

25

Years

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Oracle
Community

Oracle Database 19c (Your next ORACLE_HOME)

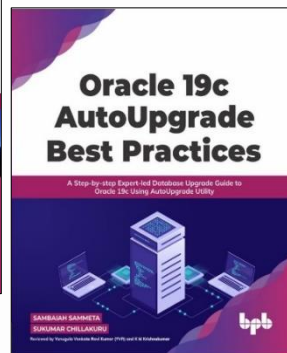
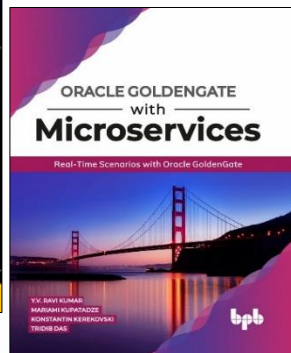
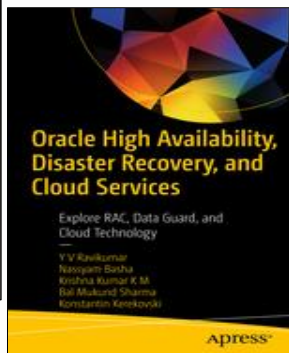
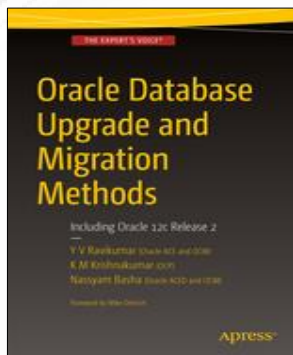
Y V Ravi Kumar
(Oracle Certified Master and Oracle ACE Director)



Quest Oracle Community
9th December 2022



- **Oracle** Certified Master (OCM)
- **Oracle** ACE Director
- Co-author - 100+ **Oracle** Technology Network (OTN) - English, Portuguese & Spanish
- Speaker 2x @**Oracle** Open World (OOW), San Francisco, US
- Co-author (x3) books
- Technical Reviewer (x2) books



500+ technical experts helping peers globally

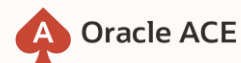
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Oracle Database 19c (Your next ORACLE_HOME)

19^c



- 1 **Oracle Database Release and Support Timelines**
- 2 **Direct Upgrade to Oracle 19c (Autougrade Tool)**
- 3 **DryRun validation of Clusterware upgrade**
- 4 **Zero-Downtime Oracle Grid Infrastructure Patching**
- 5 **Oracle 19c - Recommended Proactive Patches**
- 6 **Oracle 19c - Active Data Guard DML Redirection**
- 7 **Oracle 19c - Dynamic Services Fallback Feature**
- 8 **Oracle 19c - Multi-Instance Redo Apply**
- 9 **Oracle 19c - Replication Restore Points**

Why upgrade to Oracle 12cR2 (12.2) Release Family ?



Oracle 12c (Oracle 12.2.0.1), Oracle 18c (12.2.0.2), Oracle 19c (12.2.0.3)

- Upgrading from Oracle 11g (11.2.0.4), Oracle 12c (12.1.0.2) to Oracle 12cR2 family is a straight procedures/methods.
- Upgrading from Oracle 11g (11.2.0.4), Oracle 12c (12.1.0.2) to Oracle 19c (12.2.0.3), only name implies to Oracle 19c but it is Oracle 12cR2 family.

12.2.0.1	March 31, 2022 (Limited Error Correction from Dec 1, 2020 through March 31, 2022)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Error Correction / Patching is available until Nov 30, 2020 • Limited Error Correction (Sev 1 and Security Updates only) See Note 161818.1 for details. • 12.2.0.1 is not eligible for Extended Support (ES)
19c Long Term Release	April 30, 2024 with no ES/ULA April 30, 2027 with ES/ULA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Premier Support (PS) ends April 30, 2024, Extended Support (ES) fees will be required beginning May 01, 2024 through April 30, 2027 • Error Correction / Patching is available through April 30, 2027 with paid ES. Without paid ES, patching is only available until April 30, 2024

Oracle Database Release and Support Timelines

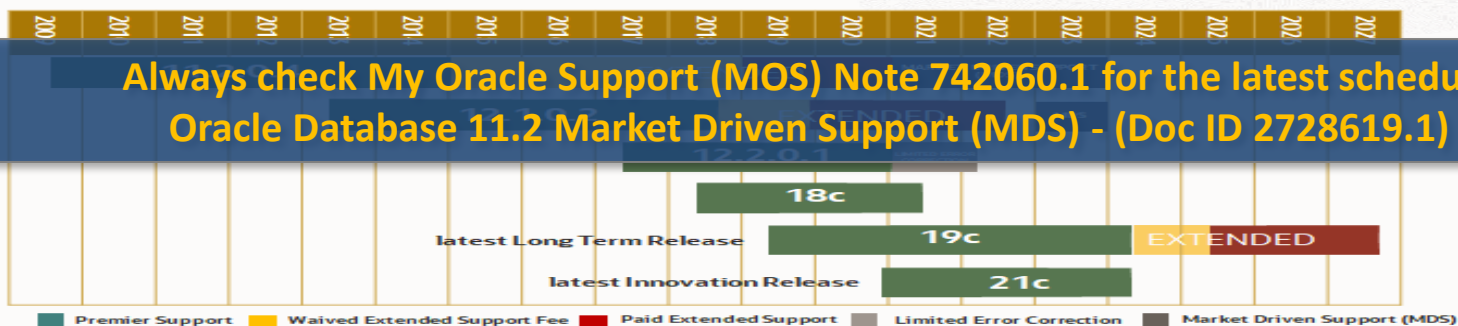


Oracle 11g and Oracle 12c are in Market Driven Support (MDS) ending in **Y2023**.



Oracle 19c (Oracle 12.2.0.3) current long term support ending in **Y2027**.

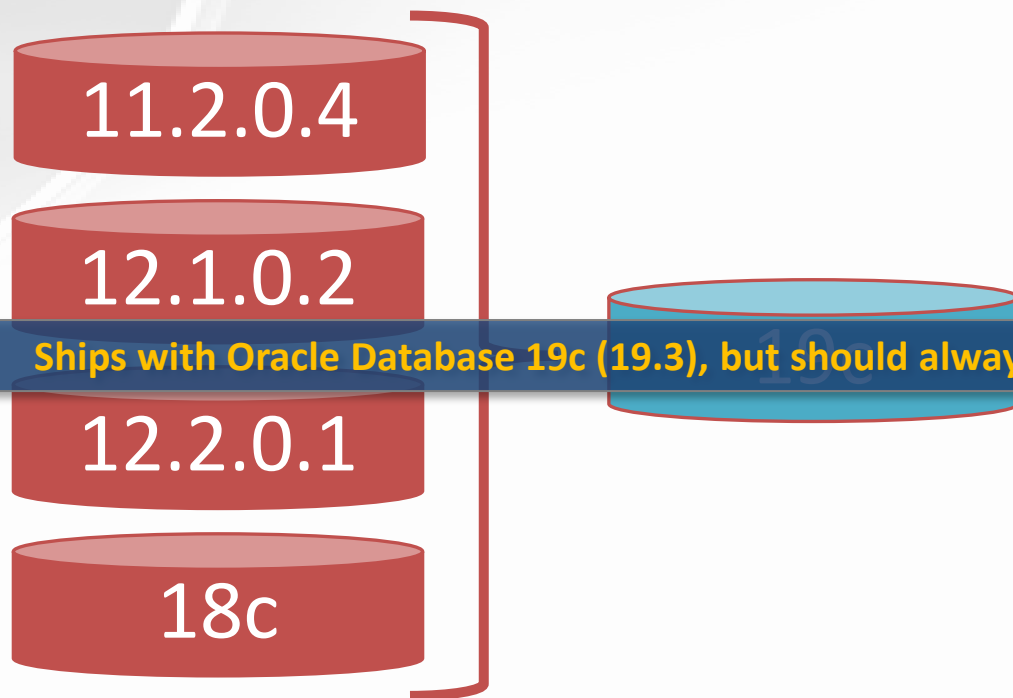
Database Releases and Support Timelines



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MDS: This is a new limited type of support aimed for products that are about to leave Extended Support and move to Sustaining Support.



New AutoUpgrade Tool

Oracle Database Autoupgrade tool allows DBAs to upgrade one or many databases without human intervention.

The Autoupgrade utility identifies issues, performs post upgrade actions, and brings up the upgraded Oracle Database.

Supports upgrading from 11.2.0.4, 12.1.0.2, 12.2.0.1 and 18c source databases.

- ❖ Autoupgrade made upgrading easy. Now Autoupgrade made patching just as easy.
- ❖ Autoupgrade functionality extended to patching.
- ❖ Autoupgrade functionality extended Refreshable Clone functionality.

Always use the latest version of AutoUpgrade Download from My Oracle Support (2485457.1)

```
build.version 22.5.221011
build.date 2022/10/11 14:23:59 -0400
build.hash e9428661
build.hash_date 2022/10/11 12:55:45 -0400
build.supported_target_versions 12.2,18,19,21
build.type production

[oracle@19c-src bin]$
```

- ❑ AutoUpgrade Patching feature extends the AutoUpgrade upgrade capabilities for patching process, which enables you to perform out-of-place patching for multiple databases using a single command.
- ❑ With the latest release of AutoUpgrade tool the AutoUpgrade Patching procedure can be used to apply Release Update (RU), Release Update Revision (RUR), and one-off patches to your databases by using out-of-place patching method.



Run the AutoUpgrade in Analyze mode

```
[oracle@19c-src]$ $ORACLE_HOME/jdk/bin/java -jar  
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/autoupgrade.jar -config  
autoupg_19c_patch.cfg -mode analyze
```

Run the AutoUpgrade in Deploy mode

```
[oracle@19c-src]$ $ORACLE_HOME/jdk/bin/java -jar  
$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/admin/autoupgrade.jar -config  
autoupg_19c_patch.cfg -mode deploy
```

- ❖ Distributed upgrade uses all nodes resulting in faster upgrades of CDBs.
- ❖ This feature spreads the upgrade workload of CDB databases across the RAC nodes. It reduces the number of upgrades performed on one specific nodes and spreads that workload across multiple nodes in the cluster taking advantage of available resources in the RAC nodes.

```
$ cat RACDB.cfg
```

```
global.autoupg_log_dir=/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/autoupgrade  
upg1.log_dir=/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/autoupgrade/ RACDB  
upg1.source_home=/u01/app/oracle/product/12.2.0.1  
upg1.target_home=/u01/app/oracle/product/19  
upg1.sid= RACDB  
upg1.tune_setting=distributed_upgrade=true
```

```
$ java -jar autoupgrade.jar -config RACDB.cfg -mode deploy
```

