$ 316,091,798	\$	22,131
Accounts Payable	\$	34,172	\$ 316,079,757	\$ 316,091,798	\$	22,131
Total Liabilities	\$	34,172	\$ 316,079,757	\$ 316,091,798	\$	22,131
Treasurer's Fiscal Agent						
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$	10,000	\$ -		\$	10,000
Total Assets	\$	10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	10,000
Accounts Payable	\$	10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	10,000
Total Liabilities	\$	10,000	\$ _	\$ -	\$	10,000
Treasurer's Trust						
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$	485,407	\$ 611,809	\$ 759,312	\$	337,904
Total Assets	\$	485,407	\$ 611,809	\$ 759,312	\$	337,904
Due to Other Government Units	\$	485,407	\$ 611,809	\$ 759,312	\$	337,904
Total Liabilities	\$	485,407	\$ 611,809	\$ 759,312	\$	337,904
Total Agency Funds						
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 1	3,746,321	\$ 1,171,600,708	\$ 1,171,151,854	\$	14,195,175
Total Assets	\$ 1	3,746,321	\$ 1,171,600,708	\$ 1,171,151,854	\$	14,195,175
Warrants Payable	\$ 1	1,987,828	\$ 615,705,721	\$ 615,209,767	\$	12,483,782
Accounts Payable		44,074	436,084,705	435,480,295		648,484
Payroll Payable		1,229,012	119,198,473	119,702,480		725,005
Due to Other Government Units		485,407	611,809	759,312		337,904
Total Liabilities	\$ 1	3,746,321	\$ 1,171,600,708	\$ 1,171,151,854	\$	14,195,175

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#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE SUBSIDIARY FUNDS

**Fair** – A fund that uses event service charges, facility rentals, RV storage operations, general fund subsidies and grants to fund the annual fair and other activities at the County's fairgrounds.

**Election Stabilization Reserve Fund** – A fund that provides reserves for funding the fluctuation of election costs.

**Historic Preservation Fund** – A fund that uses a one dollar surcharge for each document recorded to promote historical preservation or programs.

**Prisoner Concession** – A fund established to use commissary sales and telephone commissions to contribute to the projects, activities and well-being of inmates and their environment.

**Public Educational and Governmental (PEG)** – A fund that collects fees per franchise agreements with local broadcasters. Used for costs associated with providing support and programming for the PEG access channels.

**24/7 Sobriety Program Fund** – A fund that records fees received from participants for recurring costs including maintaining equipment, funding support services, and ensuring compliance.

Fair
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds
For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget			Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Licenses & Permits	\$	52,500	\$	52,500	\$ 47,407	\$	(5,093)	
Intergovernmental		35,000		35,000	37,588		2,588	
Charges for Services		113,000		113,000	99,259		(13,741)	
Miscellaneous Revenue		199,600		199,600	166,549		(33,051)	
Total Revenues		400,100		400,100	350,803		(49,297)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Culture & Recreation		605,267		620,267	594,681		25,586	
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-	1,136		(1,136)	
Interest & Fiscal Charges		-		-	1,272		(1,272)	
Total Expenditures		605,267		620,267	597,089		23,178	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		(205,167)		(220,167)	(246,286)		(26,119)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		166,839		191,839	210,839		19,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		166,839		191,839	210,839		19,000	
Net Changes In Fund Balances		(38,328)		(28,328)	(35,447)		(7,119)	
Fund Balances as of January 1		80,000		109,248	109,598		350	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	41,672	\$	80,920	\$ 74,151	\$	(6,769)	

## Election Stabilization Reserve Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original Final 2017 2017 Budget Budget		Actual 2017	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)			
Revenues:							
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$	361	\$	361
Total Revenues		-	-		361		361
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures					361		361
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		200,000	200,000		200,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		200,000	200,000		200,000		
Net Changes In Fund Balances		200,000	200,000		200,361		361
Fund Balances as of January 1		15,000	15,021		15,021		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	215,000	\$ 215,021	\$	215,382	\$	361

## Historic Preservation Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	c	) Priginal	Final		ariance with Final Budget
		2017	2017	Actual	Positive or
		Budget	Budget	2017	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 63,964	\$ 3,964
Miscellaneous Revenue		-	-	2,225	2,225
Total Revenues		60,000	60,000	66,189	6,189
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government		34,817	47,971	37,307	10,664
Total Expenditures		34,817	47,971	37,307	10,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		25,183	12,029	28,882	16,853
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out		(23,000)	(23,000)	(20,821)	2,179
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(23,000)	(23,000)	(20,821)	2,179
Net Changes In Fund Balances		2,183	(10,971)	8,061	19,032
Fund Balances as of January 1		10,100	185,615	185,615	
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	12,283	\$ 174,644	\$ 193,676	\$ 19,032

## Prisoner Concession Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

						٧	ariance with
	(	Original	Final			F	inal Budget
	2017		2017		Actual		Positive or
		Budget		Budget	2017		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Licenses & Permits	\$	116,000	\$	116,000	\$ 86,183	\$	(29,817)
Charges for Services		242,400		242,400	285,343		42,943
Miscellaneous Revenue		2,000		2,000	3,498		1,498
Total Revenues		360,400		360,400	375,024		14,624
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public Safety		339,522		339,813	323,272		16,541
Total Expenditures		339,522		339,813	323,272		16,541
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		20,878		20,587	51,752		31,165
Net Changes In Fund Balances		20,878		20,587	51,752		31,165
Fund Balances as of January 1		53,377		140,992	140,992		-
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	74,255	\$	161,579	\$ 192,744	\$	31,165

## Public, Educational & Governmental Access Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Original 2017 Budget	Final 2017 Budget	Actual 2017	ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Revenues: Licenses & Permits Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 115,000 -	\$ 115,000	\$ 104,696 1,661	\$ (10,304) 1,661
Total Revenues	115,000	115,000	106,357	(8,643)
Expenditures: Current: General Government	60,000	60,000	55,890	4,110
Total Expenditures	60,000	60,000	55,890	4,110
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	55,000	55,000	50,467	(4,533)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	 - (425,000)	506,000 (425,000)	506,000 (390,697)	34,303
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(425,000)	81,000	115,303	34,303
Net Changes In Fund Balances Fund Balances as of January 1	(370,000) 506,000	136,000	165,770	29,770
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$ 136,000	\$ 136,000	\$ 165,770	\$ 29,770

## Sobriety Program 24/7 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual - Subfunds For The Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Origina 2017 Budge		Final 2017 Budget		Actual 2017	/ariance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5	\$ (5)
Total Expenditures		-		-	5	(5)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		_	(5)	(5)
Net Changes In Fund Balances		-		-	(5)	(5)
Fund Balances as of January 1		-		-	5	5
Fund Balances as of December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 

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#### **Statistical Section**

The Thurston County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes statistical information to show the government's overall financial health.

#### **Financial Trends**

Schedules 1-4 explain the County's financial management and health.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

Schedules 5-8 illustrate the County's largest revenue source, property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

Schedules 9-12 contain information on the County's current level of outstanding debt and ability to issue debt in the future. Thurston County does not issue pledged revenue debt.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

Schedules 13-14 show the economic and demographic environment of Thurston County.

#### **Operating Information**

Schedules 15-17 incorporates services the County provides and capital asset and infrastructure information.

Sources: Previous comprehensive and annual financial reports, budget workload indicators, and as noted on schedules.

### Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 1 Page 1 of 2

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental activities					_
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 357,549,686	\$ 367,485,013	\$ 369,474,630	\$ 379,700,249	\$ 388,913,237
Restricted Net Position	98,672,400	106,941,800	123,019,483	114,171,619	112,519,421
Unrestricted	31,307,181	15,356,252	8,639,298	22,407,924	16,589,052
Total governmental					
activities net position	487,529,267	489,783,065	501,133,411	516,279,792	518,021,710
Business-type activities					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,105,070	26,673,569	29,716,183	30,267,496	34,019,243
Restricted Net Position	5,403,545	9,423,124	3,993,892	5,198,356	5,596,734
Unrestricted	5,809,946	3,726,040	10,919,784	13,309,861	17,874,279
Total business-type					
activities net position	37,318,561	39,822,733	44,629,859	48,775,713	57,490,256
Primary government					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	383,654,756	394,158,582	399,190,813	409,967,745	422,932,480
Restricted Net Position	104,075,945	116,364,924	127,013,375	119,369,975	118,116,155
Unrestricted	37,117,127	19,082,292	19,559,082	35,717,785	34,463,331
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 524,847,828	\$ 529,605,798	\$ 545,763,270	\$ 565,055,505	\$ 575,511,966

### Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Schedule 1 Page 2 of 2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental activities					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 396,205,995	\$ 402,742,302	\$ 399,574,658	\$ 403,865,867	\$ 401,510,661
Restricted Net Position	70,574,027	72,910,583	68,052,131	61,898,850	59,678,896
Unrestricted	46,651,152	51,995,627	24,506,302	5,131,135	10,226,718
Total governmental					
activities net position	513,431,174	527,648,512	492,133,091	470,895,852	471,416,275
Business-type activities					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	30,617,626	29,842,737	28,885,135	30,342,696	30,282,873
Restricted Net Position	3,970,011	2,458,875	2,030,134	875,759	653,567
Unrestricted	23,558,098	30,997,159	29,482,869	33,596,732	36,330,821
Total business-type					
activities net position	58,145,735	63,298,771	60,398,138	64,815,187	67,267,261
Primary government					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	426,823,621	432,585,039	428,459,793	434,208,563	431,793,534
Restricted Net Position	74,544,038	75,369,458	70,082,265	62,774,609	60,332,463
Unrestricted	70,209,250	82,992,786	53,989,171	38,727,867	46,557,539
Total primary government					
net position	\$ 571,576,909	\$ 590,947,283	\$ 552,531,229	\$ 535,711,039	\$ 538,683,536

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Schedule 2 Page 1 of 4

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities:					
Expenses (Net of Indirect Expenses):					
General Government	\$ 10,679,357	\$ 8,569,812	\$ 8,631,534	\$ 12,451,387	\$ 7,016,301
Culture & Recreation	3,644,750	3,780,250	4,312,994	1,796,682	2,339,289
Economic Environment	13,173,730	15,850,367	15,326,356	6,052,672	7,085,690
Health & Human Services	48,541,104	47,548,566	45,154,389	46,686,199	48,117,848
Public Safety	70,421,095	70,615,888	69,864,003	68,543,177	75,992,534
Transportation	27,925,015	28,651,349	26,688,315	27,849,786	26,594,614
Utilities & Environment	1,846,225	1,316,016	1,284,194	1,813,192	1,897,652
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,095,802	3,459,983	4,016,966	3,961,926	3,776,247
Total Expenses	178,327,078	179,792,231	175,278,751	169,155,021	172,820,175
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	4,917,000	5,552,908	5,418,389	5,940,798	6,100,407
Culture & Recreation	1,159,995	755,406	768,987	676,193	623,633
Economic Environment	1,062,430	4,463,060	1,563,871	1,319,872	1,584,452
Health & Human Services	3,868,018	3,154,554	4,263,352	3,127,170	2,691,267
Public Safety	7,663,494	9,250,719	8,647,506	8,650,138	7,317,323
Transportation	1,486,524	958,263	4,760,155	5,898,026	1,385,242
Utilities & Environment	1,916	580,455	689,319	705,356	703,810
Operating Grants & Contributions	48,779,433	45,501,657	45,542,586	42,260,776	44,533,116
Capital Grants	6,667,935	9,318,083	5,097,806	16,381,902	11,578,538
Total Program Revenues	75,606,745	79,535,105	76,751,971	84,960,231	76,517,788
Total Net Expense	(102,720,333)	(100,257,126)	(98,526,780)	(84,194,790)	(96,302,387)
General Revenues & Other Items:					
Taxes	97,420,544	98,470,757	103,779,418	87,428,011	94,942,556
Other General Revenues	8,244,161	6,839,605	6,266,385	5,567,086	5,157,934
Special Items, Transfers & Adjustments	(6,958,124)	(2,799,438)	(168,677)	6,346,074	(2,056,185)
Total General Revenues &					
Other Items	98,706,581	102,510,924	109,877,126	99,341,171	98,044,305
Change in Net Position	(4,013,752)	2,253,798	11,350,346	15,146,381	1,741,918

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Schedule 2 Page 2 of 4

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities:					
Expenses (Net of Indirect Expenses):					
General Government	\$ 6,344,596	\$ 6,412,715	\$ 6,206,303	\$ 10,471,310	\$ 10,317,986
Culture & Recreation	2,229,405	2,543,965	3,043,221	3,168,114	3,160,143
Economic Environment	8,595,725	8,629,235	7,682,967	7,539,703	7,884,987
Health & Human Services	56,812,854	58,831,809	60,371,465	41,976,182	37,750,552
Public Safety	74,058,431	73,990,662	75,640,134	78,664,644	85,512,732
Transportation	27,098,694	27,421,298	27,397,558	30,850,710	30,746,668
Utilities & Environment	3,138,218	2,253,126	3,051,684	3,255,734	2,635,800
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,610,284	3,440,826	3,360,462	3,495,114	2,252,694
Total Expenses	181,888,207	183,523,636	186,753,794	179,421,511	180,261,562
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services:					
General Government	7,860,336	7,845,770	8,509,885	8,499,728	8,924,994
Culture & Recreation	683,254	1,172,275	1,609,040	1,997,530	2,164,792
Economic Environment	1,675,529	1,536,422	1,958,378	2,165,932	2,665,824
Health & Human Services	23,186,366	30,699,123	36,882,490	15,352,811	8,481,032
Public Safety	6,290,508	6,957,352	6,312,075	7,717,608	7,105,692
Transportation	1,858,051	1,648,722	2,219,001	3,207,114	3,621,610
Utilities & Environment	688,478	689,652	691,514	800,898	801,536
Operating Grants & Contributions	28,345,069	27,569,926	22,961,809	24,284,759	20,730,972
Capital Grants	11,035,528	15,512,833	7,670,813	12,536,681	9,495,496
Total Program Revenues	81,623,119	93,632,075	88,815,005	76,563,061	63,991,948
Total Net Expense	(100,265,088)	(89,891,561)	(97,938,789)	(102,858,450)	(116,269,614)
General Revenues & Other Items:					
Taxes	99,312,211	102,096,192	105,845,907	112,190,639	119,530,683
Other General Revenues	3,826,373	3,086,524	3,684,112	3,461,581	3,170,992
Special Items, Transfers & Adjustments	(7,464,032)	(1,073,817)	(47,106,651)	(34,031,009)	(5,911,638)
Total General Revenues &					
Other Items	95,674,552	104,108,899	62,423,368	81,621,211	116,790,037
Change in Net Position	(4,590,536)	14,217,338	(35,515,421)	(21,237,239)	520,423

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Schedule 2 Page 3 of 4

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Business-Type Activities					
Expenses (Net of Indirect Expenses):					
Solid Waste	17,273,843	15,991,345	16,675,874	16,257,083	17,099,113
Land Use and Permitting	6,406,427	4,476,037	3,322,395	3,519,591	3,514,208
Other Utilities	5,238,949	5,060,198	5,912,654	5,522,200	6,310,626
Total Expenses	28,919,219	25,527,580	25,910,923	25,298,874	26,923,947
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services:					
Solid Waste	16,058,808	15,558,195	19,925,078	18,980,963	20,884,983
Land Use & Permitting	3,094,794	3,326,600	3,383,773	2,882,951	2,809,748
Other Utilities	4,184,599	4,118,153	4,801,913	5,132,589	5,917,307
Operating Grants & Contributions	876,042	1,063,007	772,906	470,051	549,431
Capital Grants	1,994,457	114,696	45,114	541,632	238,716
Total Program Revenues	26,208,700	24,180,651	28,928,784	28,008,186	30,400,185
Total Net Expense	(2,710,519)	(1,346,929)	3,017,861	2,709,312	3,476,238
General Revenues & Other Items:					
Other General Revenues	1,783,244	1,051,663	838,925	300,773	409,873
Special Items, Transfers & Adjustments	4,308,110	2,799,438	950,340	1,135,769	4,828,432
Total General Revenues &					
Other Items	6,091,354	3,851,101	1,789,265	1,436,542	5,238,305
Change in Net Position	3,380,835	2,504,172	4,807,126	4,145,854	8,714,543
Total Change In Net Position	\$ (632,917) \$	4,757,970	\$ 16,157,472	\$ 19,292,235	\$ 10,456,461

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years Schedule 2 Page 4 of 4

