Rodenticide / Animal and Bird Repellents / Slugs and Snail Control

The Environmental Health Division reviews each pesticide product proposed for use by a Thurston County department. All Active ingredients in the pesticide products are evaluated to determine the hazards they present to non-target organisms and the environment. Chemical hazards evaluated include: mobility, persistence, bioaccumulation, acute and chronic toxicity, inert ingredients, degradation products, and exposure risk. Pesticide chemicals are considered to have unacceptable hazards when they are: persistent and can bioaccumulate, known or suspected carcinogens, mutagens, known to cause endocrine disruption, or considered high in risk for toxicity to non-target organisms. Products that are found to have an unacceptable level of hazards fail the review. Chemicals that pass the review do not have these toxicological or environmental hazards.

For more details, click the header links in the tables below.

Unable to find useful dataPotential Hazard is **Low**-

Potential Hazard is **Moderate**-

Potential Hazard is **High** -

D (1 1 1 A (1	Thurston	Human	Other	Bird	Bee	Aquatic	Mobility	Persistance	Bioaccumulation
Pesticide Active Ingredient	County	Toxicity	Mammals	Toxicity	Toxicity	Toxicity	Hazard	Hazard	Hazard
ingrealent	Rating	_							
Rodenticides									
<u>brodifacoum</u>	Failed								
<u>bromadiolone</u>	Failed								
<u>bromethalin</u>	Failed								
<u>chlorophacinone</u>	Failed								
<u>cholecalciferol</u>	Failed								
<u>difenacoum</u>	Failed								
<u>difethialone</u>	Failed								
<u>diphacinone</u>	Failed								
<u>warfarin</u>	Failed								
zinc phosphide	Failed								
Animal and Bird Repellants									
methyl nonyl ketone	Conditional								
methiocarb	Failed								
Slug and Snail Control									
iron phosphate	Passed								•
sodium ferric EDTA	Conditional								
metaldehyde	Failed								
methiocarb	Failed								