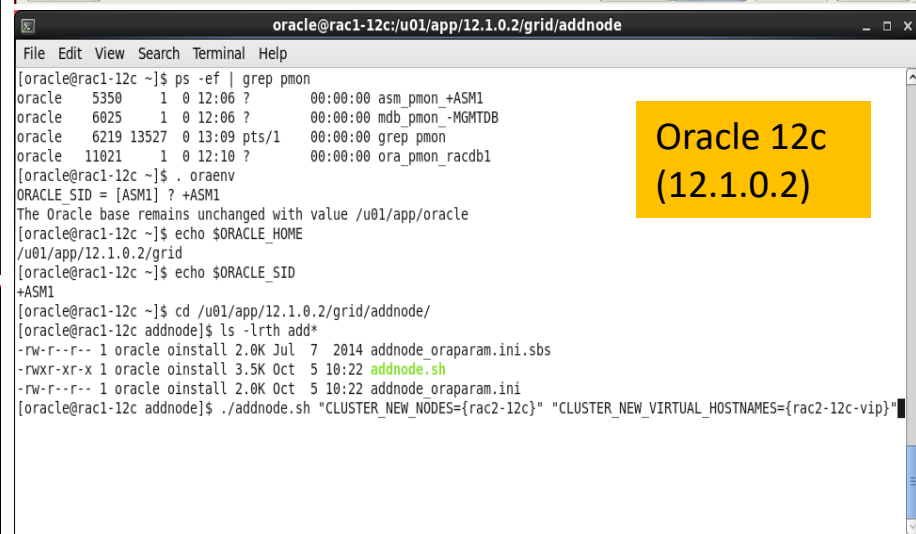
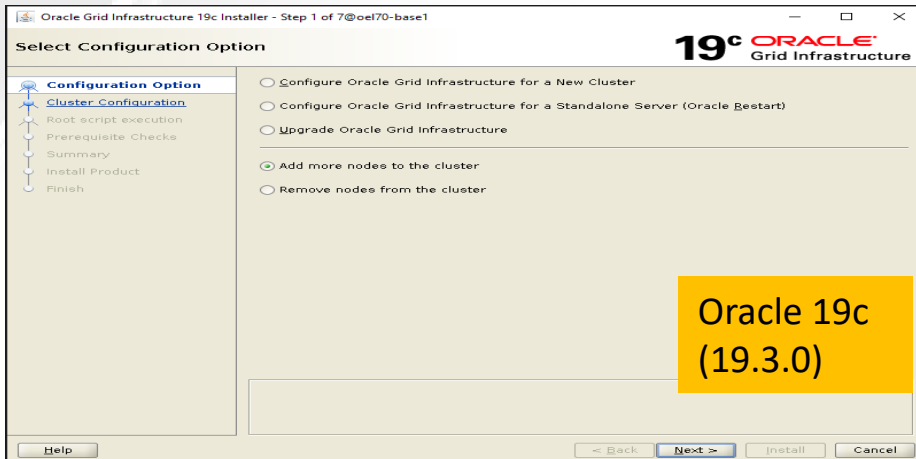
- ❖ By default, AutoUpgrade uses two nodes. To enable more nodes.
- ❖ Specifies that AutoUpgrade performs a distributed upgrade. A distributed upgrade leverages the resources of the Oracle Clusterware cluster member nodes to perform the upgrades of PDBs more rapidly on the cluster.
- ❖ `$ cat RACDB.cfg global.autoupg_log_dir=/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/autoupgrade`
- ❖ `upg1.log_dir=/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/autoupgrade/RACDB`
`upg1.source_home=/u01/app/oracle/product/12.2.0.1`
`upg1.target_home=/u01/app/oracle/product/19 upg1.sid=RACDB`
`upg1.tune_setting=distributed_upgrade=true, active_nodes_limit=n`
- ❖ `$ java -jar autoupgrade.jar -config RACDB.cfg -mode deploy`

Deprecated in Oracle 19c GI



The **addnode** script is deprecated in Oracle 19c Grid Infrastructure.

- The functionality of adding nodes to clusters is now available in the installer wizard.
- The installer wizard provides many enhancements over the **addnode** script.



Document Purpose

Upgrade Readiness

Verify Certification and Review Best Practices

Prepare Target Environment

Prepare Source Environment

Upgrade Initial Dev/Test Environments

Evaluate Performance on DEV/Test Environment

Upgrade PROD Environment

Recommended Training and Resources

Search This Document

Print

Document Purpose

Document Purpose

Upgrade Readiness

Upgrade Readiness

Collect Upgrade Details
Key Readiness Topics to Consider
Skills Needed
Checklist

Verify Certification and Review Best Practices

Verify Certification and Review Best Practices

Verify Certification
General Best Practices for 19c
Including Upgrade Tools - Support Tools
Best Practices for Applications

Prepare Target Environment

Prepare Target Environment

Prepare Source Environment

Prepare Source Environment

Upgrade Initial Dev/Test Environments

Upgrade Initial Dev/Test Environments

Evaluate Performance on DEV/Test Environment

Evaluate Performance on DEV/Test environment

Upgrade PROD Environment

Upgrade PROD Environment

Recommended Training and Resources

Recommended Training and Additional Documentation
Recommended Training
Additional Resources

19^c ORACLE[®] Database

Collect Upgrade Details


ACTION

Collect the essential information for the overall project scope. This is useful to keep the bigger picture in mind and have the details handy if you need to log an SR

19c Database Self-Guided Upgrade with Best Practices (Doc ID 1919.2)

- Identify the source and target OS/platform and version release
- Identify any additional features being used (Multitenant, RAC, SQL Tuning Advisor, etc, found in Features section of ORAchK -preupgrade) and other Oracle Products in the configuration (GoldenGate, Enterprise Manager, EBS, etc)
- Workload type - OLTP, DataWarehouse
- DataGuard used: Yes or No
- Install choices, AutoUpgrade, DBUA, Manual upgrade as well as Export/Import
- Are the target and source on the same server or different servers
- If you are on different servers, are you migrating to a different OS platform (link)
- Are you on the same or a different endian
- Are you upgrading servers in parallel
- Make note of your timeline start and end dates for milestones (Test Upgrade Process, Production GO LIVE)

Database Features and Licensing App

 DATABASE



Features and Licensing

Features

Licensing

Search

Multi-Instance Redo Apply

Focus Area

All Focus Areas

Version

- ☐ 11.2
 ☐ 12.1
 ☐ 12.2
 ☐ 18c
 ☐ 19c
 ☐ 20c

☐ New features only



 Reset

Feature

11.2 12.1 12.2 18c 19c 20c

Multi-Instance Redo Apply

Availability → Data Guard

Releases prior to Oracle Database 12c Release 2 (12.2) limited Redo Apply (physical standby database) to a single...

12.2 Release



Oracle Data Guard Multi-Instance Redo Apply Supports Use of Block Change Tracking

The RMAN block change tracking file can now be enabled on an Oracle Active Data Guard standby that is using ...

18c Release

Available with Oracle Active Data Guard



Oracle Data Guard Multi-Instance Redo Apply Works with the In-Memory Column Store

Availability → Data Guard

The In-Memory Column Store and Data Guard Multi-Instance Redo Apply can now be enabled at the same time ...

19c Release

Available with Oracle Database In-Memory



row(s) 1 - 3 of 3

DryRun validation of Clusterware upgrade



Oracle GI installation wizard, *gridsetup.sh* now enables you to perform a dry-run mode upgrade to check system's readiness for upgrade.



In dry-run upgrade mode, the wizard performs all readiness checks that it performs in an actual upgrade, allowing you to verify if the system is ready for upgrade.



To perform Oracle GI dry-run upgrade:

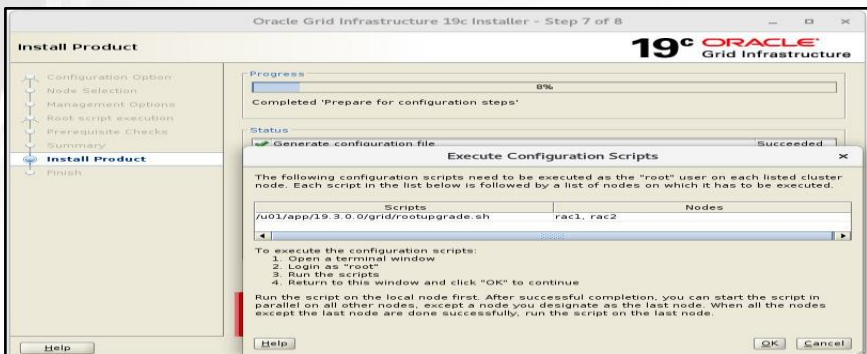
- Create a new Grid Home with the necessary user group permissions.
- Extract the Oracle GI 19c gold image
- Start the installer with **–DryRunForUpgrade**
- ./gridSetup.sh –applyRU /u01/software/32895426 -dryRunForUpgrade***



DryRun validation of Clusterware upgrade



Check the `gridSetupActions<timestamp>.log` file for errors and fix errors reported in the log file.



`[root@rac1 install]# sh /u01/app/19.3.0.0/grid/rootupgrade.sh`

```
[root@rac1 install]# /u01/app/19.3.0.0/grid/rootupgrade.sh
Performing root user operation.

The following environment variables are set as:
ORACLE_OWNER= oracle
ORACLE_HOME= /u01/app/19.3.0.0/grid

Enter the full pathname of the local bin directory: [/usr/local/bin]:
The contents of "dbhome" have not changed. No need to overwrite.
The file "oraenv" already exists in /usr/local/bin. Overwrite it? (y/n)
[n]:
The file "coraenv" already exists in /usr/local/bin. Overwrite it? (y/n)
[n]:
Entries will be added to the /etc/oratab file as needed by
Database Configuration Assistant when a database is created
Finished running generic part of root script.
Now product-specific root actions will be performed.
Relinking oracle with rac_on option
Performing Dry run of the Grid Infrastructure upgrade.
Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.3.0.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params
The log of current session can be found at:
/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1/crsconfig/rootcrs_rac1_2021-10-25_01-31-27PM.log
2021/10/25 13:31:34 CLSRSC-464: Starting retrieval of the cluster configuration data
2021/10/25 13:31:37 CLSRSC-729: Checking whether CRS entities are ready for upgrade,
2021/10/25 13:33:48 CLSRSC-693: CRS entities validation completed successfully.
[root@rac1 install]#
```



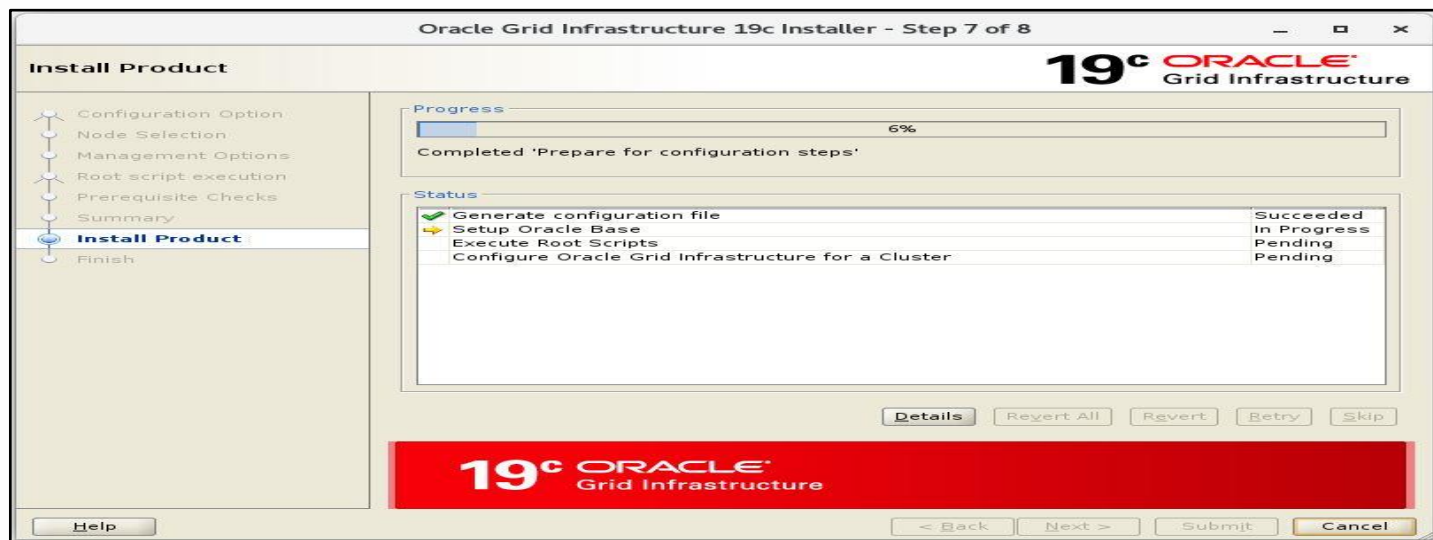
cluster upgrade will not be attempted now. This operation may take a few minutes.

