December 2021

#### **SUMMARY**

This report summarizes November 2021 groundwater storage, recharge, pumping, and level conditions for the Santa Clara Subbasin (including the Santa Clara Plain and Coyote Valley groundwater management areas) and the Llagas Subbasin.

Seasonal recovery has begun to stabilize or increase groundwater levels in most areas, but groundwater levels continue to decline in a few areas due to the drought and levels remain lower than those at this time last year. Valley Water has obtained emergency imported water supplies for additional recharge. Groundwater storage at the end of 2021 is projected to be in Stage 1 (Normal) of Valley Water's Water Shortage Contingency Plan.

- January to November managed recharge is 55% to 80% of the five-year average.
- January to October pumping is 103% to 127% of the five-year average.
- Groundwater index well water levels for November 2021 range from 3 to 14 feet lower than the November levels of 2020.

**Table 1. Summary of Current Groundwater Conditions** 

	Santa Clara	Llegge	
	Santa Clara Plain	Coyote Valley	Llagas Subbasin
November 2021 managed recharge estimate	4,200	1,400	1,300
YTD managed recharge estimate	31,900	12,900	14,800
YTD managed recharge as % of five- year average	55%	80%	74%
October 2021 pumping estimate	6,600	1,200	4,500
January to October pumping estimate	70,300	11,700	37,600
January to October pumping as % of five-year average	127%	125%	103%
Current index well groundwater levels compared to November of 2020	3 feet lower	3 feet lower	14 feet lower

All volumes are in acre-feet. All data is for 2021 except where noted. YTD = Year-to-date.



# **Groundwater Recharge**

- Figures 1, 2, and 3 show the cumulative managed recharge for 2021 compared to the average of the previous five years (2016 2020).
- Through November, managed recharge is lower in the Santa Clara Plain, Coyote Valley, and Llagas Subbasin than the average of the previous five years due to drought conditions and limited surface water supplies.
- Managed recharge depends on many factors, including water demand and availability, regulatory needs, groundwater storage, and facility maintenance.

Figure 1. Estimated Cumulative Managed Recharge in the Santa Clara Plain

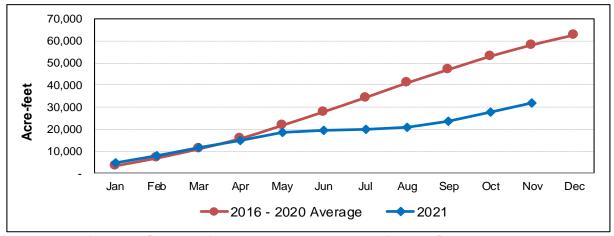


Figure 2. Estimated Cumulative Managed Recharge in the Coyote Valley

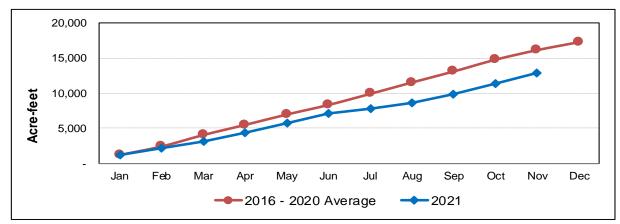
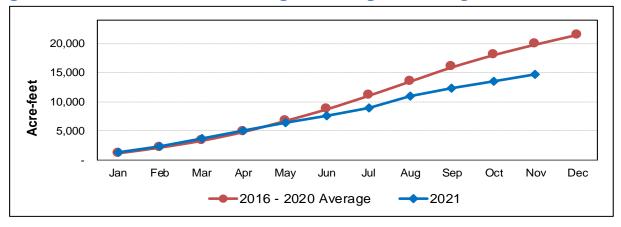


Figure 3. Estimated Cumulative Managed Recharge in the Llagas Subbasin



# **Groundwater Pumping**

- Figures 4, 5, and 6 show the cumulative groundwater pumping for 2021 compared to the average of the previous five years (2016 2020).
- Pumping estimates for January to October 2021 are based on monthly reporting pumping data and pumping data from water retailers. October is most recent available pumping.
- 2021 pumping to date is higher than the average of the previous five years in the Santa Clara Plain, Coyote Valley, and Llagas Subbasin.