	 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Business-Type Activities					
Expenses (Net of Indirect Expenses):					
Solid Waste	17,492,669	18,349,420	19,728,997	21,376,086	22,510,430
Land Use and Permitting	3,448,720	3,456,285	3,795,031	3,711,061	4,521,517
Other Utilities	6,827,353	6,755,328	6,995,117	7,199,318	8,495,843
Total Expenses	 27,768,742	28,561,033	30,519,145	32,286,465	35,527,790
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services:					
Solid Waste	20,329,957	20,875,869	21,856,236	23,614,689	24,774,076
Land Use & Permitting	2,889,663	3,039,753	3,352,397	3,599,447	3,737,994
Other Utilities	6,451,550	7,907,929	7,142,002	7,932,233	9,160,553
Operating Grants & Contributions	219,192	274,228	212,105	271,517	57,657
Capital Grants	 171,159	373,572	70,814	515,645	31,868
Total Program Revenues	30,061,521	32,471,351	32,633,554	35,933,531	37,762,148
Total Net Expense	2,292,779	3,910,318	2,114,409	3,647,066	2,234,358
General Revenues & Other Items:					_
Other General Revenues	33,425	168,901	209,258	441,109	395,715
Special Items, Transfers & Adjustments	(1,670,725)	1,073,817	(5,224,300)	328,874	(177,999)
Total General Revenues &					
Other Items	(1,637,300)	1,242,718	(5,015,042)	769,983	217,716
Change in Net Position	655,479	5,153,036	(2,900,633)	4,417,049	2,452,074
Total Change In Net Position	\$ (3,935,057)	\$ 19,370,374	\$ (38,416,054)	\$ (16,820,190) \$	2,972,497

# Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified basis of accounting) Schedule 3 (\*) Page 1 of 2

	2008		2009	2010	2011	2012
General fund						
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,289,785	\$ 2,346,978
Restricted		-	-	-	42,033	5,775
Unreserved (Prior to 2011)	7,780,4	136	8,565,102	15,066,274	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-	16,119,833	14,197,193
Total general fund	7,780,4	136	8,565,102	15,066,274	18,451,651	16,549,946
All other governmental funds						
Nonspendable		-	-	-	585,226	449,009
Restricted		-	-	-	66,933,770	53,424,803
Reserved (Prior to 2011)	828,	33	7,100,257	906,697	-	-
Committed		-	-	-	-	336,395
Assigned		-	-	-	26,592,999	34,813,376
Unreserved (Prior to 2011)	86,565,8	331	92,053,050	111,107,110	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-	(17,054)	(782,218)
Total all other governmental funds	87,393,9	964	99,153,307	112,013,807	94,094,941	88,241,365
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 95,174,4	100 \$	107,718,409	\$ 127,080,081	\$ 112,546,592	\$ 104,791,311

# Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified basis of accounting) Schedule 3 (\*) Page 2 of 2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,693,349	\$ 1,847,292	\$ 1,746,267	\$ 1,768,177	\$ 85,705
Restricted	66,345	92,244	92,244	186,120	289,935
Unreserved (Prior to 2011)	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 9,068,302	9,865,708	13,247,655	15,360,721	11,509,260
Total general fund	10,827,996	11,805,244	15,086,166	17,315,018	11,884,900
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	1,099,040	1,129,587	620,485	531,403	591,594
Restricted	43,732,434	43,982,674	43,153,339	36,332,777	30,862,984
Reserved (Prior to 2011)	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	266,808	178,495	76,142	232,628	426,471
Assigned	41,683,842	49,108,377	60,117,853	40,103,595	50,545,766
Unreserved (Prior to 2011)	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	981,566	-	-	(53)
Total all other governmental funds	 86,782,124	95,380,699	103,967,819	77,200,403	82,426,762
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 97,610,120	\$ 107,185,943	\$ 119,053,985	\$ 94,515,421	\$ 94,311,662

<sup>(\*)</sup> Changes to fund balance classifications for 2011, compared to prior years, are mainly due to the restrictions implemented in compliance with GASB 54. This impacts both the other governmental programs and the amounts restricted for fines and forfeitures in the General Fund. Classifications for spendable advances and reservations for emergency programs also help explain the difference in the other governmental funds.

## Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Schedule 4 Page 1 of 4

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 91,116,806	\$ 89,956,040	\$ 94,979,502	\$ 90,358,043	\$ 98,850,775	
Licenses & Permits	918,521	2,707,899	2,868,901	3,048,415	2,980,102	
Intergovernmental	66,168,951	69,570,149	66,324,115	64,452,288	57,633,792	
Charges for Services	14,375,638	14,218,080	17,986,272	17,884,808	16,433,005	
Licenses & Permits	1,980,871	2,171,084	1,951,651	1,964,441	1,877,712	
Miscellaneous Revenues	7,613,964	5,646,117	4,976,525	3,903,509	3,379,273	
Total Revenues	182,174,751	184,269,369	189,086,966	181,611,504	181,154,659	
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:						
General Government	14,751,746	13,065,871	13,137,478	14,786,791	14,738,755	
Culture & Recreation	2,889,296	2,997,822	3,774,411	1,239,891	1,801,680	
Economic Environment	12,842,043	15,638,115	15,369,767	5,711,593	6,773,457	
Health & Human Services	47,295,544	46,171,555	44,298,063	45,380,280	47,133,080	
Public Safety	66,370,124	66,470,577	66,012,224	64,088,451	71,972,422	
Transportation	21,322,536	22,444,601	20,568,696	20,376,567	19,155,696	
Utilities & Environment	1,707,449	1,286,913	1,316,786	1,547,404	1,745,844	
Capital Outlay	20,756,004	40,786,693	19,271,963	33,410,436	15,016,833	
Debt Service:						
Principal	2,564,554	2,701,669	3,381,295	4,042,259	4,365,372	
Interest & Fiscal Charges	1,939,885	3,550,560	4,396,504	4,023,798	3,806,411	
Total Expenditures	192,439,181	215,114,376	191,527,187	194,607,470	186,509,550	
Excess of Revenues Over (under)						
Expenditures	(10,264,430)	(30,845,007)	(2,440,221)	(12,995,966)	(5,354,891)	

## Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Schedule 4 Page 2 of 4

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 98,197,510	\$ 101,465,719	\$ 105,734,437	\$ 110,585,001	\$ 116,492,311
Licenses & Permits	3,068,347	3,189,969	3,418,598	3,803,354	3,962,574
Intergovernmental	39,116,873	41,399,793	30,198,736	30,659,584	29,847,030
Charges for Services	39,923,061	49,131,127	55,186,463	36,293,832	28,492,931
Licenses & Permits	2,740,954	2,936,782	2,854,944	2,803,651	2,812,666
Miscellaneous Revenues	5,245,674	4,916,959	5,814,978	5,228,629	5,226,322
Total Revenues	188,292,419	203,040,349	203,208,156	189,374,051	186,833,834
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Current:					
General Government	14,269,072	14,100,437	13,991,407	15,112,310	16,093,312
Culture & Recreation	1,871,206	2,147,793	2,582,540	2,681,433	2,753,543
Economic Environment	8,343,894	8,412,577	7,576,746	8,004,788	8,270,103
Health & Human Services	56,513,076	58,313,051	60,679,051	41,253,590	36,892,567
Public Safety	69,148,914	68,048,020	69,257,165	73,018,865	79,791,518
Transportation	20,003,339	20,239,099	19,803,913	22,907,521	24,013,235
Utilities & Environment	3,009,658	2,113,376	3,128,461	3,145,084	2,246,214
Capital Outlay	13,072,588	12,182,681	5,325,290	6,341,210	7,751,742
Debt Service:					
Principal	4,613,266	5,086,459	5,519,994	5,699,854	5,821,579
Interest & Fiscal Charges	3,656,379	3,486,921	3,341,693	3,120,291	2,592,301
Total Expenditures	194,501,392	194,130,414	191,206,260	181,284,946	186,226,114
Excess of Revenues Over (under)					
Expenditures	(6,208,973)	8,909,935	12,001,896	8,089,105	607,720

## Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Schedule 4 Page 3 of 4

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Capital Lease Financing	131,166	94,204	167,962	103,351	95,374
Sale of Capital Assets	614,421	835,076	991,265	225,865	338,295
Proceeds on Debt Issuance	-	42,765,000	20,890,000	634,931	472,931
Proceeds of Refunding Long-Term Debt	-	-	6,950,000	-	-
Premium on Debt Issuance	-	-	94,704	-	-
Premium on Refunding Long-Term Debt	-	-	185,461	-	-
Payment on Bond Refunding	-	-	(6,730,000)	-	-
Special Item - Transfer to BHO	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	22,202,676	51,252,923	26,067,719	38,089,124	20,452,597
Transfers Out	(26,809,943)	(51,558,187)	(26,815,218)	(39,684,312)	(23,304,570)
Total Other Fin. Sources (Uses)	(3,861,680)	43,389,016	21,801,893	(631,041)	(1,945,373)
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(14,126,110)	12,544,009	19,361,672	(13,627,007)	(7,300,264)
Fund Balances - January 1	109,300,510	95,174,400	107,718,409	127,080,081	112,546,592
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		-	=	(906,482)	(455,017)
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 95,174,400	\$ 107,718,409	\$ 127,080,081	\$ 112,546,592	\$ 104,791,311
Debt Service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	2.62%	3.59%	4.52%	5.00%	4.77%

## Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years Schedule 4 Page 4 of 4

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Capital Lease Financing	214,844	73,534	117,041	80,260	96,145	
Sale of Capital Assets	1,731,239	829,360	924,307	2,070,416	4,037,162	
Proceeds on Debt Issuance	178,859	-	10,463,228	-	-	
Proceeds of Refunding Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	32,899,823	-	
Premium on Debt Issuance (*)	-	-	1,171,772	-	-	
Premium on Refunding Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	4,659,147	-	
Payment on Bond Refunding (*)	-	-	(11,635,000)	(37,558,970)	-	
Special Item - Transfer to BHO	-	-	-	(33,702,135)	-	
Transfers In	19,895,147	16,522,721	17,318,204	15,145,168	16,847,792 (20,327,666)	
Transfers Out	(22,223,630)	(16,759,727)	(18,493,406)	(16,221,378)		
Total Other Fin. Sources (Uses)	(203,541)	665,888	(133,854)	(32,627,669)	653,433	
Net Changes In Fund Balances	(6,412,514)	9,575,823	11,868,042	(24,538,564)	1,261,153	
Fund Balances - January 1 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting	104,791,311	97,610,120	107,185,943	119,053,985	94,515,421	
Principle	(768,677)	-	-	<del>-</del>	(1,464,912)	
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 97,610,120	\$ 107,185,943	\$ 119,053,985	\$ 94,515,421 \$	94,311,662	
	4.56%	4.71%	4.77%	5.04%	4.71%	

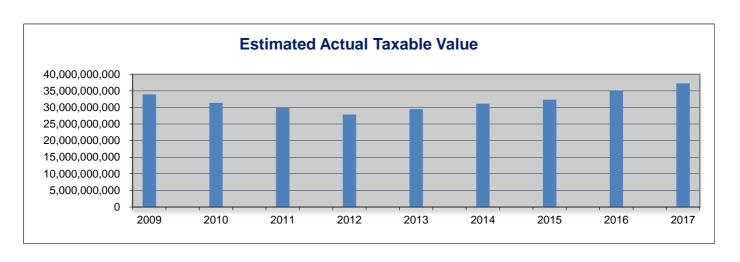
### Property Tax Revenue Base Information Last Ten Years By Year Assessed Schedule 5

Fiscal Year Ended Dec 31st	Assessed Assessed Residential Commercial Property Property		Less: Tax Exempt Total Taxable Property Assessed Value			_	stimated Actual xable Value (1)	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value		
2008	\$ 22,046,001,548	\$	12,611,538,565	\$	4,539,926,689	\$	30,117,613,424	\$	34,657,540,113	2.55	86.90%
2009	\$ 20,832,062,976	\$	13,133,283,111	\$	4,716,487,725	\$	29,248,858,362	\$	33,965,346,087	2.73	86.11%
2010	\$ 19,564,136,956	\$	11,852,079,004	\$	4,272,147,879	\$	27,144,068,081	\$	31,416,215,960	3.02	86.40%
2011	\$ 18,358,511,700	\$	11,477,885,624	\$	4,147,819,922	\$	25,688,577,402	\$	29,836,397,324	3.27	86.10%
2012	\$ 16,709,269,050	\$	11,146,448,025	\$	4,052,508,566	\$	23,803,208,509	\$	27,855,717,075	3.63	85.45%
2013	\$ 17,885,852,500	\$	11,636,949,691	\$	4,262,134,688	\$	25,260,667,503	\$	29,522,802,191	3.48	85.56%
2014	\$ 19,459,675,250	\$	11,699,915,661	\$	4,312,197,162	\$	26,847,393,749	\$	31,159,590,911	3.34	86.16%
2015	\$ 20,423,996,800	\$	11,927,531,915	\$	4,453,472,095	\$	27,898,056,620	\$	32,351,528,715	3.30	86.23%
2016	\$ 21,924,291,944	\$	13,085,329,907	\$	4,975,011,558	\$	30,034,610,293	\$	35,009,621,851	3.21	85.79%
2017	\$ 23,958,686,300	\$	13,307,551,043	\$	5,049,406,895	\$	32,216,830,448	\$	37,266,237,343	2.99	86.45%

Source: Thurston County Assessor

Information provided is by year assessed. Taxes are collected in the following year.

- (1) Total Estimated Actual Taxable Value is the taxable value before exemptions are removed.
- (2) Total Direct Tax Rate for 2009 adjusted due to rounding.

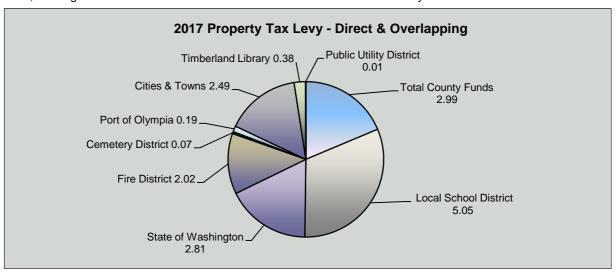


# Revenue Rate Information Property Tax Levy Rate - Direct & Overlapping Last Ten Years By Year Taxes Are Assessed Schedule 6

	County		Total	Local	State				Cities	Timber-	Public	
Fiscal	l Funds		County	School	of	Fire	Cemetery	Port of	&	Land	Utility	Totals
Year	(1)	(2)	Funds	District	WA (5)	District	District	Olympia	Towns	Library	District	(3) (4)
2008	1.04	1.51	2.55	3.76	1.92	1.53	0.05	0.15	2.11	0.33	0.01	12.41
2009	1.10	1.63	2.73	3.97	2.06	1.60	0.06	0.16	2.14	0.34	0.01	13.07
2010	1.22	1.80	3.02	4.29	2.26	1.57	0.07	0.17	2.17	0.36	0.01	13.92
2011	1.32	1.95	3.27	4.71	2.45	1.66	0.07	0.18	2.50	0.38	0.01	15.23
2012	1.45	2.18	3.63	5.47	2.51	1.77	0.08	0.20	2.66	0.42	0.01	16.75
2013	1.39	2.09	3.48	5.16	2.38	1.73	0.08	0.20	2.59	0.42	0.01	16.05
2014	1.34	2.00	3.34	5.19	2.27	1.78	0.08	0.19	2.53	0.41	0.01	15.80
2015	1.32	1.98	3.30	5.14	2.12	1.81	0.08	0.18	2.43	0.41	0.01	15.48
2016	1.26	1.95	3.21	4.86	1.99	2.15	0.07	0.17	2.35	0.40	0.01	15.21
2017	1.25	1.74	2.99	5.05	2.81	2.02	0.07	0.19	2.49	0.38	0.01	16.01

Source: Thurston County Assessor

- (1) Includes County General fund, Mental Health, and Veterans levies.
- (2) Includes County Road District, Medic One and Land Conservation Futures levies.
- (3) Totals shown are greater than the levy possible on any one parcel (A city levy is not imposed on unincorporated parcels and likewise, County Road is not levied on incorporated parcels.)
  - The table is based on a weighted average calculation using assessed value, levy rates, and total tax levied.
  - The levy rate is weighted proportionately by the relative tax levy of each district.
- (4) 2009 County and Total Rate information adjusted due to rounding.
- (5) In 2017, the Legislature enacted EHB 2242 which increased the state school levy