DryRun validation of Clusterware upgrade

- ❖ Use dry-run upgrade mode of Oracle GI installation, gridSetup.sh, to configure the Grid Home and copy the binaries to the rest of the nodes.
- ❖ This step will take some time to complete, by doing it at this point, we are reducing the downtime required during the actual Grid Infrastructure Upgrade.
- ❖ Actual upgrade it will skip GI software copy to the other cluster nodes.

Execute Dry-Run Mode in Interactive Mode

Execute Dry-Run Mode in Silent Mode





Oracle 19c GI (19.6.0) running on Oracle Linux 8.0 **with no ACFS/AFD configured.**

- Existing GI Home: /u01/app/19.3.0/grid with applied Oracle 19c (19.6.0) RU
- Existing RDBMS Home: /u01/app/oracle/product/19.3.0/db_1 with applied Oracle 19c (19.6.0) RU



Install Oracle 19c GI (19.7.0) and apply Oracle 19c (19.7.0) RU in a separate GI Home

- New GI Home: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid
- ./gridSetup.sh -applyPSU /home/oracle/30899722
- Chose the option "Install Software only" and select all the nodes.

Zero-Downtime Oracle Grid Infrastructure Patching (ZDOGIP) (Doc ID 2635015.1)



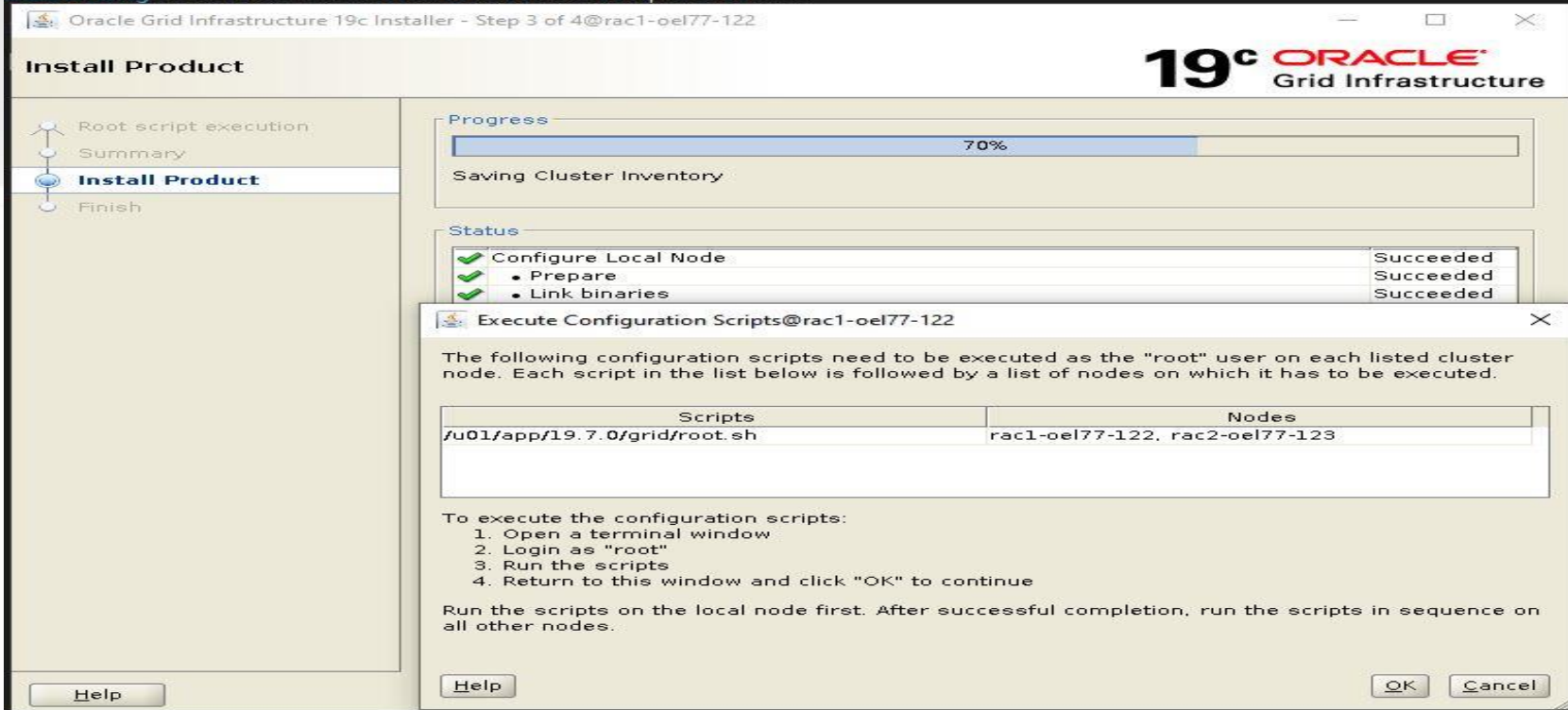
Switching the Grid Infrastructure Home

- Run the gridSetup.sh from the target home
- /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/gridSetup.sh -SwitchGridhome
- Execute the following script in all cluster nodes
- /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/root.sh **-transparent -nodriverupdate**



Finally Oracle GI will be Oracle 19c (19.7.0) and Oracle RDBMS will be Oracle 19c (19.6.0)

```
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ export CV_ASSUME_DISTID=OEL7.6
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ grid_env
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ cd /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 grid]$ ./gridSetup.sh -SwitchGridhome
Launching Oracle Grid Infrastructure Setup Wizard...
```



19c ORACLE® Grid Infrastructure

Install Product

Progress: 70%
Saving Cluster Inventory

Status:

- ✓ Configure Local Node
 - Prepare Succeeded
 - Link binaries Succeeded

Execute Configuration Scripts@rac1-oel77-122

The following configuration scripts need to be executed as the "root" user on each listed cluster node. Each script in the list below is followed by a list of nodes on which it has to be executed.

Scripts	Nodes
/u01/app/19.7.0/grid/root.sh	rac1-oel77-122, rac2-oel77-123

To execute the configuration scripts:

1. Open a terminal window
2. Login as "root"
3. Run the scripts
4. Return to this window and click "OK" to continue

Run the scripts on the local node first. After successful completion, run the scripts in sequence on all other nodes.

Buttons: Help, OK, Cancel

This script has to execute from target home only in one node


```
[root@rac1-oel77-122 ~]# /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/root.sh -transparent -nodriverupdate
Performing root user operation.
```

The following environment variables are set as:

```
ORACLE_OWNER= oracle
ORACLE_HOME= /u01/app/19.7.0/grid
```

Enter the full pathname of the local bin directory: [/usr/local/bin]:

The contents of "dbhome" have not changed. No need to overwrite.
The contents of "oraenv" have not changed. No need to overwrite.
The contents of "coraenv" have not changed. No need to overwrite.

Entries will be added to the /etc/oratab file as needed by
Database Configuration Assistant when a database is created.
Finished running generic part of root script.

Now product-specific root actions will be performed.

Relinking oracle with rac_on option

LD_LIBRARY_PATH='/u01/app/19.3.0/grid/lib:/u01/app/19.7.0/grid/lib:'

Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params

The log of current session can be found at:

/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1-oel77-122/crsconfig/rootcrs_rac1-oel77-122_2020-08-01_12-06-52AM.log

Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params

The log of current session can be found at:

/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1-oel77-122/crsconfig/rootcrs_rac1-oel77-122_2020-08-01_12-06-52AM.log

Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params

The log of current session can be found at:

/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1-oel77-122/crsconfig/crs_prepatch_rac1-oel77-122_2020-08-01_12-06-53AM.log

Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params

The log of current session can be found at:

/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1-oel77-122/crsconfig/crs_prepatch_rac1-oel77-122_2020-08-01_12-06-53AM.log

2020/08/01 12:07:10 CLSRSC-347: Successfully unlock /u01/app/19.7.0/grid

2020/08/01 12:07:12 CLSRSC-671: Pre-patch steps for patching GI home successfully completed.

Using configuration parameter file: /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/crs/install/crsconfig_params

The log of current session can be found at:

/u01/app/oracle/crsdata/rac1-oel77-122/crsconfig/crs_postpatch_rac1-oel77-122_2020-08-01_12-07-12AM.log

Oracle Clusterware active version on the cluster is [19.0.0.0.0]. The cluster upgrade state is [NORMAL]. The cluster active patch level is [2701864972].

2020/08/01 12:07:32 CLSRSC-329: Replacing Clusterware entries in file 'oracle-ohasd.dummy.service'

2020/08/01 12:12:07 CLSRSC-329: Replacing Clusterware entries in file 'oracle-ohasd.service'

Oracle Clusterware active version on the cluster is [19.0.0.0.0]. The cluster upgrade state is [ROLLING PATCH]. The cluster active patch level is [2701864972].

2020/08/01 12:13:14 CLSRSC-4015: Performing install or upgrade action for Oracle Trace File Analyzer (TFA) Collector.

2020/08/01 12:13:15 CLSRSC-672: Post-patch steps for patching GI home successfully completed.

[root@rac1-oel77-122 ~]# 2020/08/01 12:14:59 CLSRSC-4003: Successfully patched Oracle Trace File Analyzer (TFA) Collector.

[root@rac1-oel77-122 ~]#

This feature is recommended for the configurations that do *not* have (ACFS/AFD/OKA/OLFS).