Figure 4. Estimated Cumulative Santa Clara Plain Pumping

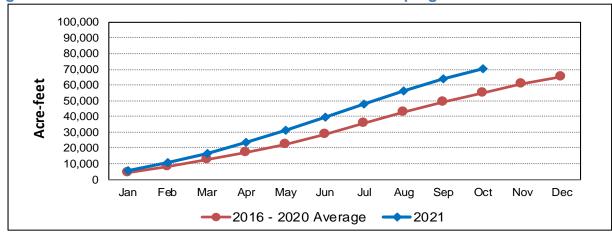


Figure 5. Estimated Cumulative Coyote Valley Pumping

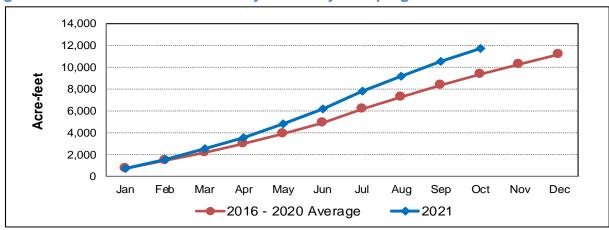
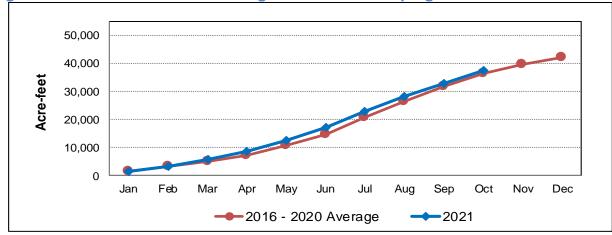


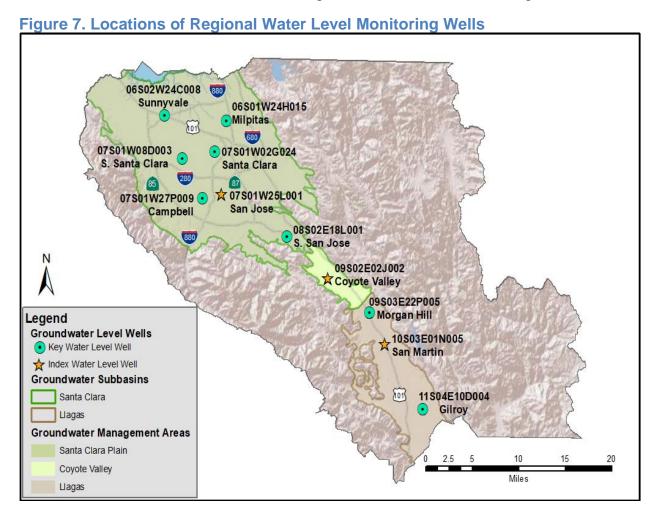
Figure 6. Estimated Cumulative Llagas Subbasin Pumping



### December 2021 Groundwater Condition Report

#### **Groundwater Levels**

Groundwater levels in most areas of the county have stabilized or increased slightly, a few areas had continued declines due to drought conditions. Table 2 summarizes current groundwater levels with historical comparisons for eleven key regional monitoring wells that are distributed across the three management areas, as shown in Figure 7.



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Table 2. Comparisons to November 2021 Depth to Water (DTW) in Regional Wells

			November 2021 DTW (feet) Compared to:			
Location	State Well ID	November 2021 DTW (feet)	October 2021	November 2020	Prior 5-year Average for November	Maximum DTW during 2012–2016 drought
Milpitas	06S01W24H015	-5 (artesian)	5	-10	-19	26
Sunnyvale	06S02W24C008	-28 (artesian)	0	-8	-10	7
San Jose	07S01W25L001	104	9	-3	-19	34
Santa Clara	07S01W02G024	48	1	-12	-34	43
S. Santa Clara	07S01W08D003	87	9	-11	-20	58
Campbell	07S01W27P009	144	17	0	-23	53
S. San Jose	08S02E18L001	33	0	-10	-10	37
Coyote Valley	09S02E02J002	23	2	-3	-5	15
Morgan Hill	09S03E22P005	68	3	-10	-11	28
San Martin	10S03E01N005	68	3	-14	-28	12
Gilroy	11S04E10D004	32	13	-10	-11	31

**Notes**: Negative values in the last 4 columns indicate current groundwater levels are lower than the comparison time. The maximum DTW during the 2012–2016 drought occurred between July 2014 and December 2015, depending on the well.

Figures 8 through 18 show ten-year hydrographs for each of the eleven regional monitoring wells.