### Principal Tax Payers 2017 Schedule 7

		201	7			2008		
TAXPAYER	Tax	kable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Taxable Assesse d Value	Taxal	ble Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Puget Sound Energy	\$	320,005,563	1	1.07%	\$	207,850,990	2	0.72%
Vine Street Investors		277,988,850	2	0.93%		270,245,650	1	0.94%
Capital Mall		167,079,850	3	0.56%		101,723,600	4	0.35%
Target Corporation		99,518,883	4	0.33%		108,874,737	3	0.38%
Kaufman Development		85,352,040	5	0.28%		68,739,311	8	0.24%
Panorama City		83,795,169	6	0.28%		70,736,282	7	0.25%
Walmart		74,465,192	7	0.25%		83,281,392	5	0.29%
Home Depot		64,239,653	8	0.21%		78,536,706	6	0.27%
Comcast		57,309,912	9	0.19%		-		0.00%
Kennedy Wilson Multifamily		55,785,350	10	0.19%		-		0.00%
CDC Properties						67,345,250	9	0.23%
Quest Corporation						64,441,118	10	0.22%
Total Top Ten Value	\$	1,285,540,462	- -	4.28%	\$	1,121,775,036	-	3.89%
Total County Assessed Value	\$	30,034,610,293			\$	28,809,395,274		

**Total County Assessed Value** 

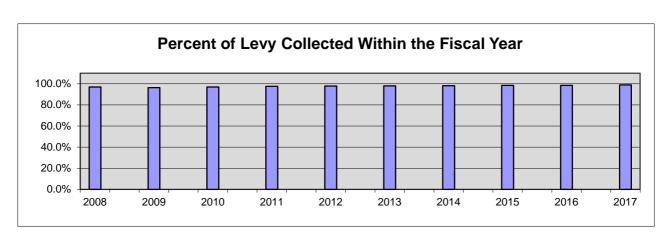
Source: Thurston County Treasurer by Year Taxes are Collected 2008 Thurston County Comprehensive Annual Financial Statement

### Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years Schedule 8

Fiscal Year	Ta	axes Levied	Collected V		C	collections In	Total Collecti	ons to Date
Ended Dec 31,	Fisc	for the cal Year (1) (2)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	S	ubsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$	58,069,851	\$ 56,320,869	97.0%	\$	1,487,650	\$ 57,808,519	99.55%
2009	\$	60,148,760	\$ 58,007,320	96.4%	\$	1,838,223	\$ 59,845,543	99.50%
2010	\$	60,957,778	\$ 59,144,258	97.0%	\$	1,501,301	\$ 60,645,559	99.49%
2011	\$	63,038,561	\$ 61,526,739	97.6%	\$	1,359,817	\$ 62,886,556	99.76%
2012	\$	64,566,788	\$ 63,223,741	97.9%	\$	1,241,460	\$ 64,465,201	99.84%
2013	\$	66,014,980	\$ 64,780,877	98.13%	\$	1,153,564	\$ 65,934,441	99.88%
2014	\$	67,293,567	\$ 66,079,725	98.20%	\$	985,158	\$ 67,064,883	99.66%
2015	\$	68,891,185	\$ 67,840,803	98.48%	\$	631,554	\$ 68,472,357	99.39%
2016	\$	70,440,496	\$ 69,414,237	98.54%	\$	533,566	\$ 69,947,803	99.30%
2017	\$	72,210,834	\$ 71,421,438	98.91%	\$	-	\$ 71,421,438	98.91%

Source: Thurston County Treasurer

(2) Taxes levied for fiscal year 2014 corrected.



<sup>(1)</sup> Includes County General Fund, Roads, Veteran's, Medic One, Conservation Futures, Tax Refund, Mental Health Tax Levies, and Special Assessments. Spreadsheet includes adjustments, special assessments, and collections from subsequent years.

#### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Year 2017 Schedule 9

Total Assessed Property Valuation (1)	\$ 32,216,830,448
Limited Tax General Obligation Debt Capacity (non-voted):	
Legal Limit of 1.5% of the Assessed Valuation	\$ 483,252,457
Less: Outstanding Limited Tax General Obligation Bond Debt (2)	(63,573,000)
Add: Available Assets	 708,110
Remaining Capacity (non-voted)	 420,387,567
Limited Tax General Obligation Debt Capacity (voted and non-voted):	
Legal Limit of 2.5% of the Assessed Valuation	\$ 805,420,761
Less: Outstanding Limited Tax General Obligation Bond Debt	(63,573,000)
Add: Available Assets	 708,110
Remaining Capacity (voted and non-voted)	\$ 742,555,871

- (1) Property assessment is for property assessed in 2015 for collection in 2016
- (2) Excludes proprietary debt funded from user fees

### Legal Debt Margin Information Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Year 2017 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Non-Voted Debt Margin	\$	451,764	\$ 438,733	\$ 407,161	\$ 385,329	\$ 357,048	\$ 378,910	\$ 402,711	\$ 418,471	\$ 450,519	\$ 483,252
Total Debt Applicable to Non-Voted Margin		50,184	90,105	98,467	94,607	90,294	86,066	80,695	74,247	69,838	63,573
Voted and Non- Voted Debt Margin	\$	702,782	\$ 641,275	\$ 580,142	\$ 547,788	\$ 505,038	\$ 545,790	\$ 590,918	\$ 623,646	\$ 681,651	\$ 742,556
Total Debt as a Percentage of Non-Voted Debt Margin		11.11%	20.54%	24.18%	24.55%	25.29%	22.71%	20.04%	17.74%	15.50%	13.16%

### Total Outstanding Debt Information Last Ten Years Schedule 10

(in thousands of dollars)

		<u>Governn</u>	ent	al-Type	Acti	<u>vities</u>	Busines	s-Ty	pe Activ	/itie	<u>s</u>	Prim	ary Governm	<u>ient</u>	
Fiscal Year	Ok	Seneral oligation Bonds	go	nter- overn- nental .oans		apital eases	General bligation Bonds	g n	Inter- overn- nental -oans		apital eases	Total	% of Personal Income (1) (1)	C	Per apita (2)
2008	\$	40,127	\$	231	\$	426	\$ 10,057	\$	1,868	\$	89	\$ 52,798	0.54%	\$	215
2009	\$	80,748	\$	-	\$	306	\$ 9,358	\$	1,585	\$	79	\$ 92,076	0.90%	\$	369
2010	\$	98,467	\$	-	\$	336	\$ 8,623	\$	1,506	\$	47	\$ 108,979	1.06%	\$	432
2011	\$	93,972	\$	635	\$	302	\$ 7,873	\$	1,521	\$	103	\$ 104,406	0.99%	\$	411
2012	\$	89,186	\$	1,108	\$	260	\$ 7,070	\$	1,414	\$	120	\$ 99,158	0.87%	\$	390
2013	\$	79,408	\$	1,287	\$	292	\$ 5,415	\$	1,182	\$	63	\$ 87,647	0.75%	\$	341
2014	\$	79,408	\$	1,287	\$	292	\$ 5,415	\$	1,182	\$	63	\$ 87,647	0.77%	\$	332
2015	\$	72,990	\$	1,257	\$	287	\$ 4,426	\$	1,051	\$	44	\$ 80,055	N/A	\$	299
2016	\$	69,838	\$	1,204	\$	245	\$ 3,520	\$	953	\$	55	\$ 75,815	N/A	\$	278
2017	\$	63,573	\$	1,150	\$	243	\$ 2,520	\$	812	\$	40	\$ 68,338	N/A	\$	247

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents County debt as a percentage of total personal income. Personal income is from the Bureau of Economic Analysis and is extracted from Schedule 13.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reports debt payable per person using total County population. County total population is from the Thurston County Regional Planning Council and is extracted from Schedule 13.

### Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value Last Ten Years Schedule 11

Fiscal Year	Popu- lation (1)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (2)	Gross G.O. Bonded Debt (3)	Less Debt Service Fund (4)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2008	245,300	\$ 34,657,540,113	\$ 50,184,000	\$ 28,133	\$ 50,155,867	0.145%	204
2009	249,800	\$ 33,965,346,087	\$ 90,106,000	\$ 4,397	\$ 90,101,603	0.265%	361
2010	252,264	\$ 31,416,215,960	\$ 107,090,000	\$ 241,735	\$ 106,848,265	0.340%	424
2011	254,095	\$ 29,836,397,324	\$ 101,845,000	\$ 500,402	\$ 101,344,598	0.340%	399
2012	256,795	\$ 27,855,717,075	\$ 96,256,000	\$ 556,041	\$ 95,699,959	0.344%	373
2013	260,095	\$ 29,522,802,191	\$ 91,145,000	\$ 662,863	\$ 90,482,137	0.306%	348
2014	264,000	\$ 31,159,590,911	\$ 84,822,000	\$ 820,870	\$ 84,001,130	0.270%	318
2015	267,410	\$ 32,351,528,715	\$ 77,416,000	\$ 599,987	\$ 76,816,013	0.237%	287
2016	272,685	\$ 35,009,621,851	\$ 73,358,000	\$ 691,194	\$ 72,666,806	0.208%	266
2017	276,900	\$ 37,266,237,343	\$ 66,093,000	\$ 821,218	\$ 65,271,782	0.175%	236

<sup>(1)</sup> County population is extracted from Schedule 13

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimated Actual Taxable Value from County Assessor as extracted from Schedule 5

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts include total debt, excluding capital leases and intergovernmental loans, extracted from Schedule 10

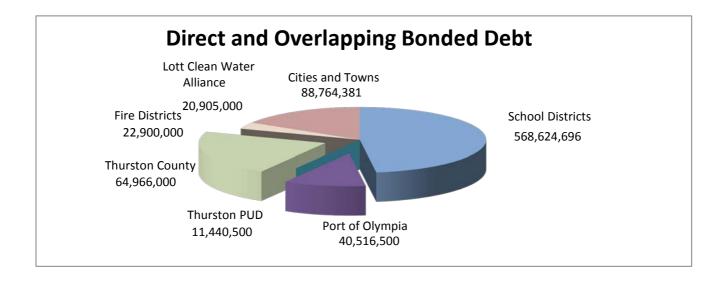
<sup>(4)</sup> Includes cash reserved for business type General Obligation debt

#### Computation Of Direct And Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds December 31, 2017 Schedule 12

Jurisdiction	G.O. onded Debt outstanding	Percentage Applicable to County (2)		unt Applicable ourston County
Direct:		40004	•	
Thurston County (1)	\$ 64,966,000	100%	\$	64,966,000
Overlapping:				
Fire Districts	22,900,000	100%		22,900,000
Port of Olympia	40,516,500	100%		40,516,500
Thurston PUD	11,440,500	100%		11,440,500
Lott Clean Water Alliance	20,905,000	100%		20,905,000
School Districts	568,624,696	100%		568,624,696
Drainage District	206,946	100%		206,946
Cities and Towns	88,764,381	100%		88,764,381
Total Overlapping	 753,358,023	100%		753,358,023
Total	\$ 818,324,023		\$	818,324,023

Source: Thurston County Treasurer and individual cities and towns.

- (1) Includes all debt that is backed by the full faith and credit of the governmental unit
- (2) Percentage of overlap is based on percentage of jurisdiction included within Thurston County
- (3) Total direct debt includes all long-term debt instruments of governmental activies, including bonds, notes, loans, and capital leases.

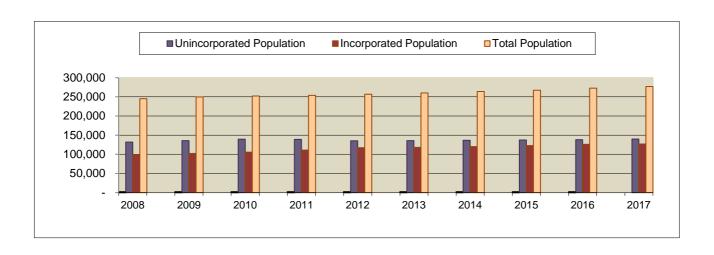


#### Demographic and Economic Information Last Ten Years Schedule 13

	Unincorp- orated	Incorp- orated	Total Population	Personal Income (Thousands	Per Capita Personal	Median		College Enrollment (Head Count)	Unemploy- ment Rate
Year	Population	Population	(1) (5)	of Dollars) (2)	Income	Age (1)	(4)	(1)	(3)
2008	139,605	105,695	245,300	\$ 9,819,911	\$ 39,988	37.9	40,235	13,071	5.1%
2009	139,010	110,790	249,800	\$ 10,240,137	\$ 40,801	37.9	41,355	14,024	7.9%
2010	135,124	117,140	252,264	\$ 10,306,397	\$ 40,736	38.4	40,560	12,818	9.0%
2011	135,825	118,270	254,095	\$ 10,584,595	\$ 41,251	38.4	39,901	12,719	9.0%
2012	136,605	120,190	256,795	\$ 11,360,654	\$ 43,977	38.4	40,161	12,281	8.4%
2013	137,395	122,700	260,095	\$ 11,671,365	\$ 44,481	38.4	40,793	11,962	7.6%
2014	138,160	125,840	264,000	\$ 11,430,070	\$ 42,994	38.4	41,135	11,767	6.5%
2015	138,930	128,480	267,410	\$ 11,901,487	\$ 44,155	39.0	41,135	11,578	6.0%
2016	137,795	134,890	272,685	\$ 12,641,542	\$ 45,932	39.0	42,073	11,417	5.8%
2017	139,870	137,030	276,900	n/a	n/a	39.0	42,668	11,525	5.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Thurston County Regional Planning Council and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

<sup>(5) 2010</sup> Population Adjusted



<sup>\*</sup>Median Age reported every 5 years.

<sup>\*</sup>College head count is fall of the previous year. Includes both full and part-time students enrolled at campuses located in Thurston County. 2008 through 2013 head count adjusted.

<sup>(4)</sup> Thurston Co Regional Planning Council and WA St Superintendent Public Instruction.

### Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago Schedule 14

#### Top Ten Employers for 2017 (1) (2)

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
State Government, Including Education	25,800	1	19.68%
Local Government, Including Education	12,600	2	9.61%
Providence St. Peter Hospital	1,803	3	1.38%
Federal Government	900	4	0.69%
Walmart Stores, Inc.	1,058	5	0.81%
Safeway	1,024	6	0.78%
Nisqually Red Wind Casino	700	7	0.53%
Capital Medical Center	600	8	0.46%
Lucky Eagle Casino	600	9	0.46%
YMCA	551	10	0.42%
Totals	45,636		34.82%
Total Employed (3)	131,089		

#### Top Ten Employers for 2008 (1) (2)

Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
State Government, Including Education	25,100	1	19.91%
Local Government, Including Education	12,300	2	9.76%
Providence St. Peter Hospital	2,300	3	1.82%
Tribal Government	2,097	4	1.66%
Federal Government	900	5	0.71%
Safeway Stores	850	6	0.67%
Walmart	740	7	0.59%
St. Martin's University	418	8	0.33%
Capital Medical Center	410	9	0.33%
Group Health Cooperative	400	10	0.32%
Totals	45,515		36.10%
Total Employed (3)	126,039		

- (1) Source for Government Employment 2017 and 2008: Employment Security Department. Not seasonally adjusted.
- (2) Source 2017 and 2008: Thurston Economic Development Council, Thurston Regional Planning, and 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.
- (3) Total Employed: Washington State Employment Security Department December of 2017 data for nonfarm industry employment and is not seasonally adjusted. 2008 Total employment adjusted.