This script
execute in
all the
cluster
nodes
with
specified
options

```
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 12184 1 0 Jul31 ? 00:00:01 asm_pmon_+ASM1
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:01 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 24823 10982 0 12:11 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 26086 10982 0 12:12 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 26150 10982 0 12:12 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 26272 10982 0 12:12 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 26872 10982 0 12:12 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 27189 10982 0 12:12 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$ ps -ef | grep pmon
oracle 15010 1 0 01:25 ? 00:00:02 ora_pmon_orclpdb1
oracle 27241 1 0 12:12 ? 00:00:00 asm_pmon_+ASM1
oracle 28643 10982 0 12:13 pts/2 00:00:00 grep --color=auto pmon
[oracle@rac1-oel77-122 ~]$
```

<https://yvrk1973.blogspot.com/2020/08/oracle-19c-1960-zero-downtime-oracle.html>

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ cd $ORACLE_HOME/OPatch
[oracle@19c-rac1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lspatches
30655595;TOMCAT RELEASE UPDATE 19.0.0.0 (30655595)
30557433;Database Release Update : 19.6.0.0.200114 (30557433)
30489632;ACFS RELEASE UPDATE 19.6.0.0.0 (30489632)
30489227;OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.6.0.0.0 (30489227)|
OPatch succeeded.
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ export ORACLE_HOME=/u01/app/19.7.0/grid
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ cd /u01/app/19.7.0/grid/OPatch/
[oracle@19c-rac1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lspatches
30898856;TOMCAT RELEASE UPDATE 19.0.0.0 (30898856)
30894985;OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.7.0.0.0 (30894985)
30869304;ACFS RELEASE UPDATE 19.7.0.0.0 (30869304)
30869156;Database Release Update : 19.7.0.0.200414 (30869156)
OPatch succeeded.
[oracle@19c-rac1 OPatch]$
```




The information below lists additional patches(includes both rolling and non-rolling) recommended to be installed on top of each RU.

NOTE: Latest five RUs.

- ❖ 19.17 GI RU - Patch 34416665 (for Grid Infrastructure), 19.17 DB RU - Patch 34419443 (for DB Home)
- ❖ 19.16 GI RU - Patch 34130714 (for Grid Infrastructure), 19.16 DB RU - Patch 34133642 (for DB Home)
- ❖ 19.15 GI RU - Patch 33803476 (for Grid Infrastructure), 19.15 DB RU - Patch 33806152 (for DB Home)
- ❖ 19.14 GI RU - Patch 33509923 (for Grid Infrastructure), 19.14 DB RU - Patch 33515361 (for DB Home)
- ❖ 19.13 GI RU - Patch 33182768 (for Grid Infrastructure), 19.13 DB RU - Patch 33192793 (for DB Home)

Oracle Database 19c Important Recommended One-off Patches (Doc ID 555.1)

- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.17 DB Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.17 GI Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.16 DB Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.16 GI Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.15 DB Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.15 GI Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.14 DB Home
- ❖ Recommended Patches for 19.14 GI Home

Data Pump Recommended Proactive Patches (DPBPs)

- ❖ The Data Pump Bundled Patch (DPBP) can be installed while the database is running, provided that Data Pump or the DBMS_METADATA procedures are not currently in use. It is a Non-Binary Online Patch, but it is not a RAC Rolling Patch.

Version	Patch Number (click to download)	Link To Table of Bug Fixes Contained in Each Patch	Windows Patch Available?	Number of Bugs Fixed	Comments
19.17.0	34734035*		No**		Work in progress
19.16.1 RUR	34689686*	Table 2	No	49	Work in progress
19.16.0	34620690	Table 2	Yes	49	
19.15.2 RUR	34689589*	Table 3	No	38	Work in progress
19.15.1 RUR	34689563	Table 3	No	38	
19.15.0	34547013	Table 3	Yes	38	
19.14.2 RUR	34615568	Table 4	No	33	
19.14.1 RUR	33735435	Table 4	No	33	
19.14.0	34423086	Table 4	Yes	33	Replaces 33976098 (see Alert 2871027.1)
19.13.0	33552032	Table 5	Yes	25	
19.12.0	32950539	Table 7	No	6	
19.11.0	32583144	Table 8	No	6	

Data Pump Recommended Proactive Patches For 19.10 and Above (Doc ID 2819284.1)

■ Oracle Database 19c

- Database Release Update 19.17.0.0.221018 [Patch 34419443](#) for UNIX
 - [README](#)
 - List of fixes: [MOS Note: 2523220.1](#)
 - Contents: 654 fixes on top of 19.16.0
- OJVM Release Update 19.17.0.0.221018 [Patch 34411846](#) for all platforms
 - [README](#)
 - Contents: 7 fixes on top of OJVM 19.16.0
- Data Pump Bundle Patch 19.17.0 [Patch 34734035](#) for all platforms
 - [README](#)
 - Contents: 75 fixes

File Download

Click each file name to download the selected files.
 Tip: Use a Download Manager [Learn More...](#)

☐ Include Prerequisites

MERGE ON DATABASE RU 19.17.0.0.0 OF 34650250 34660465 24338134 25143018 26565187 (Patch)
p34734035_19170000DBRU_Generic.zip 2.0 MB

Total 1 File (1 Patch)

About 2+ seconds (at 1024 KB/sec)
 2.0 MB

Note: A Single patch or product bundle can contain multiple files.

Monthly Recommended Patches (MRPs)

- ❖ Customer get access to recommended, well-tested, one-off patches without having to request a patch bundle after the release of an RU.
- ❖ MRPs replace Release Update Revisions (RURs).
- ❖ MRPs are available on Linux only.
- ❖ MRP1 for Oracle 19c (19.17) ships in Nov 2022.
- ❖ *Reducing the number of one-off patches*

2022

| 2023

Introducing Monthly Recommended Patches (MRPs) and FAQ (Doc ID 2898740.1)

19.17.0	19.17.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6												
19.18.0				19.18.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6									
19.19.0							19.19.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6						
19.20.0								19.20.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4							
19.21.0														19.21.0	MRP1				

Monthly Recommended Patches (MRPs)

File Download

Click each file name to download the selected files.
Tip: Use a Download Manager Learn More...

☐ Include Prerequisites

DATABASE P19.17.0.0.221115 (Patch) p34737974_1917000DBRU_Linux.x86-64.zip	126.8 MB
Total 1 File (1 Patch) About 2+ minutes (at 1024 KB/sec)	126.8 MB

Note: A Single patch or product bundle can contain multiple files.

Download File Metadata View Digest Details WGET Options

Primary Database: orclpdb

```
[oracle@prim01 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory | grep -i "Patch Description"
Patch description: "MERGE ON DATABASE RU 19.17.0.0.0 OF 34650250 34660465 24338134 25143018 26565187"
Patch description: "Fix for bug 34724125"
Patch description: "POD EEHO-DEV5 UNABLE TO SWITCHOVER ODS DB"
Patch description: "AFTER GI PATCHING AND DB UPGRADE TO 19.16 SESSIONS ARE CONSUMING TEMPTABLESPACE."
Patch description: "DNFS IO HANG DURING STRESS TEST"
Patch description: "AIM ORA-600 [KTUSCV1 CV BUF TOO BIG] - KTUSCV1"
Patch description: "FLUSH OUT STALE ANTILOCKS AND CONVERT KCLCLS_2 AND KCLANTILOCK_17 TO SOFT ASSERT"
Patch description: "SYD E1POD DBHOME PATCHING COMPLETELY HUNG WITH KPODBHASHTABLE_FIND MULTIPLE INSTANCE HANG"
Patch description: "Database Release Update : 19.17.0.0.221018 (34419443)"
Patch description: "OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.3.0.0.0 (29585399)"
[oracle@prim01 OPatch]$
```

Physical Standby Database-1: orclpdb

```
[oracle@stbyh01 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory | grep -i "Patch Description"
Patch description: "MERGE ON DATABASE RU 19.17.0.0.0 OF 34650250 34660465 24338134 25143018 26565187"
Patch description: "Fix for bug 34724125"
Patch description: "POD EEHO-DEV5 UNABLE TO SWITCHOVER ODS DB"
Patch description: "AFTER GI PATCHING AND DB UPGRADE TO 19.16 SESSIONS ARE CONSUMING TEMPTABLESPACE."
Patch description: "DNFS IO HANG DURING STRESS TEST"
Patch description: "AIM ORA-600 [KTUSCV1 CV BUF TOO BIG] - KTUSCV1"
Patch description: "FLUSH OUT STALE ANTILOCKS AND CONVERT KCLCLS_2 AND KCLANTILOCK_17 TO SOFT ASSERT"
Patch description: "SYD E1POD DBHOME PATCHING COMPLETELY HUNG WITH KPODBHASHTABLE_FIND MULTIPLE INSTANCE HANG"
Patch description: "Database Release Update : 19.17.0.0.221018 (34419443)"
Patch description: "OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.3.0.0.0 (29585399)"
[oracle@stbyh01 OPatch]$
```

Physical Standby Database-2: orclpdb

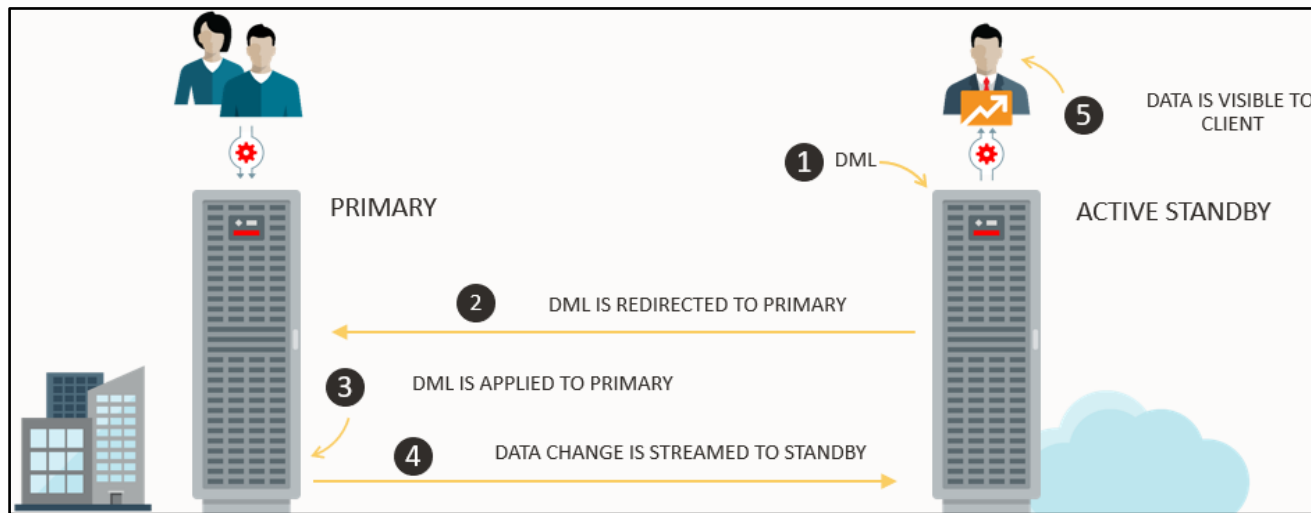
```
[oracle@estbyh01 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory | grep -i "Patch Description"
Patch description: "Fix for bug 34724125"
Patch description: "POD EEHO-DEV5 UNABLE TO SWITCHOVER ODS DB"
Patch description: "AFTER GI PATCHING AND DB UPGRADE TO 19.16 SESSIONS ARE CONSUMING TEMPTABLESPACE."
Patch description: "DNFS IO HANG DURING STRESS TEST"
Patch description: "AIM ORA-600 [KTUSCV1 CV BUF TOO BIG] - KTUSCV1"
Patch description: "FLUSH OUT STALE ANTILOCKS AND CONVERT KCLCLS_2 AND KCLANTILOCK_17 TO SOFT ASSERT"
Patch description: "SYD E1POD DBHOME PATCHING COMPLETELY HUNG WITH KPODBHASHTABLE_FIND MULTIPLE INSTANCE HANG"
Patch description: "Database Release Update : 19.17.0.0.221018 (34419443)"
Patch description: "OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.3.0.0.0 (29585399)"
[oracle@estbyh01 OPatch]$
```

```
[oracle@prim01 OPatch]$ ./opatch lspatches
34734035;MERGE ON DATABASE RU 19.17.0.0.0 OF 34650250 34660465 24338134 25143018 26565187
34724125;Fix for bug 34724125
34574048;POD EEHO-DEV5 UNABLE TO SWITCHOVER ODS DB
34538232;AFTER GI PATCHING AND DB UPGRADE TO 19.16 SESSIONS ARE CONSUMING TEMPTABLESPACE.
34366627;DNFS IO HANG DURING STRESS TEST
34333986;AIM ORA-600 [KTUSCV1 CV BUF TOO BIG] - KTUSCV1
33896423;FLUSH OUT STALE ANTILOCKS AND CONVERT KCLCLS_2 AND KCLANTILOCK_17 TO SOFT ASSERT
30691454;SYD E1POD DBHOME PATCHING COMPLETELY HUNG WITH KPODBHASHTABLE_FIND MULTIPLE INSTANCE HANG
34419443;Database Release Update : 19.17.0.0.221018 (34419443)
29585399;OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.3.0.0.0 (29585399)

OPatch succeeded.
[oracle@prim01 OPatch]$
```

```
34737974/
--- 30691454
--- 33896423
--- 34333986
--- 34366627
--- 34538232
--- 34574048
--- 34724125
```

- ✓ DML Re-direction is automatically performed from an ADG standby to the primary without compromising *Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, and Durability (ACID)*.
- ✓ Incidental Data Manipulation Language (DML) operations can be run on Active Data Guard standby databases. This allows more applications to benefit from using an Active Data Guard standby database when some writes are required.
- ✓ New documented parameter `ADG_REDIRECT_DML` controls DML Redirection.