Figure 8. Milpitas Well Hydrograph

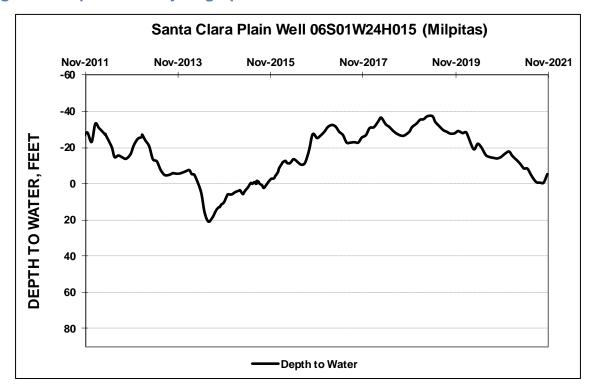


Figure 9. Sunnyvale Well Hydrograph

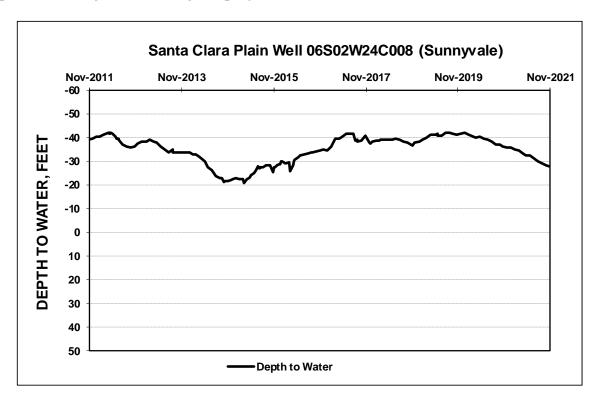


Figure 10. San Jose Well Hydrograph (Index Well for the Santa Clara Plain)

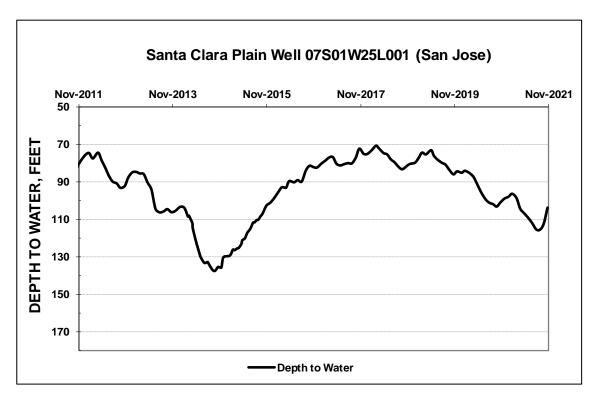


Figure 11. Santa Clara Well Hydrograph

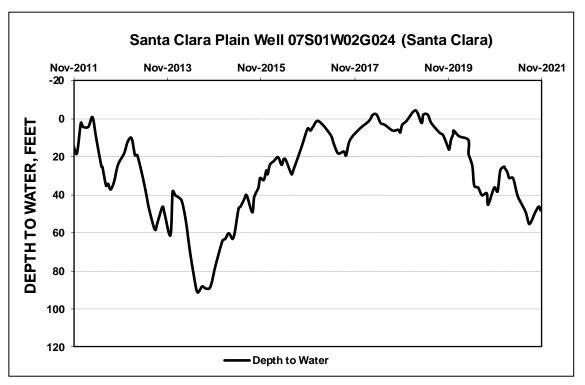


Figure 12. South Santa Clara Well Hydrograph

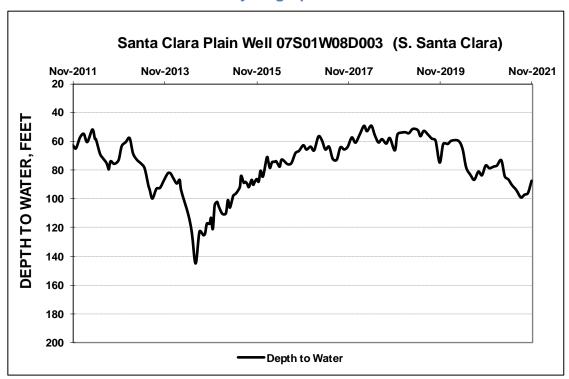
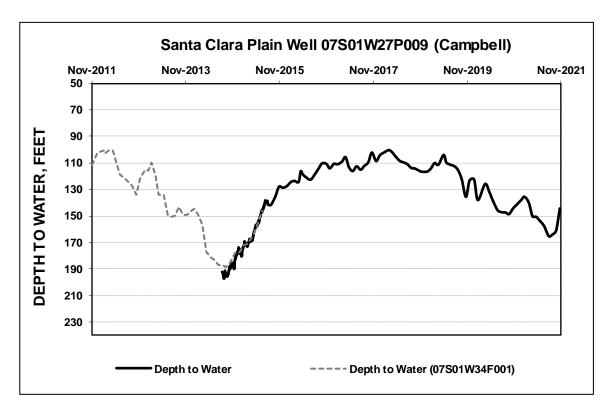