# Government Employment Information Authorized Thurston County Positions by Function Last Ten Years Schedule 15 Page 1 of 2

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government										
Assessor	38.00	29.25	28.25	28.75	31.00	30.00	30.00	29.00	29.00	31.00
Auditor	40.50	39.50	38.50	38.50	38.50	38.50	38.00	37.75	38.75	40.00
Commissioners/County Admin	11.00	13.00	13.00	13.25	14.80	14.80	16.00	13.60	14.80	18.75
Treasurer	11.90	9.89	8.90	8.90	9.00	9.00	9.00	12.50	8.90	8.90
Human Resources	12.60	10.90	11.00	12.00	13.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.50	12.39
Other General Gov Programs (3)	8.70	12.00	11.15	11.15	11.80	11.80	9.80	8.55	12.15	11.00
Central Services & Facilities (1)	64.34	61.00	60.50	62.50	64.50	66.20	63.45	53.20	54.20	57.20
Central Services Engineering (1)	5.66	4.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.80	2.80	1.80	1.80	3.80
GeoData (6)	7.50	7.25	7.25	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Emergency Services (7)	-	-	-	7.00	7.55	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05
Total FTE	200.20	187.29	182.05	192.55	200.65	200.15	194.10	181.45	185.15	197.09
Public Cofess										
Public Safety	20.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	24.00	24.00	20.50	20.50	22.50	22.50
Clerk	39.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	34.00	34.00	30.50	30.50	32.50	33.50
Superior Court	41.35	41.65	40.65	40.65	40.65	42.65	40.80	41.80	38.80	39.30
District Court Juvenile Probation	33.00 63.00	24.50 61.00	24.50 61.00	25.00 61.00	25.00 61.00	26.00 61.00	27.75 59.00	27.75 59.00	31.25 58.00	31.25 58.00
	03.00	-	-	-	-	-	59.00 -	-	5.00	5.00
Pretrial (9) Prosecuting Attorney	70.45	63.95	60.25	62.90	66.90	65.10	63.60	61.85	60.10	61.85
Sheriff	120.25	109.00	103.50	104.50	103.50	105.00	107.00	107.00	108.00	106.75
Corrections	111.00	103.00	100.00	104.30	103.30	123.00	125.50	118.00	120.00	121.00
Coroner	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50
Public Defense	24.00	19.00	20.00	21.00	23.00	23.00	27.00	27.00	31.00	31.00
Other Public Safety Programs (4)	13.15	15.65	16.15	15.65	12.65	13.95	11.00	15.50	12.50	14.00
Communications (8)	62.50	63.75	63.75	13.03	12.00	13.33	-	15.50	12.50	14.00
Total FTE	583.70	539.50	527.80	468.70	476.20	500.20	498.65	494.90	503.65	508.15
Culture & Recreation										
WSU Cooperative Extension	2.50	1.50	1.55	1.55	2.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	2.20
Fair	3.70	3.70	3.75	3.50	2.55	2.55	0.80	2.55	2.30	2.53
Recreation Services	14.75	5.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	
Total FTE	20.95	10.20	8.30	8.05	6.60	5.60	3.85	3.60	3.35	4.73
Hoolth & Human Carriers										
Health & Human Services	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	2.25	<b>7</b> 45	0.45	0.45	0.45	2.25
Medic One & Reserve	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.95	7.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.95
Social Services	17.93	18.75	17.25	17.25	17.25	17.25	18.25	20.25	21.45	26.06
Public Health	110.82	92.70	74.60	69.10	64.35	66.50	64.50	64.40	68.20	74.72
Total FTE	135.75	118.45	98.85	93.35	88.55	91.20	91.20	93.10	98.10	109.73

## Government Employment Information Authorized Thurston County Positions by Function Last 10 Years Schedule 15 Page 2 of 2

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Transportation										
County Roads	109.50	129.80	134.38	124.69	117.93	120.17	115.16	118.95	128.20	116.22
Roads Development Review	12.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Roads Construction in Progress	18.00	15.50	15.36	14.69	13.66	12.23	14.93	14.47	5.00	12.36
ER&R Maintenance (1)	14.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	13.75	14.00	14.00	14.00
Total FTE	153.50	160.30	163.74	153.38	145.59	146.40	143.84	147.42	147.20	142.58
Economic Environment										
Veterans	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Land Use and Permitting	64.00	39.00	26.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	27.80	30.05	32.56
Storm & Surface Water Utility	0.00	0.00	18.10	20.50	21.60	20.85	21.60	22.80	25.80	25.44
Planning	0.00	6.00	7.00	10.00	9.00	9.00	9.50	10.80	8.30	14.02
Pacific Mountain (8)	35.00	42.00	42.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Housing & Community Review (5)	6.55	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.80	4.42
Total FTE	106.30	89.75	96.35	59.00	59.10	60.35	61.60	66.40	69.95	77.44
Utilities & Environment										
Utilities (2)	60.90	61.15	40.96	44.17	43.41	40.35	41.66	41.33	43.53	49.31
Noxious Weed Control	3.25	3.25	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.25	2.91	2.88
Total FTE	64.15	64.40	44.26	47.47	46.71	43.65	44.96	44.58	46.44	52.19
Budgeted FTE Count	1264.55	1169.89	1121.35	1022.50	1023.40	1047.55	1038.20	1031.45	1053.84	1091.91

<sup>(1)</sup> Internal Service Funds

Treatment Sales Tax, Reet Technology Fund, and Admin. Also includes Auditor's M&O and Treasurer's M&O and Investment Admin.

Prisoner's Concession, Sheriff's Special Programs, and Clerk's Collection

- (5) Office of Program & Budget changed to Housing & Community Review
- (6) Geo Data moved from Transportation to General Government in 2011
- (7) Emergency Services moved from Public Works to Emergency Management General Government in 2011
- (8) Pacific Mountain and Communications separated from the County on December 31, 2010
- (9) Pretrial Services new department in 2017

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Solid Waste, Water, Waste Water, and Lakes Management

<sup>(3)</sup> Other General Government Programs Include the following Internal Service Funds: Unemployment, Insurance Risk, Benefits,

<sup>(4)</sup> Other Public Safety Programs Include: Family Court-Clerk, Law Library, Victim Advocate Program,

# Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 16 Page 1 of 4

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government					
General Elections					
Registered Voters	148,911	147,343	149,024	152,475	160,302
Votes Cast	128,006	76,285	107,344	80,871	128,652
% of Registered Voters Voting	86.96%	51.77%	72.03%	53.04%	80.26%
Public Safety					
Sheriff's Office					
Jail Population (average)	437	438	410	432	422
Total Persons Booked	6,029	5,776	5,657	5,804	5,240
Citations (tickets) Issued (9)	5,341	5,210	3,350	3,614	2,710
Total Warrants Processed	5,122	9,671	9,620	9,566	9,360
Fraud Reports	631	656	635	730	596
Coroner					
Deaths Reported	1,994	1,982	1,986	2,144	2,203
Autopsies/External Examines Performed	82	91	114	170	158
Jurisdiction Assumed	310	310	300	359	337
Accidents	106	122	116	129	111
Bones	4	14	11	10	1
Homicide	6	8	4	5	15
Natural	122	106	97	141	141
Suicide	39	30	26	41	44
Traffic	22	18	21	17	17
Undetermined	11	12	25	16	8
Pending (11)					
Juvenile Probation					
Average Caseload (monthly)	41	39	37	36	33
Population in Detention (average)	41	31	30	31	30
Courts					
District Court Filings (7)	34,951	38,430	31,691	30,216	30,000
District Court Proceedings (7)	47,404	39,474	34,375	35,161	33,549
Superior Court Filings (1)	14,052	13,420	14,477	14,343	12,775
Superior Court Proceedings (1)	42,284	38,250	39,425	43,862	43,524
Culture and Recreation					
County Fair Attendance	35,519	26,321	30,028	32,149	28,710
Parks Attendance (10)	1,292,115	1,026,663	1,159,389	1,333,297	855,000

# Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 16 Page 2 of 4

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government					
General Elections					
Registered Voters	161,326	162,655	164,555	175,078	176,312
Votes Cast	72,064	85,446	60,872	135,966	60,478
% of Registered Voters Voting	44.67%	52.53%	36.99%	77.66%	34.30%
Public Safety					
Sheriff's Office					
Jail Population (average)	451	414	406	466	472
Total Persons Booked	5,500	5,405	4,752	5,132	5,391
Citations (tickets) Issued (9)	2,255	2,390	2,396	2,111	2,102
Total Warrants Processed	9,044	7,559	6,922	7,226	7,728
Fraud Reports	428	511	574	550	569
Coroner					
Deaths Reported	2,178	2,194	2,408	2,360	2,457
Autopsies/External Examines Performed	171	139	175	173	247
Jurisdiction Assumed	322	270	314	319	391
Accidents	117	83	105	101	111
Bones	1	2	1	1	1
Homicide	3	4	6	5	14
Natural	127	118	123	117	145
Suicide	39	41	48	53	60
Traffic	16	17	14	16	18
Undetermined	10	5	17	11	7
Pending (11)				15	15
Juvenile Probation					
Average Caseload (monthly)	30	31	26	25	27
Population in Detention (average)	27	26	24	15	14
Courts					
District Court Filings (7)	31,667	31,510	31,957	33,383	33,344
District Court Proceedings (7)	33,426	42,152	35,939	30,811	29,777
Superior Court Filings (1)	14,415	14,728	12,687	12,484	14,705
Superior Court Proceedings (1)	43,393	39,143	40,232	40,358	43,573
Culture and Recreation					
County Fair Attendance	33,350	36,719	26,250	30,524	21,500
Parks Attendance (10)	1,111,635	1,239,784	1,270,528	1,398,277	1,400,000

# Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 16 Page 3 of 4

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Roads and Trans Services					
Litter Ctrl-Shoulder Miles	986	841	1,401	2,558	786
Litter Control-lbs of Litter	102,251	109,980	129,830	180,889	119,229
Striping Roads (Miles)	1,400	1,467	195	1,440	1,557
Paving-Overlay Miles	2.00	4.00	0.74	4.36	-
Paving-Chip Seal Miles	42.00	67.00	17.39	-	35.65
Economic Environment					
Building Permits					
Permits Issued	2,836	2,337	2,487	2,103	2,311
Value of Bldg (000's Omitted)	186,247	156,407	154,365	137,331	119,417
Utilities & Environment					
Waste and Recovery Center Customers	211,450	203,520	194,060	179,212	195,289
Recycling (tons) (5)	13,800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New Utility Connect, actuals (6)	25	10	10	10	2
Health & Human Services					
Public Health					
Laboratory Water Tests	8,315	10,059	9,744	9,616	8,546
Persons Served/Reached (2)	23,636	22,249	10,456	9,253	7,731
Social Services Cases (3)	10,602	9,725	10,800	11,397	11,500
Housing Cases (4)	-	-	-	-	1,900
Medic One ALS Reponses (8)	8,860	6,337	9,040	8,638	8,427
Medic One BLS Reponses (8)	15,532	20,268	16,373	16,695	16,690

## Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 16 Page 4 of 4

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Roads and Trans Services					
Litter Ctrl-Shoulder Miles	1 002	914	756	931	898
	1,092	_			
Litter Control-lbs of Litter	193,749	191,050	199,912	191,545	184,993
Striping Roads (Miles)	1,380	1,121	743	482	1,379
Paving-Overlay Miles (13)	-	84	4.4	23	8
Paving-Chip Seal Miles	41.65	45.37	36.00	-	43.60
Economic Environment					
Building Permits					
Permits Issued (12)	2,346	2,368	2,498	2,334	2,880
Value of Bldg (000's Omitted) (12)	126,215	124,059	146,060	178,481	201,554
Utilities & Environment					
Waste and Recovery Center Customers	176,700	173,681	183,075	198,003	209,746
Recycling (tons) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New Utility Connect, actuals (6)	26	36	5	115	7
Health & Human Services					
Public Health					
Laboratory Water Tests	7,384	7,231	7,322	7,303	7,109
Persons Served/Reached (2)	7,069	7,635	23,355	13,562	19,678
Social Services Cases (3)	11,750	12,167	12,654	3,371	525
Housing Cases (4)	3,200	4,193	5,858	3,140	3,205
Medic One ALS Reponses (8)	8,621	8,324	9,314	9,394	9,677
Medic One BLS Reponses (8)	20,005	18,243	20,578	22,046	24,037

Source: Thurston County Offices and Departments

- (1) The Clerk's Office is the record keeper for all Superior Court cases which include cases for juvenile's. 2008-2012 updated to include proceedings for all Superior Court cases which include cases for Juvenile's.
- (2) Public Health persons served include Clinical Services, Health Education, Environmental Health Education, Street Outreach, and Veterans Assistance. Clinical Services no longer provided as of 06/30/09.
- (3) Social Services cases include Developmental Disabilities, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse cases. Effective April 1, 2017 Social Services is no longer part of Thurston County government.
- (4) Public Health Housing Cases newly tracked statistic starting in 2012
- (5) Includes Recycling Drop Boxes and Waste and Recovery Center (WARC) Public Recycling Area, and excludes residential curbside collection. Recycling no longer weighed and information not available after 2008.
- (6) Utility connections include sewer and water.
- (7) District Court 2010 and 2011 filings and proceedings revised.
- (8) Medic One ALS (Advanced Life Support) and BLS (Basic Life Support).
- (9) Citations for driving while license suspended not included in 2010 due to referral program.
- (10) Parks attendance for 2010-2011 not available. 2010 Estimate from average of 2008 and 2009, 2011 add 15%.
- (11) Pending added to Coroner's statistics in 2016.
- (12) 2016 Building Permits and Value Updated.
- (13) 2016 Paving-Overlay Miles Corrected

# Capital Asset Information Capital Asset and Infrastructure by Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 17 Page 1 of 2

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Function/Program		(2)	(5)	(6)	(6)
General Government					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	99,015	79,430	82,180	82,180	94,398
Public Safety					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet) (1)	181,426	197,610	296,016	296,016	274,950
Sheriff's Vehicles	94	91	88	88	90
Sheriff's Boats	5	5	6	7	7
Sheriff's Special Purpose Vehicles	7	7	6	6	6
Culture & Recreation					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	97,593	103,739	103,739	103,739	103,739
Parks	34	34	34	33	33
Parks Acres	2,712	2,712	2,712	2,645	2,645
Health & Human Services					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	54,371	52,769	54,715	54,715	58,127
Transportation					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	64,487	63,028	64,278	64,278	65,883
Paved Roads (in miles)	1,034	1,006	1,007	1,013	1,013
Unpaved Roads (in miles)	38	26	25	23	23
Economic Environment					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	9,086	8,414	8,500	8,500	8,616
Utilities & Environment					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet) (4)	66,411	66,411	65,591	65,591	58,264
Water Mains (in feet)	93,122	93,122	93,122	95,057	95,057
Water Storage Capacity (in gallons)	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400
Sewer Mains (in feet)	86,836	86,836	86,836	87,941	87,971
Treatment Capacity (gallons per day)	484,000	484,000	484,000	484,000	484,000
Treat. Devices-Stormwater Sewers	36	36	36	28	45
Ponds Maintained (3)	95	29	26	24	27

## Capital Asset Information Capital Asset and Infrastructure by Function/Program Last Ten Years Schedule 17 Page 2 of 2

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program					
General Government					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	110,471	110,471	159,666	159,760	159,760
Public Safety					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet) (1)	294,708	297,918	265,481	265,481	274,531
Sheriff's Vehicles	101	101	101	101	101
Sheriff's Boats	7	7	7	7	7
Sheriff's Special Purpose Vehicles	5	6	6	6	6
Culture & Recreation					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	105,330	105,330	106,232	106,232	106,232
Parks	33	33	33	33	33
Parks Acres	2,645	2,645	2,645	2,645	2,645
Health & Human Services					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	62,768	62,768	62,515	63,634	63,634
Transportation					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	116,619	103,818	11,478	111,478	111,478
Paved Roads (in miles)	1,068	1,068	1,002	1,007	1,008
Unpaved Roads (in miles)	23	23	22	22	22
Economic Environment					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet)	8,868	8,868	8,868	8,868	8,868
Utilities & Environment					
Building Usage/Cnty Owned (sq feet) (4)	61,533	61,893	53,718	53,718	53,718
Water Mains (in feet)	95,057	95,057	95,057	95,557	96,724
Water Storage Capacity (in gallons)	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400	1,060,400
Sewer Mains (in feet)	87,971	87,971	87,971	88,641	89,587
Treatment Capacity (gallons per day)	484,000	484,000	484,000	484,000	484,000
Treat. Devices-Stormwater Sewers	51	55	78	80	86
County Maintained Ponds (3)	35	40	55	61	66

Source: Thurston County Offices and Departments

<sup>(1)</sup> Mottman Building and vacated Corrections assigned to General Government Fund occupancy. Vacant while restoring.

<sup>(2)</sup> Decrease in roads paved and unpaved miles reflect annexation of roads to surrounding cities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Non County owned ponds are maintained during initial Homeowners Association startup.

<sup>(4)</sup> Building Usage adjusted for utilities & environment to include Waste & Recovery Center and other utilities

<sup>(5)</sup> New Accountability and Restitution Center, detention facility complete

<sup>(6)</sup> In 2011 redefined some Stormwater devices as Infaltration devices. In 2012 a detailed inventory of County Stormwater infrastructure was completed.

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The major objective of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is to describe the County's financial condition and the financial results of its operations

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