```
[oracle@oel72 ~]$ sqlplus sys/oracle@cdb1 as sysdba

SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Wed Sep 9 20:12:01 2020
Version 19.3.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0

SQL> show pdbs

  CON_ID CON_NAME              OPEN MODE RESTRICTED
-----
       2 PDB$SEED              READ ONLY NO
       3 PDB1                  READ WRITE NO
       4 PDB2                  READ WRITE NO

SQL>
SQL> show parameter adg_red

NAME                                TYPE          VALUE
-----
adg_redirect_dml                     boolean       TRUE

SQL>
SQL> create table dgtest (no number, name varchar2(20));

Table created.

SQL> insert into dgtest values (1, 'ORACLE');

1 row created.

SQL> commit;

Commit complete.

SQL> select * from dgtest;

  NO NAME
-----
    1 ORACLE
```

```
[oracle@oel72 ~]$ sqlplus sys/oracle@scdb1 as sysdba

SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Wed Sep 9 20:13:32 2020
Version 19.3.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.3.0.0.0

SQL> show pdbs

  CON_ID CON_NAME              OPEN MODE RESTRICTED
-----
       2 PDB$SEED              READ ONLY NO
       3 PDB1                  READ ONLY NO
       4 PDB2                  MOUNTED

SQL> select open_mode, database_role from v$database;

OPEN_MODE          DATABASE_ROLE
-----
READ ONLY WITH APPLY PHYSICAL STANDBY

SQL> select * from dgtest;

  NO NAME
-----
    1 ORACLE
```

- ❖ DML redirection helps in load balancing between the primary and standby databases. When incidental DML is issued on an Active Data Guard standby database, the update is passed to the primary database where it is executed. The resulting redo of the transaction updates the standby database after which control is returned to the application.

```
SQL> select open_mode, database_role from v$database;

OPEN_MODE          DATABASE_ROLE
-----
READ ONLY WITH APPLY PHYSICAL STANDBY

SQL> select * from dgtest;

NO NAME
-----
1 ORACLE

SQL> show parameter adg_re

NAME                                TYPE          VALUE
-----
adg_redirect_dml                    boolean       TRUE
SQL>
SQL> insert into dgtest values (2, 'MYSQL');

1 row created.

SQL> commit;

Commit complete.

SQL> select * from dgtest;

NO NAME
-----
1 ORACLE
2 MYSQL

SQL>
```

```
SQL> select * from dgtest;

NO NAME
-----
1 ORACLE

SQL> select open_mode,database_role from v$database;

OPEN_MODE          DATABASE_ROLE
-----
READ WRITE         PRIMARY

SQL> select * from dgtest;

NO NAME
-----
1 ORACLE
2 MYSQL

SQL> SQL> select open_mode,database_role from v$database;

OPEN_MODE          DATABASE_ROLE
-----
READ WRITE         PRIMARY

SQL> select * from dgtest;

NO NAME
-----
1 ORACLE
2 MYSQL

SQL>
```




- PL/SQL blocks that you run on Active Data Guard Standby databases can be redirected to and run on the primary database.
- The PL/SQL blocks should not contain bind variables.
- To redirect PL/SQL operations that are run on a standby to the primary , configure automatic redirection on the standby database:

SQL> ALTER SESSION ENABLE ADG_REDIRECT_PLSQL;

- You can configure automatic redirection for PL/SQL operations only at the session level.



A Service fails over to an available instance when there are no preferred instances available.



For a dynamic service that is placed using preferred and available settings, you can now specify that the service should fall back to a preferred instance when it becomes available.



This option allows for more control in placing dynamic database services and ensures that a given service is available on a preferred instance as much as possible.

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status database -d orcl
Instance orcl1 is running on node oel70-base1
Instance orcl2 is running on node oel70-base2
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl add service -db orcl -service serv1 -preferred orcl1 -available orcl2 -failback yes
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status service -db orcl -service serv1
Service serv1 is not running.
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl start service -db orcl -service serv1
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status service -db orcl -service serv1
Service serv1 is running on instance(s) orcl1
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status database -d orcl
Instance orcl1 is running on node oel70-base1
Instance orcl2 is running on node oel70-base2
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status service -db orcl -service serv1
Service serv1 is running on instance(s) orcl1
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status service -db orcl -service serv1
Service serv1 is running on instance(s) orcl2
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status database -d orcl
Instance orcl1 is not running on node oel70-base1
Instance orcl2 is running on node oel70-base2
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status database -d orcl
Instance orcl1 is running on node oel70-base1
Instance orcl2 is running on node oel70-base2
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl status service -db orcl -service serv1
Service serv1 is running on instance(s) orcl1
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ _
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ sqlplus / as sysdba
```

```
SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Mon Nov 1 13:29:56 2021
Version 19.12.0.0.0
```

```
Copyright (c) 1982, 2021, Oracle. All rights reserved.
```

```
Connected to:
```

```
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.12.0.0.0
```

```
SQL> shutdown immediate;
```

```
Database closed.
```

```
Database dismounted.
```

```
ORACLE instance shut down.
```

```
SQL> exit
```

```
Disconnected from Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.12.0.0.0
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ . oraenv
```

```
ORACLE_SID = [orcl1] ?
```

```
The Oracle base remains unchanged with value /u01/app/oracle
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ sqlplus / as sysdba
```

```
SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Mon Nov 1 13:31:22 2021
Version 19.12.0.0.0
```

```
Copyright (c) 1982, 2021, Oracle. All rights reserved.
```

```
Connected to an idle instance.
```

```
SQL> startup;
```

```
ORACLE instance started.
```

```
Total System Global Area 3070227072 bytes
```

```
Fixed Size 8901248 bytes
```

```
Variable Size 687865856 bytes
```

```
Database Buffers 2365587456 bytes
```

```
Redo Buffers 7872512 bytes
```

```
Database mounted.
```

```
Database opened.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl config service -d orcl -s serv1 | grep -i fail
Failover type:
Failover method:
Failover retries:
Failover delay:
Failover restore: NONE
Failback : true
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl config service -d orcl -s serv2 | grep -i fail
Failover type:
Failover method:
Failover retries:
Failover delay:
Failover restore: NONE
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```

The fix for
29891936 is
included 21c.

Note: srvctl config
service does not
report state of
failback when it is
"NO".

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl config service -d orcl -s serv2 | grep -i fail
Failover type:
Failover method:
Failover retries:
Failover delay:
Failover restore: NONE
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl modify service -d orcl -s serv2 -failback yes
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ srvctl config service -d orcl -s serv2 | grep -i fail
Failover type:
Failover method:
Failover retries:
Failover delay:
Failover restore: NONE
Failback : true
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```



Parallel redo log apply on Oracle RAC physical standby database.



Multi-Instance Redo Apply (MIRA) starting with Oracle 12cR2 (12.2), MIRA greatly improves scalability of redo apply for Oracle RAC databases



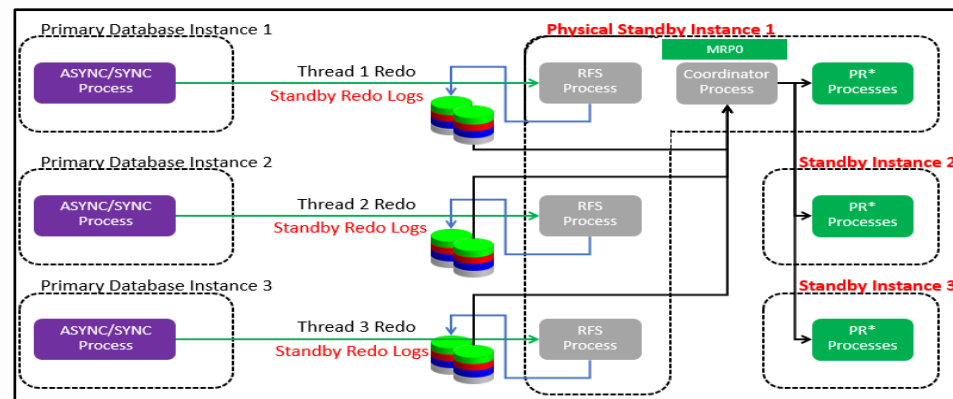
Oracle Database 19c supports the In Memory Column Store (IMCS)



The ApplyInstances property lets you specify how many physical standby instances run Redo Apply.

Activation the number of apply instances is controlled by the Data Guard Broker database property **ApplyInstances** or the following SQL*Plus command

```
SQL> ALTER DATABASE RECOVER MANAGED  
STANDBY DATABASE INSTANCES [ALL|integer];
```



Apply-Related Property Settings:

Property	Value	Value
DelayMins	0	0
ApplyParallel	AUTO	AUTO
ApplyInstances	0	3

Transport-Related Property Settings:

Property	Value	Value
LogXptMode	ASYN	ASYN
Dependency	<empty>	<empty>
DelayMins	0	0
Binding	optional	optional
MaxFailure	0	0
MaxConnections	1	1
ReopenSecs	300	300
NetTimeout	30	30
RedoCompression	DISABLE	DISABLE
LogShipping	ON	ON

Automatic Diagnostic Repository Errors:

Error		
No logging operation	NO	NO
Control file corruptions	NO	NO
SRL Group Unavailable	NO	NO
System data file missing	NO	NO
System data file corrupted	NO	NO
System data file offline	NO	NO
User data file missing	NO	NO
User data file corrupted	NO	NO
User data file offline	NO	NO
Block Corruptions found	NO	NO

<https://www.oracle.com/br/technical-resources/articles/multi-instances-redo-apply.html>

SQL> alter database recover managed standby database disconnect using instances 3;

Database altered.