Figure 13. Campbell Well Hydrograph



The Campbell index well was replaced in August 2015 with a nearby well with similar water levels. Data in the chart prior to September 2014 is from the former index well (07S01W34F001).

Figure 14. South San Jose Well Hydrograph

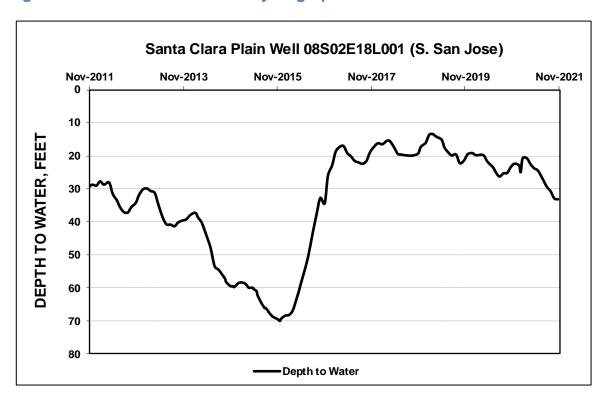


Figure 15. Coyote Valley Well Hydrograph (Index Well for the Coyote Valley)

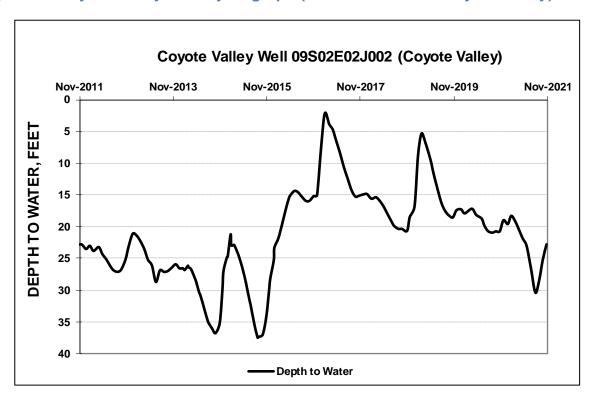


Figure 16. Morgan Hill Well Hydrograph

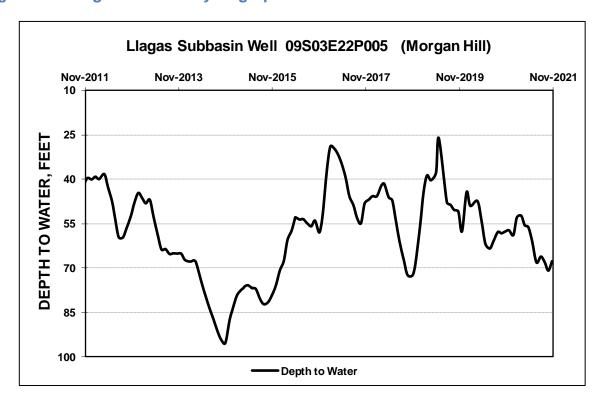


Figure 17. San Martin Well Hydrograph (Index Well for the Llagas Subbasin)

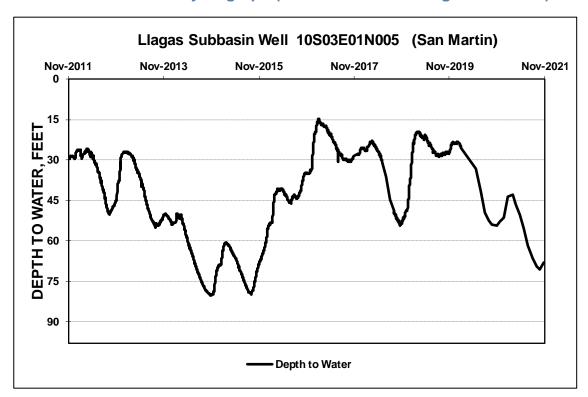


Figure 18. Gilroy Well Hydrograph