```
alter database recover managed standby database disconnect using instances 3
Attempt to start background Managed Standby Recovery process (
Starting background process MRP0
MRP0 started with pid=133, OS id=17036
MRP0: Background Managed Standby Recovery process started (
2019-08-08 13:59:42.963000 -04:00
started logmerger process on instance id 1
started logmerger process on instance id 2
started logmerger process on instance id 3
```

```
Reconfiguration started (old inc 106, new inc 108)
```

```
List of instances (total 3) :
```

```
1 2 3
```

```
My inst 1
```

```
Global Resource Directory frozen
```

```
Communication channels reestablished
```

```
Master broadcasted resource hash value bitmaps
```

```
Non-local process blocks cleaned out
```

```
LMS 0: 0 GCS shadows cancelled, 0 closed, 0 Xw survived, skipped 0
```

```
LMS 1: 0 GCS shadows cancelled, 0 closed, 0 Xw survived, skipped 0
```

```
Set master node info
```

```
Submitted all remote-enqueue requests
```

```
Dwn-cvts replayed, VALBLKS dubious
```

```
All grantable enqueues granted
```

```
Submitted all GCS remote-cache requests
```

```
Fix write in gcs resources
```

```
Reconfiguration complete (total time 0.1 secs)
```

```
2019-08-08 13:59:45.100000 -04:00
```

```
started 16 apply slaves on instance id 1
```

```
2019-08-08 13:59:46.707000 -04:00
```

```
started 16 apply slaves on instance id 2
```

```
2019-08-08 13:59:48.316000 -04:00
```

```
started 16 apply slaves on instance id 3
```

```
2019-08-08 13:59:50.832000 -04:00
```

```
Completed: alter database recover managed standby database disconnect using instances 3
```

```
Recovery of Online Redo Log: Thread 1 Group 102 Seq 3259 Reading mem 0
```

```
Mem# 0: +RMAN_FRA/RCAT_DR/ONLINELOG/group_102.367.995365333
```

```
2019-08-08 14:00:10.449000 -04:00
```

DGMGRL> edit database "RCVCAT_DR" set property
'ApplyInstances'='3';

Property "ApplyInstances" updated



Restore points that are created on a primary database are automatically replicated to the physical standby database.



The Restore points created on the physical standby database are called *replicated restore points*.



Oracle database automatically replicates restore points from a primary database to the physical standby database when the following conditions are met:

- The *compatible* parameter should be set to 19.0.0 or higher.
- The primary database is open.

```
SQL> select open_mode,database_role from gv$database;
```

OPEN_MODE	DATABASE_ROLE
READ WRITE	PRIMARY
READ WRITE	PRIMARY

```
SQL> show parameter compatible
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
compatible	string	19.0.0
noncdb_compatible	boolean	FALSE

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> select open_mode,database_role from gv$database;
```

OPEN_MODE	DATABASE_ROLE
READ ONLY WITH APPLY	PHYSICAL STANDBY
READ ONLY WITH APPLY	PHYSICAL STANDBY

```
SQL> show parameter compatible
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
compatible	string	19.0.0
noncdb_compatible	boolean	FALSE

```
SQL>
```




The naming convention for a replicated restore point uses the name of the restore point on the physical standby database suffixed with `_PRIMARY`



The MRP manages the creation and maintenance of replicated restore points.

```
SQL> create restore point grp_test guarantee flashback database;
Restore point created.

SQL> select SCN, GUARANTEE_FLASHBACK_DATABASE, TIME, NAME, REPLICATED from gv$restore_point;

   SCN GUARANTEE_ TIME                                NAME          REPLICATED
-----
3422905 YES          28-OCT-21 01.45.16.000000000 PM GRP_TEST      NO
3422905 YES          28-OCT-21 01.45.16.000000000 PM GRP_TEST      NO

SQL> select SCN, GUARANTEE_FLASHBACK_DATABASE, TIME, NAME, REPLICATED from v$restore_point;

   SCN GUARANTEE_ TIME                                NAME          REPLICATED
-----
3422905 YES          28-OCT-21 01.45.16.000000000 PM GRP_TEST      NO

SQL> █
```

```
SQL> select SCN, GUARANTEE_FLASHBACK_DATABASE, TIME, NAME, REPLICATED from v$restore_point;

   SCN GUARANTEE_ TIME                                NAME          REPLICATED
-----
3422905 NO          28-OCT-21 01.45.16.000000000 PM GRP_TEST_PRIMARY YES

SQL> █
```

```
DGMGRL> export configuration to 'dgconfig.xml';
Succeeded.
DGMGRL> !
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ ls -lrt /u01/app/oracle/diag/rdbms/orcl/orcl1/trace/dgconfig.xml
-rw-r--r--. 1 oracle asmadmin 6825 Nov  1 14:49 /u01/app/oracle/diag/rdbms/orcl/orcl1/trace/dgconfig.xml
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$
```

Export and Import
the Broker
Metadata File
without any issues

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration - dg_19c

Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
Members:
  orcl - Primary database
  orcls - Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: Disabled

Configuration Status:
SUCCESS (status updated 48 seconds ago)

DGMGRL> remove configuration;
Removed configuration
DGMGRL> exit
[oracle@oel70-base1 ~]$ dgmgrl
DGMGRL for Linux: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Mon Nov 1 15:14:42 2021
Version 19.12.0.0.0

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Welcome to DGMGRL, type "help" for information.
DGMGRL> connect / as sysdg
Connected to "orcl"
Connected as SYSDBG.
DGMGRL> import configuration from 'dgconfig.xml';
Succeeded. Run ENABLE CONFIGURATION to enable the imported configuration.
DGMGRL> enable configuration;
Enabled.
DGMGRL>
DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration - dg_19c

Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
Members:
  orcl - Primary database
  orcls - Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: Disabled

Configuration Status:
SUCCESS (status updated 0 seconds ago)
```

- ❖ To run an observer as a background process, use the DGMGRL command START OBSERVER IN BACKGROUND.

```
DGMGRL> start observer orcldbcfg_obs in BACKGROUND file is '/u01/orcldbcfg_obs.dat' logfile is '/u01/orcldbcfg_obs.log' connect identifier is orcldb;  
Connected to "orcldb"  
Submitted command "START OBSERVER" using connect identifier "orcldb"  
DGMGRL> DGMGRL for Linux: Release 19.0.0.0 - Production on Tue Nov 15 20:21:57 2022  
Version 19.17.0.0.0  
  
Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.  
  
Welcome to DGMGRL, type "help" for information.  
Connected to "orcldb"  
Connected as SYSDBA.  
Succeeded in opening the observer file "/u01/orcldbcfg_obs.dat".  
[W000 2022-11-15T20:21:58.540-06:00] FSFO target standby is orcldbp  
Observer 'orcldbcfg_obs' started  
The observer log file is '/u01/orcldbcfg_obs.log'.
```

```
DGMGRL> show observer;  
  
Configuration - orcldbcfg  
  
Primary:                orcldb  
Active Target:          orcldbp  
  
Observer "orcldbcfg_obs" - Master  
  
Host Name:                prim01.localdomain  
Last Ping to Primary:     1 second ago  
Last Ping to Target:      0 seconds ago  
  
DGMGRL> █
```

- ❖ To run an observer as a background process, use the DGMGRL command START OBSERVER IN BACKGROUND.

```
SQL> select * from V$FS_FAILOVER_OBSERVERS;
```

NAME	REGI	HOST	ISMASTER	TIME_SELECTED	PINGI	PINGI	CON_ID
orcldbcfg_obs	YES	prim01.localdomain	YES		YES	YES	0
	NO		NO	01-JAN-90 12.00.00.000000000 AM	NO	NO	0
	NO		NO	01-JAN-90 12.00.00.000000000 AM	NO	NO	0

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;
```

Configuration - orcldbcfg

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Members:

orclbdb - Primary database

orcldbp - (*) Physical standby database

orclpbs - Physical standby database (receiving current redo)

Fast-Start Failover: Enabled in Zero Data Loss Mode

Configuration Status:

SUCCESS (status updated 59 seconds ago)

```
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL> show configuration lag;
```

Configuration - orcldbcfg

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Members:

orclbdb - Primary database

orcldbp - (*) Physical standby database

Transport Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)

Apply Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)

orclpbs - Physical standby database (receiving current redo)

Transport Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)

Apply Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)

Fast-Start Failover: Enabled in Zero Data Loss Mode

Configuration Status:

SUCCESS (status updated 28 seconds ago)

```
DGMGRL>
```



The observe-only mode for fast-start failover enables you to test how fast-start failover will work in your environment.

- Observe-only mode has no impact on your current configuration or on applications.
- In this mode, no actual changes are made to your broker configuration.

```
DGMGRL> enable fast_start failover observe only;  
Enabled in Observe-Only Mode.  
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL> show configuration lag;  
  
Configuration - dg_19c  
  
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance  
Members:  
  orcl - Primary database  
  orcls - (*) Physical standby database  
    Transport Lag:      0 seconds (computed 1 second ago)  
    Apply Lag:          0 seconds (computed 1 second ago)  
  
Fast-Start Failover: Enabled in Observe-Only Mode  
  
Configuration Status:  
SUCCESS (status updated 12 seconds ago)
```

```
DGMGRL> start observer;  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:12.680-05:00] FSFO target standby is orcls  
Observer 'oel70-base1' started  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:13.191-05:00] Observer trace level is set to USER  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:13.191-05:00] Try to connect to the primary.  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:13.191-05:00] Try to connect to the primary orcl.  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:13.221-05:00] The standby orcls is ready to be a FSFO target  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:14.222-05:00] Connection to the primary restored!  
[W000 2022-10-05T07:40:16.223-05:00] Disconnecting from database orcl.
```

```
DGMGRL> show configuration;  
  
Configuration - dg_19c  
  
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance  
Members:  
  orcl - Primary database  
  orcls - Physical standby database  
  
Fast-Start Failover: Disabled  
  
Configuration Status:  
SUCCESS (status updated 10 seconds ago)  
  
DGMGRL> exit
```



New commands are available to *set, modify, and display* the value of initialization parameters.

- EDIT DATABASE PARAMETER
- EDIT DATABASE RESET PARAMETER
- EDIT FAR_SYNC REST PARAMETER
- EDIT RECOVERY_APPLIANCE PARAMETER
- EDIT RECOVERY_APPLIANCE RESET PARAMETER
- SET TRACE_LEVEL

```
SQL> show parameter log_archive_trace
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
log_archive_trace	integer	0

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> show parameter log_archive_trace
```

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
log_archive_trace	integer	1

```
SQL>
```

```
DGMGRL> show configuration lag;
```

```
Configuration - dg_19c
```

```
Protection Mode: MaxPerformance
```

```
Members:
```

```
orcl - Primary database
```

```
orcls - (*) Physical standby database
```

```
Transport Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)
```

```
Apply Lag: 0 seconds (computed 0 seconds ago)
```

```
Fast-Start Failover: Enabled in Observe-Only Mode
```

```
Configuration Status:
```

```
SUCCESS (status updated 60 seconds ago)
```

```
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL>
```

```
DGMGRL> edit database 'orcl' set parameter log_archive_trace = 1 'scope=both';
```

```
Parameter "log_archive_trace" updated
```

```
DGMGRL>
```



Standby Nologging for Load Performance

- Ensures that standbys will receive the nonlogged data changes with minimum impact to the speed of loading at the primary.
- The standby can transiently have nonlogged blocks.
- These nonlogged blocks will be automatically resolved by managed standby recovery.



Standby Nologging for Data availability

- Ensures that all standbys have the data when the primary load commits, but at the cost of throttling the speed of loading data at the primary.
- The standbys will never have any nonlogged blocks.

Note: You Cannot use Multi-Instance Redo Apply (MIRA) when *Standby Nologging for Data availability (OR) Standby Nologging for Load Performance* are enabled on the primary.

```
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.4.0.0.0
```

```
SQL> select open_mode,database_role from gv$database;
```

OPEN_MODE	DATABASE_ROLE
READ WRITE	PRIMARY
READ WRITE	PRIMARY

```
SQL> select force_logging from gv$database;
```

FORCE_LOGGING
YES
YES

```
SQL> alter database no force logging;
```

```
Database altered.
```

```
SQL>
SQL> select force_logging from gv$database;
```

FORCE_LOGGING
NO
NO

```
SQL>
SQL> alter database set standby nologging for data availability;
```

```
Database altered.
```

```
SQL> create table dgtest_nolog (no number, name varchar2(10)) nologging;
```

```
Table created.
```

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> insert into dgtest_nolog values (1,'ORACLE');
```

```
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> commit;
```

```
Commit complete.
```

```
SQL> █
```

```
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.4.0.0.0
```

```
SQL> select open_mode,database_role from gv$database;
```

OPEN_MODE	DATABASE_ROLE
READ ONLY WITH APPLY PHYSICAL STANDBY	
READ ONLY WITH APPLY PHYSICAL STANDBY	

```
SQL>
```

```
SQL> select * from dgtest_nolog;
```

NO	NAME
1	ORACLE

```
SQL> █
```




A physical standby database that is in a mounted state can automatically follow the primary database after a RESETLOGS operation on the primary database.



When flashback or point-in-time recovery is performed either on a primary database or a PDB in the primary database.

- The primary database or PDB is moved to previous point in time.
- The primary database is then opened with the RESETLOGS option.

- <https://yvrk1973.blogspot.com/2021/10/oracle-19c-automatic-flashback-of.html>



For the physical standby database to automatically follow the primary, the MRP:

- Detects the new incarnation
- Flashes back the standby or the PDB on the standby to the same point in time as that of the primary or the PDB on the primary
- Restarts the standby recovery and moves the standby to the new branch of redo

Note: Oracle 19c (19.10) and later

✓ Oracle RAC sizes its internal data structures to accommodate hundreds of PDBs in the same Container Database (CDB) instance.

✓ Container Database running smaller number of PDBs need to consider the following best practices in order to ensure good performance and availability.

✓ Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC) CDBs where the number of actual PDB's is lower than the **TARGET_PDBS** parameter setting can inadvertently be subject to a negative performance.

Versions
18.1 to
19.7

✓ Set the parameter **TARGET_PDBS** to the number of PDBs that are planned to be running in the CDB. Please do not add seed and root in this count.

```
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.12.0.0.0

SQL> show pdbs

  CON_ID CON_NAME              OPEN MODE RESTRICTED
-----
      2 PDB$SEED              READ ONLY NO
      3 PDB1                  READ WRITE NO
      4 PDB2                  READ WRITE NO

SQL> show parameter target_pdb

NAME                TYPE        VALUE
-----
target_pdb          integer     5

SQL>
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory | grep 30592555
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory | grep 29351044
      29350762, 29350868, 29351044, 29351386, 29351662, 29351716, 29351735
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lspatches
32904851;Database Release Update : 19.12.0.0.210720 (32904851)
29585399;OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.3.0.0.0 (29585399)

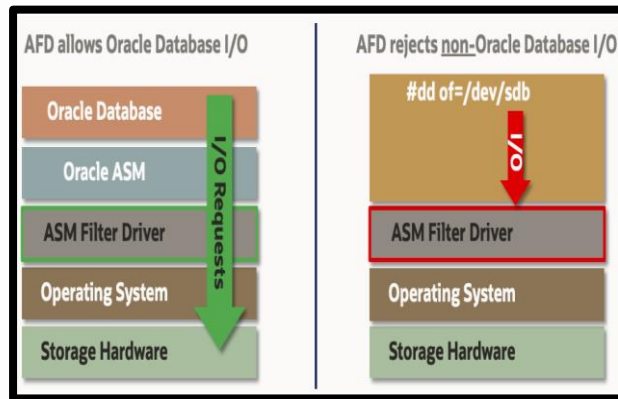
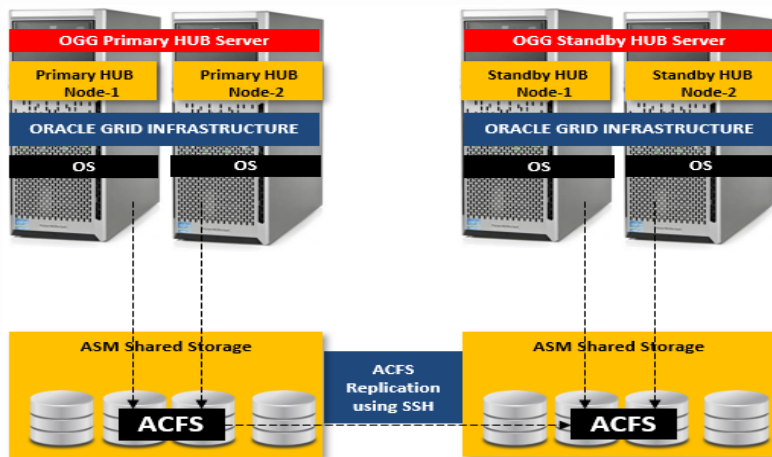
OPatch succeeded.
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$
```

ASM Filter Driver (ASMFD) for Device Management



OS Kernel Driver

- Reject non-Oracle I/O
- Stops OS utilities from overwriting ASM disks
- Protects database files
- Configure during installation
- Reduce OS resource usage
- Fewer open file descriptors
- Faster node recovery



Replacement for ASMLib



Oracle ACFS and AFD 19c supported platforms.

ACFS and AFD 19c Supported Platforms					
Vendor	Version	Update/Kernel	Architecture	ACFS Bug or RU/RUR	AFD Bug or RU/RUR
Oracle Linux – RedHat Compatible Kernel	7	Update 5 3.10.0-862	X86_64	Base	Base
Oracle Linux – RedHat Compatible Kernel	7	Update 6 3.10.0-957 and later 3.10.0 Red Hat Compatible kernels	X86_64	19.5.191015 (Base Bug 29963428)	19.5.191015 (Base Bug 29963428)
Oracle Linux - RedHat Compatible Kernel	8	GA, U1, U2, U3 Updates, 4.18.0-32 through 4.18.0-240 RedHat Compatible Kernels	X86_64	19.12.210720 (Base Bug 29557768, 31019017, 31480077, 31838226, 32408255)	19.12.210720 (Base Bug 29557768, 31019017, 31480077, 31838226, 32408255)
Always check ACFS Support On OS Platforms (Certification Matrix). (Doc ID 1369107.1)					
Oracle Linux - RedHat Compatible Kernel		Compatible Kernels			19.14.220118 (Base Bug 32848142)
Oracle Linux - RedHat Compatible Kernel	8	U5 Update 4.18.0-348 and later RedHat Kernels	X86_64	19.15.0.0.220419ACFSRU (Base Bug 33535435)	19.15.220419ACFSRU (Base Bug 33535435)
Oracle Linux - Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel	7	All Updates, 4.1.12-112.16.4 and later UEK 4.1.12 kernels	X86_64	Base	Base
Oracle Linux - Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel	7	All Updates, 4.14.35-1902 and later UEK 4.14.35 kernels	X86_64	19.4.190716 (Base Bug 27494830)	19.4.190716 (Base Bug 27494830)
Oracle Linux - Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel	7	All Updates, 5.4.17-2011 and later UEK 5.4.17 kernels, except 5.4.17-2136.300 through 5.4.17-2136.301.1.4	X86_64	19.10.210119 (Base Bug 30590023)	19.10.210119 (Base Bug 30590023)
Oracle Linux - Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel	8	All Updates, 5.4.17-2011 and later UEK 5.4.17 kernels, except 5.4.17-2136.300 through 5.4.17-2136.301.1.4	X86_64	19.10.210119 (Base Bug 30590023)	19.10.210119 (Base Bug 30590023)

- ✓ Oracle ACFS, as part of Oracle Grid Infrastructure, is integrated with Oracle ASM, Oracle ADVM and Oracle Clusterware.
 - ✓ Oracle Golden Gate deployments stored on ACFS with continuous snapshot replication.
 - ✓ Starting with Oracle ACFS 12c R1, ACFS can be used to store Oracle Database files
- Oracle ACFS offers support for multiple Operating Systems such as Oracle Linux, Redhat, Novell SLES, Solaris and IBM AIX.**
- ✓ Acfsutil repl commands can be run as non-root user (19c)
 - ✓ The combination of RAC, Data Guard and ACFS Replication provides comprehensive site and Disaster Recovery policies for *all files inside and outside* of the database.

```
» acfsutil repl complete  
» acfsutil repl info (except with -c -u options)  
» acfsutil repl init  
» acfsutil repl pause  
» acfsutil repl resume  
» acfsutil repl reverse  
» acfsutil repl sync  
» acfsutil repl terminate  
» acfsutil repl trace  
» acfsutil repl update  
» acfsutil repl upgrade
```

- **Oracle 19c GI (19.9) with ASMFD**
- **Oracle Linux 7.8**
- **Kernel 4.1.12**

```
[oracle@rac1-19c ~]$ sqlplus / as sysasm
```

```
SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Mon Nov 9 15:14:44 2020
Version 19.9.0.0.0
```

```
Copyright (c) 1982, 2020, Oracle. All rights reserved.
```

```
Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.9.0.0.0
```

```
SQL> col name for a20
col path for a18
col library for a60
set lines 160
SQL> SQL> SQL> SQL>
SQL> select name, path, library from v$asm_disk where group_number <> 0;
```

NAME	PATH	LIBRARY
ACFSDG02	AFD:ACFSDG02	AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)
ACFSDG01	AFD:ACFSDG01	AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)
DATADG01	AFD:DATADG01	AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)
DATADG02	AFD:DATADG02	AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)

```
SQL> █
```

```
[root@rac1-19c ~]# . oraenv
ORACLE_SID = [+ASM1] ?
The Oracle base remains unchanged with value /u01/app/oracle
[root@rac1-19c ~]# export ORACLE_BASE=/u01/app/oracle
[root@rac1-19c ~]# export ORACLE_HOME=/u01/app/19.3.0/grid
[root@rac1-19c ~]# cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./afddriverstate supported
AFD-9200: Supported
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./asmcmd afd_state
ASMCMD-9526: The AFD state is 'LOADED' and filtering is 'ENABLED' on host 'rac1-19c.localdomain'
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# lsmod | grep acfs
oracleacfs 5607424 0
oracleoks 724992 2 oracleacfs,oracleadv
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# lsmod|grep oracle
oracleafd 217088 1
oracleacfs 5607424 0
oracleadv 1241088 0
oracleoks 724992 2 oracleacfs,oracleadv
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./acfsdriverstate -orahome /u01/app/19.3.0/grid installed
ACFS-9203: true
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./acfsdriverstate -orahome /u01/app/19.3.0/grid loaded
ACFS-9203: true
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./acfsdriverstate -orahome /u01/app/19.3.0/grid supported
ACFS-9200: Supported
[root@rac1-19c bin]# ./acfsdriverstate -orahome /u01/app/19.3.0/grid version
ACFS-9325: Driver OS kernel version = 4.1.12-112.16.4.el7uek.x86_64.
ACFS-9326: Driver build number = 190222.
ACFS-9212: Driver build version = 19.0.0.0.0 (19.3.0.0.0).
ACFS-9547: Driver available build number = 190222.
ACFS-9548: Driver available build version = 19.0.0.0.0 (19.3.0.0.0).
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# uname -r
4.1.12-124.41.5.el7uek.x86_64
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# uname -a
Linux rac1-19c.localdomain 4.1.12-124.41.5.el7uek.x86_64 #2 SMP Fri Aug 28 09:37:38 PDT 2020 x86_64
[root@rac1-19c bin]#
[root@rac1-19c bin]# cat /etc/os-release
NAME="Oracle Linux Server"
VERSION="7.8"
ID="ol"
```

- **Oracle 19c GI (19.9) with ASMFD Driver**
- **Oracle Linux 8.2**
- **Kernel 5.4.17**

Patch Name	Description	Release
30590023	UEK6 SUPPORT FOR ACFS/AFD (System Patch)	19.8.0.0.0ACFSRU
30590023	UEK6 SUPPORT FOR ACFS/AFD (System Patch)	19.9.0.0.0ACFSRU

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 grid]$ ./gridSetup.sh -apply PSU /home/oracle/31305339/
Preparing the home
Applying the patch /home/oracle/31305339/...
Successfully applied the patch.
The log can be found at: /tmp/GridSetupActions2020-11-12_09-01-20PM/installerPatchActions_2020-11-12_09-01-20PM.log
Launching Oracle Grid Infrastructure Setup Wizard...
The response file for this session can be found at:
/u01/app/19.3.0/grid/install/response/grid_2020-11-12_09-01-20PM.rsp
You can find the log of this install session at:
/tmp/GridSetupActions2020-11-12_09-01-20PM/gridSetupActions2020-11-12_09-01-20PM.log
Moved the install session logs to:
/u01/app/orainventory/logs/GridSetupActions2020-11-12_09-01-20PM
[oracle@19c-rac1 grid]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ afddriverstate installed
AFD-620: AFD is not supported on this operating system version: 'unknown'
AFD-9204: AFD device driver installed status: 'false'
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ afddriverstate loaded
AFD-620: AFD is not supported on this operating system version: 'unknown'
AFD-9206: AFD device driver loaded status: 'false'
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ afddriverstate version
AFD-642: AFD not installed
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ cat /etc/oracle-release
Oracle Linux Server release 8.2
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ uname -r
5.4.17-2036.100.6.1.el8uek.x86_64
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

<https://yvrk1973.blogspot.com/2020/12/oracle-19c-199-with-asmfd-kernel-5417.html>

Primary RAC: Oracle 19c (19.8)

```
[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$ uname -r
5.4.17-2011.1.2.el8uek.x86_64
[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$
[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$ cat /etc/os-release | grep -i pretty
PRETTY_NAME="Oracle Linux Server 8.2"
[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$
[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$ /sbin/acfsutil repl info -c /acfs_vol/
Site:
Primary hostname: oel82-rac1
Primary path: /acfs_vol
Primary status: Running
Background Resources: Active

Standby connect string: oracle@oel82-rac3
Standby path: /acfs_vol
Replication interval: 0 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes, 0 seconds
Sending primary as of: Sun Oct 03 19:13:49 2021
Status: Send Completed
Lag Time: 00:00:00
Retries made: 0
Last send started at: Sun Oct 03 19:13:50 2021
Last send completed at: Sun Oct 03 19:13:59 2021
Elapsed time for last send: 0 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes, 9 seconds
Next send starts at: now
Replicated tags:
Data transfer compression: Off
ssh strict host key checking: On
Debug log level: 3

[oracle@oel82-rac1 ~]$
```

Physical Standby RAC: Oracle 19c (19.8)

```
[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$ uname -r
5.4.17-2011.1.2.el8uek.x86_64
[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$
[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$ cat /etc/os-release | grep -i pretty
PRETTY_NAME="Oracle Linux Server 8.2"
[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$
[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$ /sbin/acfsutil repl info -c /acfs_vol/
Site: Standby
Primary hostname: oel82-rac1
Primary path: /acfs_vol

Standby connect string: oracle@oel82-rac3
Standby path: /acfs_vol
Replication interval: 0 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes, 0 seconds
Last sync time with primary: Sun Oct 03 19:13:49 2021
Receiving primary as of: Sun Oct 03 19:13:49 2021
Last receive started at: Sun Oct 03 19:07:32 2021
Last receive completed at: Sun Oct 03 19:07:36 2021
Elapsed time for last receive: 0 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes, 4 seconds
Data transfer compression: Off
ssh strict host key checking: On
Debug log level: 3

[oracle@oel82-rac3 ~]$
```

```
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ cat /etc/oracle-release
Oracle Linux Server release 8.2
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ uname -r
5.4.17-2036.100.6.1.el8uek.x86_64
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ sqlplus / as sysasm

SQL*Plus: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Fri Dec 18 23:02:01 2020
Version 19.8.0.0.0

Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.8.0.0.0

SQL> select instance_name,instance_number from gv$instance;

INSTANCE_NAME      INSTANCE_NUMBER
-----
+ASM1                1
+ASM2                2
+ASM3                3

SQL> set lines 100 pages 100
SQL> col name for a20
SQL> col path for a18
SQL> col library for a60
SQL> select name, path, library from v$asm_disk where group_number > 0;

NAME                PATH                LIBRARY
-----
OCRVD_0002          /dev/sd11           System
OCRVD_0003          /dev/sdml           System
OCRVD_0000          /dev/sdj1           System
OCRVD_0001          /dev/sdk1           System
ACFSDG01            AFD:ACFSDG01        AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)
ACFSDG02            AFD:ACFSDG02        AFD Library - Generic , version 3 (KABI_V3)

6 rows selected.

SQL> exit
Disconnected from Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production
Version 19.8.0.0.0
[oracle@19c-rac1 ~]$ cd $ORACLE_HOME/bin
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$ ./asmcmd afd_1sdsk
-----
Label                Filtering      Path
-----
ACFSDG01             ENABLED        /dev/sdpl
ACFSDG02             ENABLED        /dev/sdql
[oracle@19c-rac1 bin]$
```

```
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lspatches
32918050;TOMCAT RELEASE UPDATE 19.0.0.0.0 (32918050)
32916816;OCW RELEASE UPDATE 19.12.0.0.0 (32916816)
32915586;ACFS RELEASE UPDATE 19.12.0.0.0 (32915586)
32904851;Database Release Update : 19.12.0.0.210720 (32904851)
32585572;DBWLM RELEASE UPDATE 19.0.0.0.0 (32585572)

OPatch succeeded.
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$ ./opatch lsinventory |grep 30590023
30590023, 30594125, 30594946, 30595240, 30602851, 30645129, 30650828
[oracle@oel70-base1 OPatch]$
```

- Mounting ACFS Standby Filesystems ACFS standby filesystems may be mounted on only one node at a time. As such, ensure that it is not mounted on the second node of the cluster; otherwise, you will receive the following error when attempting to initialize the filesystem for replication.

```
[root@rac-s1 ~]# /sbin/acfsutil repl init standby -u oracle /acfs_vol
```

acfsutil repl init: ACFS-05054: standby replication file system is mounted on more than one cluster node

```
[root@rac-s1 ~]# srvctl config filesystem -d /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269
```

Volume device: /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269

Diskgroup name: acfs

Volume name: acfs_vol

Canonical volume device: /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269

Accelerator volume devices:

Mountpoint path: /acfs_vol

Mount point owner:

Mount users:

Type: ACFS

Mount options:

Description:

ACFS file system is enabled

ACFS file system is individually enabled on nodes:

ACFS file system is individually disabled on nodes:

```
[root@rac-s1 ~]#
```

```
[root@rac-s1 ~]# srvctl stop filesystem -d /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269 -n rac-s2
```

```
[root@rac-s1 ~]# srvctl status filesystem -d /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269
```

ACFS file system /acfs_vol is mounted on nodes rac-s1

- When you restart secondary RAC, ACFS Secondary Filesystems will be mounted on both the nodes automatically.
- Ensure it will be mounted on only one node.
- We have started replication from Primary ACFS Filesystems using one of the cluster node.

Secondary RAC:

```
[oracle@rac-s1 ~]$ df -h | grep acfs  
/dev/asm/acfs_vol-269      19G 267M  19G  2% /acfs_vol
```

```
[oracle@rac-s2 ~]$ df -h | grep acfs  
/dev/asm/acfs_vol-269      19G 267M  19G  2% /acfs_vol
```

```
[root@rac-s2 ~]# srvctl stop filesystem -d /dev/asm/acfs_vol-269 -n rac-s2
```

```
[root@rac-s2 ~]# df -h  
Filesystem                Size      Used Avail Use% Mounted on  
/dev/mapper/vg_racs2-lv_root 77G    44G   30G   61% /  
tmpfs                      4.9G    1.3G   3.7G   26% /dev/shm  
/dev/sda1                  477M    56M   396M   13% /boot  
/dev/mapper/vg_racs2-lv_home 27G    2.2G   23G    9% /home  
[root@rac-s2 ~]#
```

Primary RAC:

```
[root@rac-p1 ~]# /sbin/acfsutil repl init primary -C -s oracle@rac-s1 -m /acfs_vol/ /acfs_vol/  
[root@rac-p1 ~]#
```

✓ Single table contains both internal (RDBMS) and external partitions

✓ Full functional support, such as partial indexing, partial read only, constraints, materialized views, etc.

✓ DBAs can now select which partitions should be held in the database for fast querying and updating, and which partitions can be made read only and stored in external partitions.

✓ These external partitions can be held on on-premises in standard files systems or HDFS.

✓ DBAs can also choose to place the data in cloud-based object stores, thereby 'stretching' tables to the cloud.

```
CREATE TABLE orders
```

```
(  
  order_id number,  
  order_date DATE  
)
```

```
EXTERNAL PARTITION ATTRIBUTES
```

```
(  
  TYPE oracle_loader  
  DEFAULT DIRECTORY data_directory  
  ACCESS PARAMETERS (FIELDS  
  TERMINATED BY ';')  
  REJECT LIMIT unlimited  
)
```

```
PARTITION BY RANGE(order_date)
```

```
(  
  partition q1_2020 values less than ('2019-  
  10-01')
```

```
EXTERNAL LOCATION
```

```
('order_q1_2020.txt'),  
  partition q2_2020 values less than ('2020-  
  01-01'),  
  partition q3_2020 values less than ('2020-  
  04-01'),  
  partition q4_2020 values less than ('2020-  
  07-01')  
);
```

- ❖ Always check My Oracle Support (MOS) Note 742060.1 for the latest schedule
- ❖ Oracle Database 11.2 Market Driven Support (MDS) Note 2728619.1
- ❖ Always use the latest version of Autoupgrade Download Note 2485457.1
- ❖ 19c Database Self-Guided Upgrade with Best Practices Note 1919.2
- ❖ Oracle Database 19c Important Recommended One-off Patches Note 555.1
- ❖ Data Pump Recommended Proactive Patches For 19.10 and Above Note 2819284.1
- ❖ Introducing Monthly Recommended Patches (MRPs) and FAQ Note 2898740.1
- ❖ Always check ACFS Support On OS Platforms (Certification Matrix) Note 1369107.1

Thanks for your TIME



Ravikumar.yenugula@infolob.com / yvrk1973@gmail.com



[@yvrk1973](https://twitter.com/yvrk1973)



<https://yvrk1973.blogspot.com>



<https://www.linkedin.com/in/yv-ravikumar>

